

Project Completion Report

On
Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan of Rural Roads Component,
Under
“Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project (CHTRDP-II)”



Submitted by:

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Acronyms

ADB	: Asian Development Bank
ADRF	: Alternative Dispute Resolution Forum
AP	: Affected Person
BC	: Bituminous Carpeting
BDT	: Bangladeshi Taka
BRG	: Business Restoration Grant
CC	: Circle Chief
CCL	: Cash Compensation under Law
CHT	: Chittagong Hill Tracts
CHTRC	: Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council
CHTRDP	: Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project
CRO	: Chief Resettlement Officer
DC	: Deputy Commissioner
DPMO	: District Project Management Office
DRO	: District Resettlement Officer
EA	: Executing Agency
EP	: Entitled Person
FGD	: Focus Group Discussion
FPIC	: Free, Prior and Informed Consent
GoB	: Government of Bangladesh
GRC	: Grievance Redress Committee
HBB	: Herring Brick Bone
HDC	: Hill District Council
HH	: Household
IA	: Implementing Agency
INGO	: Implementing NGO
IGA	: Income Generation Activities
ILRP	: Income Livelihood Restoration Training
IP	: Indigenous People
LAO	: Land Acquisition Officer
LAP	: Land Acquisition Plan
LAR	: Land Acquisition and Resettlement
LARAEC	: Land Acquisition and Resettlement Assessment/ Estimation Committee
LARF	: Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework
LARP	: Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan
LGED	: Local Government Engineering Department
LMS	: Land Market Survey
LO	: Land Officer
MAD	: Micro-Agribusiness Development
MARV	: Maximum Allowable Replacement Value
MoCHTA	: Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tract Affairs
MV	: Market Value
NGO	: Non-Government Organization
PCJSS	: Parbattya Chattagram Jana Sanghanti Samity
PD	: Project Director
PIC	: Project Implementation Consultants
PMO	: Project Management Office
PVAT	: Property Valuation Assessment Team

PVS	: Property Valuation Survey
RAC	: Resettlement Advisory Committee
RCC	: Reinforcement Cement Carpeting
RCG	: Re-Construction Grant
INGO	: Resettlement NGO
RoW	: Right-of-Way
SAP	: Severely Affected Person
SES	: Socio-economic Survey
SPS	: Safeguards Policy Statement (ADB 2009)
SQMC	: Safeguards and Quality Monitoring Cell
USD	: US Dollar

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Infrequent geographical environment, cultivation methods, agro production, ethnic pluralism, diversified cultural populations, challenging communication etc. has distinguished CHT from the rest of the country. For too long the region was deprived of development due to trembling socio-political circumstances. Village folks of the remote areas have been suffering from most of the facilities available. The RR Component under CHTRDP-II continued marking development autograph in the sector of communication proposes to better rural societies where the unprivileged ethnic communities are in fair environment to have education, health services and fair price for their agricultural products.

The history urges attentions to have a recon up on the loan agreement for Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project-II (CHTRDP-II) on 2nd October 2011 (Loan No. 2763-BAN, Project No. 42248-013) between Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh (GoB) and Asian Development Bank (ADB). The agreement came into effect on 13 December 2011 following which the Project Management Office (PMO) was established in Rangamati. The Project aimed contributes to the reduction of social and economic poverty among rural people, including indigenous people and poor women in the three CHT districts, namely Khagrachari, Rangamati and Bandarban.

After following necessary process and procedures Taungya was recruited as Implementing NGO- INGO by Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs- MoCHTA on 20 August 2013 for implementing the Component B (Rural Roads) through concentrated facilitation for land acquisition and resettlement process of the three Deputy Commissioner offices maintaining unremitting dexterity & communication with Project Management Office- PMO, District Project Management Offices- DPMOs, Hill District Councils-HDCs and other concerned Govt. departments- Local Government Engineering Department- LGED, Forest Department- FD, Public Welfare Department- PWD etc. It was INGO's sole responsibilities to facilitate the overall Land Acquisition and Resettlement (LAR) process and for assisting the Project Management Office (PMO) to prepare and implementation of 'Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan' (LARP) for each of the 29 roads at the beginning but only could work for 17 sub-projects out of 29. Taungya took over the alignment of 22 sub-projects (first one was on 14 November, 2013 and last one was 8 November 2017) from LGED but continued its service only for 17 the rest 5 were cancelled after alignment handover by LGED and remaining 7 subprojects before. So, 12 out of 29 sub-projects remained incomplete during the reporting period. LGED is on track to construct 85.70 km. roads. Mentionable that as per LARPs to construct 83.774 km roads out of 85.70 km. land acquisition was essential and to construct rest 1.926 km. roads no land acquisition were necessary since it was donated by the communities. However, compensation distributed in 8 sub-projects, compensation budget of 6 sub-projects has been transferred to DC offices and rests 3 are still at *Award Book* preparation stage and DC office of Bandarban is at the phase of preparing compensation budget.

The Project was planned to implement through five components and RR component were implemented by INGO and LGED. Ministry of CHT Affairs (MoCHTA) is the executing agency of the project is responsible for overall project implementation. Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council (CHTRC) is Lead Implementing Agency of Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project CHTRDP-II and the Local Government Engineering Department (LGED) is the implementing agency for rural roads component-B and Taungya played role of facilitator in LAR process nonetheless.

INGO including other concerned stakeholders was capacitated and well sensitized by PMO on certain issues like, ADB safe guard policies, IP issues, environment, gender, land acquisition and resettlement etc. to manage and understand implementation of component B.

However, to manage project activities Taungya set up three district project offices at three hill districts. The office were managed by concerned District Project Officers- DPOs and Project Manager- PM. INGO senior management team visited project sites from Head Office (Rangamati) to monitor project progress, trouble

shooting, consultation, attend meetings etc. as per schedule work plan. However, the two district project offices were closed at the end of 2018 and INGO staff carried out their duties from Rangamati office which was a challenge to cover the other district sub-projects.

INGO embarked on implementation of LAR as per provided guidelines, policies and project framework. The LAR implementation methodology or process was accomplished in the following three stages- *a. Land Acquisition Plan (LAP) Preparation, b. Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan (LARP) Preparation and c. Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan (LARP) Implementation.* INGO sincerely carried out its dedicated responsibilities following the cross cutting issue on gender and environment issues from its part. There was constrain and challenges to execute the LARPs but mitigation measures were taken as per guideline of the project.

The project targeted to bring impact on increasing in rural household incomes in sub-projects areas in CHT. The key performance is to increase in average annual household income in sub-project areas by BDT 20,000.00 from BDT 63,000.00 in 2010. The outcome of the project is to increase income generating opportunities for men and women in the sub-project areas.

The project acquired more than 129.3621 acres (title-51.9913 acres, customary- 77.3708 acres), 245 structures and 84093 trees .There found 1141 HHs (Male-1706 & female- 1037) who were affected from the project. More than 76,654 individuals (male-40,228 and female-36,426) were benefited out of 16,954 benefiting households. The project implemented in three hill districts which covered 11 upazilas, 20 unions, 28 mouzas 89 villages. The affected communities are- Chakma, Marma, Tripura, Tanchangya, Bawm and Bangali.

During the INGO contact period, affected communities of only eight sub-projects were compensated in four types of loss- lands (customary and title), crops, structure and trees. So, as per Cash Compensation under Law-CCL total 655 entitled person-EPs were compensated out of 807 EPs and the rest 152 did not receive CCL due to lack of proper land documents/land dispute etc. However, the 655 EPs were compensated total BDT 12, 87, 39,445.42 which budget was BDT 17 2,120,420.38. Then again, 322 out of 337 EPs of 8 sub-projects were supported with additional grants. They received total BDT 9,661,092.43 out of BDT 9,819,648.65. The progress is 98.39% during the end of INGO project contract with MoCHTA.

As per the LARP, Taungya prepared two Income Restoration Plans for the poor and Severely Affected People/ Household (SAPs/HHs). The plans have been prepared based on the Need assessment Survey (NAS) report which conducted earlier the plans prepared. Accordingly the plans implemented in due times. The plans benefited more than 57 households.

During the implementation of the sub-projects, Taungya monitored its every step from planning to implementation and according to that prepared its monthly/quarterly/annual reports for PMO, Project Implementation Committee- PIC and Safeguards and Quality Monitoring Cell - SQMC. The experts provided support with preparing LARPs, ILRPs, LARP completion reports etc. as per contract with INGO. Besides collection of project impact cases, video documentation of pre construction condition of the affected villages, sketch map preparation with super imposing, project data collection was carried out on regular basis.

A post implementation survey and a social impact assessment survey were carried out on overall socioeconomic status of the affected people/households of two sub-projects. The reports found majority affected families have been increased better income than the pre-project period. The detail information is presented in different sections and tables in this report.

As per the survey it has been identified that the EPs of the sub-projects particularly those who received compensation able to increase their income for the cash benefits.

The project had small amount of procurement at INGO part which has been processed and managed as per guideline of organization policy and after project ends submitted to PMO as per ToR. Total approved budget for procurement of engine boat, motor bike including registration, laptop, desktop computer, digital camera, video camera, furniture and fixture, laser jet printer, fuel for engine boat and bike and maintenance of engine boat and bike was BDT 2,045,440 and INGO expensed BDT 2,042,640.

As per LoA with MoCHTA, INGO managed its financial issues on budget revision and negotiation with MoCHTA. The contracted/approved budget for RR component was BDT 28756273 (USD: 352,057.19; USD 1= BDT 79.62/ Date 20 January 2013) which was revised into BDT: 33,878,021.00(USD: 418,506.79; USD 1= BDT 80.94/ Date 26 November 2017). The approved amount finally becomes **BDT 29,455,670** (subtracting 15% Vat). INGO expended the amount throughout the 5 years and 11 months project period even it was carried out in the two times no cost extension.

1.1. Introduction and Background:

Chittagong Hill Tracts is located in the South-East region of Bangladesh. The region is comprised of three hill districts namely-Rangamati, Khagrachari and Bandarban with a mixed of hilly and plain area of 13,295 sq. km and 1.7 million populations. The distinctive feature of geographical context, topographical differences, socio-economical life & livelihood, diversified ethnicity with cultural pluralism, uncommon cultivation tradition, communication approach, marketization phenomenon etc. are vividly apart from rest of the country. Since the dawn of Bangladesh the region has been initiated to develop in many sectors. Particularly the initiatives were strengthened after Peace Accord in 1997. Besides government, many development agencies in partnership with the local NGOs have been working to improve socio-economical, health, education, eco-cultural that is overall communities' life and livelihoods. However, communication improvement which is one of the major challenges for CHT development remained untouched for long time due to budget and great technical support. But it was the most crucial development interventions that local peoples needed for improving their living and livelihood because principle occupation of the major local communities is agriculture. Economical life of most of the rural communities habitually depends on agricultural production and marketization. But due to vary poor and difficult communication systems rural folks always suffer not only from marketization of agricultural products but also proper health service, education facilities, alternative livelihood options, other various services from governments and non governments services. The impact of the situation is clear in social, economical, health, education, and livelihoods etc. situation of the rural peoples of the region.

After successful completion of CHTRDP- Phase I, Phase II was initiated from 2011-2012. The Government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh (GOB) and Asian Development Bank (ADB) signed the loan agreement for Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project-II (CHTRDP-II) on 2nd October 2011 (Loan No. 2763-BAN, Project No. 42248-013). The agreement came into effect on 13 December 2011 following which the Project Management Office (PMO) was established in Rangamati. The Project aimed contributes to the reduction of social and economic poverty among rural people, including indigenous people and poor women in the three CHT districts. The ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs (MoCHTA) is the executing agency (EA) and is responsible for the overall project implementation. CHTRC is the lead implementing agency (LIA) with the hill district councils of Rangamati, Khagrachari and Bandarban districts as the implementing agencies (IA) in the respective districts. Project Management Office (PMO) headed by Project Director (PD) has been established in Rangamati to manage and closely coordinate project activities across all agencies. District Project Management Office (DPMO) was also established in each of the three hill districts for inclusive project management, coordination and support to provide direct report to PD, PMO, Rangamati.

1.2. Project Components:

There are 5 (five) components under Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project-II which are as follows:

- a) Institutional Development and Capacity Building
- b) Rural Roads (Component B)
- c) Community Infrastructure
- d) Micro-agribusiness Development
- e) Project Management

a). Institutional Development and Capacity Building: Main responsibilities of the component was to initiate capacity building training for the officials of MoCHTA, CHTRC, LGED, hill district councils and concerned

NGOs in the area of - **i)**. Indigenous peoples and safeguards issues; **ii)**. Village mapping and **iii)**. Project management & organizational improvement.

b). Rural Roads (Component B): The component aimed to upgrade & improve around 166 km. rural roads together with culverts & bridges and to extent 3 functional buildings for Office of the Executive Engineers under LGED in Rangamati, Khagrachari and Bandarban. Developments of LARPs for the sub-projects, implement LARPs and prepare LARP completion report, develop Income Livelihood Restoration Plans base on need assessment and implement those to support capacity building of the severely affected persons and increase their HH income were major assignment of the INGO. Anyway, support to ensure compensation and additional grants with proper assessment and verification of affected communities' properties, facilitate need base community consultation following ADB guidelines and policies were routine tasks of the INGO.

c). Community Infrastructure: Three major activities under this component are- **i)**. Watershed management; **ii)**. Construct village feeder roads/ paths between and within villages; and **iii)**. Small irrigation systems and water resource interventions. However, project watershed investment are public works and not intended to benefit any household, although off course the benefits of implementing water and soil conservation measures will be accrued at the HH level both in the watershed and downstream of the watershed. The roads and network around them define the project area where investments in infrastructure that will promote livelihood intensification and diversification will also be provided. Improved access and livelihood interventions will contribute to reduce income poverty in the rural area of CHT.

d). Micro-agribusiness Development: The component is also comprised of three major activities- **i)**. Capacity building in relation to identification and exploitation of potential high-yield commodities especially vegetables, medicinal plants, orchids (emblica officinalis, mango & litchi) and pond fisheries; **ii)**. Establishment of common interest groups to market commodities; and **iii)**. Improving cultivation of high yield commodities in 9 upazila.

e). Project Management: The component focuses on **i)**. Establishment and operation of PMO, DPMOs and PD (RR) office; **ii)**. Provision of technical and implementation experts from project implementation consultants; and **iii)**. Establishment and operation of safeguards and quality monitoring cell within the PMO.

Component B (RR) was implemented in the three hill districts covering 11 upazila, 20 unions and 28 mouzas. The component was implemented by LGED in assistance of INGO (Taungya) for land acquisition and resettlement process facilitation of the three DC offices maintaining unremitting dexterity & communication with PMO, DPMOs, HDCs and other concerned Govt. departments. Taungya under ToR with MoCHTA and guidance & direct supervision of PMO continuously facilitated the LAR process for five years 11 months project period in the three hill districts. Anyway, the component like other components has certain objectives to accomplish as per LoA with MoCHTA.

1.3. Project Objectives:

The objectives of the component B/RR component are-

- Improve overall access situation and to facilitate agriculture production and marketing in the Chittagong Hill Tracts (CHT) through construction/reconstruction of the upazila and union roads including appurtenant structures;
- Reduce the incidence of absolute properties among the rural population among the CHT through developing the physical infrastructure and expanding income and employment generating opportunities that would substantially raise the standards of the living of the landless and small marginal farmers;

- Create employment opportunities for the rural poor through construction of physical infrastructure under the project and
- Encourage indigenous people’s participation in the construction activities.

1.4. Implementation Arrangements of the Project:

MoCHTA is the project’s Executing Agency (EA) while the Chittagong Hill Tracts Regional Council-CHTRC is the Lead Implementing Agency (LIA). LGED is responsible for the Output B – Rural Roads (RR) - and the Hill District Councils of Rangamati, Khagrachari and Bandarban Districts are the Implementing agencies (IA) in their respective districts.

1.5. History of Involvement/Processing:

Taungya involvement with the process of resettlement planning and implementation had come to an effect from 20 August 2013 after a formal contract signed between Taungya and MoCHTA. For details see **Annexure No- 3**. Taungya is to work under the supervision of the Project Director of the Project Management Office (PMO), under the guidance and in collaboration with the Chief Resettlement Officer of respective Hill District Council (HDC), district LGED engineers and Social Safeguard and Resettlement Specialist of PIC. Brief information of project involvement is given in the table below-

Table No- 3: Involvement of INGO in the Component B

Activities	Status	Remarks
EOI Publication	18 December 2012	The EoI was shared through e-mail communication
Submission of Technical and Financial Proposal	20 January 2013	Hard copy was submitted
Contract & Negotiation	16 July 2013	Contract & Negotiation was held in Dhaka with MoCHTA and Taungya
Contract Agreement Signed	20 August 2013	Contract Agreement Signed in Dhaka with MoCHTA and Taungya
Contracted/Approved Budget for RR Component	Original BDT : 28,756,273.00 USD : 352, 057.19	1USD = BDT 79.62 Date- 20 January’13
Revised Amount of Contract	BDT : 33,878,021 USD : 418,506.79	1USD = BDT 80.94 Date -26 November’17
Project Tenure	First Tenure: 25 July 2013 to 17 August 2017	-----
	Second Tenure: 25 July’ 17 to 31 December’18	Second Tenure: No cost extension
	Third Tenure: 1 January’ 19 to 30 June’ 19	Third Tenure: No cost extension.

1.6. Scope of Works/ToR:

ToR of INGO and MoCHTA is attached in the **Annexure No- 1**. So only synopsis of the ToR with major work mandate is mentioned here-

As per the project management manual of the CHTRDP-II and TOR of the contract with MOCHTA, The Taungya (INGO) was contracted to complete the following tasks. They are summarized in the below:

- a. Facilitate and assist in the different steps of the LAR implementation process; from socio-economic survey to compensation, relocation and income generation
- b. Facilitate in the redress of the grievances cases from the communities and the APS.
- c. Formulate/prepare the LARPs under the overall guidance of the Resettlement Specialist and PMO/DPMO.
- d. Facilitate the PMO/DPMO and other relevant institutional agents in the effective implementation of the LAR activities.
- e. Prepare an 'information disclosure plan' for each sub-project under the RR and take initiative for their proper dissemination and disclosure among all the relevant stakeholders and general public.
- f. Set up pertinent monitoring formats, supervision and reporting mechanism and for the LAR activities with the full participation of the communities
- g. Finally and most importantly, ensure the full participation and consultation of the communities and affected persons in the LAR activities by following the principles and modalities of the FPIC.

However, the above tasks are summarized in the following three parts which have been followed in different stages of LARP planning to implementation by the INGO.

1.7. Description of RR Component:

Three hill districts of CHT are apart from the rest of the country for its geographical context, socio-economic dynamics, diversified ethnic cultures, distinguished cultivation methods, living and livelihoods, eco-culture, political unrest situation and complicated communication status etc. Life of the rural communities basically depends of agricultural production in CHT. But lack of transportation and road communication facility most of the producers are deprived from being paid of fair price for their products. Similarly education facility, medical treatment facility, livelihood options are very limited for the rural folks. So, rural roads construction initiatives of the government definitely added new dimension for the life of the poor village inhabitants.

RR component was implemented by LGED in support of land acquisition and resettlement facilitation by INGO. Activities of the component was guided by four major objectives and INGO dedicatedly approaches to facilitate land acquisition and resettlement process through close coordination with RC, HDCs, PMO, DPMOs, LGED, DC offices, FD, PWD, elected bodies of upazila parishads & union parishads, traditional leaders and above all affected communities of the sub-projects.

As per plan of component B under CHTRDP-II Project there was scheduled improvements to 75 km. of upazila roads and construction of 6,069 linear meters of bridges and culverts. But as it was revised and in the revised project design, provision was made for improvements to 69 km. of upazila roads, 200 km. of union roads and construction of 4,450 linear meters of bridges and culverts. Total 30.85 km. upazila road with 22 bridges and 54.85 km union road with 11 bridges were constructed during the reporting period. Finally 85.7 km. long roads were constructed and INGO facilitated in the LAR process of the construction.

The major upazila and union roads linking various areas to markets, and service (educational, medical) and administrative centers are fundamental for improving rural access. Rural roads are being implemented by LGED through its district level offices, with oversight and top supervision from the lead implementing agency (CHTRC) and project management office (PMO) based at Rangamati which headed by the PD-PMO.

Activities included: (i) upgrading and /or rehabilitation of union and upazila roads; (ii) construction of new union and upazila roads.

The total road length to be constructed under component B was 166 km. of which (a) 105 km. of union road; (b) 61 km. of upazila roads and (c) 3,384 m of structure (comprising bridges and culverts). Of the total proposed length of 166 km. of upazila and union roads, 43% of the roads are to be in Bandarban, 32 % Rangamati and 25% in Khagrachari. This is in accordance with the existing road network density of each district which is to be enhanced accordingly by the Project.

Though, the component B (Rural Roads) involved substantive ‘land acquisition and resettlement’ (LAR) as part of the planned was to construct as many as 29 roads across in the three hill districts to be detailed in a Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan (LARP) and implementation for each road as of the reporting period, Taungya took over the alignment of 21 roads in different date and times. But, from them 4 sub-projects were deferred due to security reason for 2 sub-projects, 1 for environmental cause and 1 for cause of alignment change. So, Taungya finally implemented the “Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan” (LARP) in total 17 sub-projects. The sub-projects are- 6 in Rangamati Hill District, 3 in Khagrachari Hill District and 8 in Bandarban Hill District. They are of 3 types: **1.** Herring Brick Bone- HBB road (31.14 km.) **2.** Bituminous Carpeting- BC road (52.253 km.) and **3.** Reinforcement Cement Concrete - CC road (381 meters).

The implementing 17 sub-projects covered in total 11 upazilas, 20 unions, 28 mouzas and 89 villages over the three hill districts. The project benefited more than 223 villages and 76,654 individuals (male-40,228 & female-36,426) out of 16,954 households. The following table demonstrates the cancelled list of sub-projects that are in this concern-

Table No- 1: Cancelled Sub –projects List

Sl.	District wise sub-project Name	Total handed over Sub-projects	Sub-projects cancelled after hand over
Rangamati Hill District			
1	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Lakichari via Barmachari Road	√	-----
2	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-1)	√	-----
3	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-2)	√	-----
4	Betbunia Chairy Bazar –Bara Aualia Santir Hat Road	√	-----
5	Marishay Bazar to Mainimukh Bazar via Babupara Bottoli, Dhakkin Saroatali Road , Part-1	√	-----
6	Marishay Bazar to Mainimukh Bazar via Babupara Bottoli, Dhakkin Saroatali Road, Part-2	√	-----
7	Bohachattar Union-Gonamor Road	√	√
8	Upazia Sadar-Horina Bazar via Bottoli and Morghona Road	√	√
9	Longadu- Manimukh GC Road	√	√
Khagrachari Hill District			
10	Panchari – Bhaibonchara via Shantipur Arunya Kuthir Road	√	-----
11	Sindukchhari Union HQ- Dullahtali GC Road	√	-----
12	Garitana GC- Batnatali Union HQ Road	√	-----
13	Bengchhari Union Headquarter Ajoddah Bazar Road	√	√
Bandarban Hill District			

Sl.	District wise sub-project Name	Total handed over Sub-projects	Sub-projects cancelled after hand over
14	Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road	√	-----
15	Raicha –Goaliakhola Road	√	-----
16	Naikhongchari-Tumbru Road (Part-1)	√	-----
17	Naikhongchari-Tumbru Road (Part-2)	√	-----
18	Lama-Ruposhi para Road (Bridge & Approach)	√	-----
19	Baniarchar-Gojalia Road (Road & structure)	√	-----
20	Holudia– Vaggyakul Tonkabati Road	√	-----
21	Pan Bazar– Chokhyng Tripura Para Kolar Jiri Road	√	-----
22	Roangsoni-Bengchari Road (Cancelled)	√	√
	Total =	22	5

To complete the LAR process and construct target rural roads, lands were acquired, structures were to damage and trees were to cut down. INGO facilitated to arrange joint verification, feasibility study visit and value assessment by the FC, PWD and LA Section under DC offices. It has been found that APs of two sub-projects did not claimed compensation for their affected trees. Summary of the implemented LARPs are given in the table below-

Table No- 2: Implemented LARPs- At a glance

Sl.	Description	Unit	Quantity	Remarks
1.	Sub-project	Total	Nos	17
		Rangamati	Nos	6
		Khagrachari	Nos	3
		Bandarban	Nos	8
2.	Total Length	Upazila Road	km.	30.85
		Union Road	km.	54.85
3.	Total Bridges	Upazila Road	Nos	22
		Union Road	Nos	11
4.	Acquired Land by Ownership	Total	Acre	129.3621
		Title	Acre	51.9913
		Customary	Acre	77.3708
5.	Acquired Land by Classification	Total	Acre	129.3621
		Paddy Land	Acre	30.847
		Orchard/ Homestead	Acre	24.7591
		Hill/ Hill Slops	Acre	73.756
5.	Affected Households	Households	Nos	1,141
6.	Affected Population	Total	Person	5,348
		Male	Person	2,731
		Female	Person	2,617
7.	Affected Population by Ethnicity	Chakma	Person	1,860
		Marma	Person	918
		Tripura	Person	114
		Tanchangya	Person	92
		Bawm	Person	12
		Mro	person	32

Sl.	Description	Unit	Quantity	Remarks
	Bangali	Person	2,320	
8.	Acquired Trees	Nos	84,093	
9.	Acquired Structures	Total	245	
		Pucca House	Nos	39
		Mud House	Nos	22
		Bamboo House	Nos	115
		Wood House	Nos	24
		Tin House	Nos	45
10.	Affected Entitled Persons	Total	1,290	
		Chakma	Person	493
		Marma	Person	285
		Tripura	Person	22
		Tanchangya	Person	23
		Bawm	Person	3
		Bengali	Person	464
11.	Total Coverage by	Upazila	Nos	11
		Union	Nos	20
		Mouza	Nos	28
		Village	Nos	49
12.	Total Beneficiaries	Total	76,654	
		Male	Person	40,228
		Female	Person	36,426

2.1. Vision and Mission of INGO (Taungya):

Special feature of the organization / Mission: Taungya believes in cultural pluralism and basic rights of all peoples and communities.

Cultural Pluralism: The organization has members from various indigenous peoples of Chittagong Hill Tracts and from among the Bengali-speaking residents of CHT. The members are in various professions, i.e. educationists, cultural activists, journalists, lawyers, physicians, engineers, businesspeople, etc. IT believes in the rights of all peoples, and seeks to help protect the culture and rights of those indigenous peoples with small populations.

Self-Reliance: Taungya believes that programmes on socio-economic activities can bring sustainable and culturally appropriate progress in the long run only through local self-reliant initiatives. It therefore, believes in having a clear exit strategy prior to making any project interventions. It works only with the consent of communities and is totally against creating unsustainable external dependencies.

Community Empowerment: It believes in strengthening the CHT communities, especially those who live in “remote” areas. It is respectful towards the strong communitarian traditions of the indigenous peoples and promotes cooperative and collective efforts by drawing upon ancient indigenous customs and traditions while employing modern day information technology wherever appropriate and available.

Equity: It strongly believes in human rights and the principle of equity. It promotes eradication of racial and religious discrimination and the eradication of discrimination against women. It tries to address the needs of socially and physically disadvantaged groups. It also seeks to respect different generations and the rights of children.

Vision of Taungya: In order to ensure that Taungya is successful in achieving its stated goals it is important that Taungya has a fair idea of the likely nature of social, cultural and economic changes in the coming years and decades. These developments will no doubt be both positive and negative. Other changes will be value-neutral or combine aspects of both positive and negative elements. We intend to keep these likely developments in mind when planning any type of interventions. Some changes seem almost inevitable. These include improvements in transport and communications, advances in communications technology, easier marketing of farm produce, and greater social mobility. On the positive side we see better prices for farmers, greater access to health services and education, greater gender sensitivity and cheaper and more accessible tele and cyber communications. On the negative side, we see rising differences of income, land alienation of indigenous communities, marginalization of poor farmers and unskilled labourers, ethnic and class conflicts, food insecurity and environmental degradation (including deforestation and mining activities). Other changes include in-migration and out-migration, greater social mobility, greater social interaction between different ethnic and religious groups, further urbanization, etc. The above permutations are based on the assumption that the forces of globalization will continue to shape economic policies in Bangladesh and lead to the faster monetization and marketisation of the CHT.

Even if the process of globalization that is currently taking place is weakened or reversed in the near future, we feel that the CHT will still continue to be integrated into the Bangladeshi market. This is because the CHT is still rich in natural resources. Therefore, it is of the utmost importance to ensure that CHT society can achieve at least moderate success in human development. Without educational progress, social and economic progress will not be possible, and the people of the CHT will continue to be marginalized politically as well. Thereby, their cultural integrity will also be threatened.

We mention many areas in our policy goals, but we are aware that it is not possible for Taungya to work on all or even most of the aforesaid issues in the next few years. Therefore, our Action Plan will fine-tune in on our proposed activities in the short, middle and long terms. We are aware that priorities may also change over time.

Taungya intends to be a catalyst towards the articulation of the development perspectives of the people of the CHT and their views on indigenous culture and environment, among other things. Therefore, it is important that Taungya's work has an impact on the greatest number of people possible. However, Taungya realizes that given the shortcomings of a voluntary organization, it will not be possible to be in direct contact with the entire population of the CHT. Therefore, the emphasis will be to combine efforts aimed at reaching the greatest number of people directly, through specific projects and dialogues, and through indirect means such as networking with other organizations and through its research and advocacy activities. Formal and informal publications will play a key role in this regard.

Anyway, as per the stipulations of contract with MoCHTA, Taungya was responsible for assisting the Project Management Office (PMO) to prepare the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan (LARP) for each of the 17 roads, detailing the overall LAR process and implementation of the LARPs.

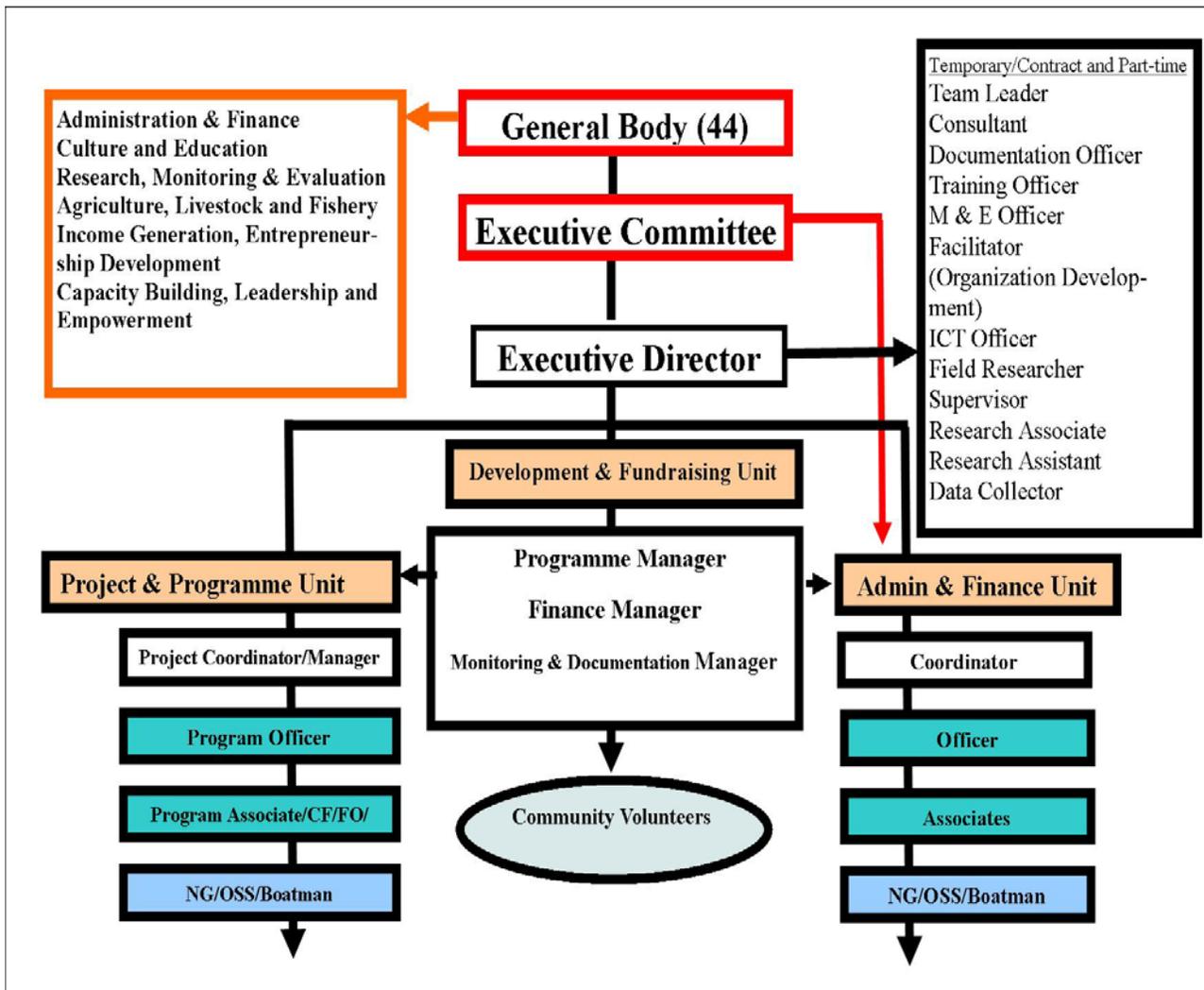
The Resettlement Implementation NGO (INGO) worked for 5 years 9 months duration under the supervision of the chief Resettlement Officer of the Project Management Office (PMO), under the guidance of the Project Implementation Consultant (PIC) Social Safeguards Specialist, and directly with the District PMO team to prepare and implement sub-project resettlement plans. All Plans were prepared in accordance with the project Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (March 2011) and following the examples prepared during early 2011.

Each LARP covered all impacts of the respective sub-project road or other infrastructure where LARP preparation is triggered. All LARP's, prepared against the initial lay-out of LGED, updated once the contractor has prepared a final design.

2.2. Organization Management Setup:

INGO, Taungya poses orderly management structure according to its constitution. The management structures are divided into three layers- **a.** Governing Body, **b.** Executive Committee and Development and **c.** Development & Fund Raising Unit. The GB and EC are advised by a Panel of Advisors who have national and local recognition. The GB is comprised of 41 members who are recognized personnel in the district and region. Taungya also developed a pool of resource persons in the field of advocacy, capacity building, policy development, gender and gender base violence, natural resource management, customary laws, research, study etc. However, EC is comprised of 11 members, chaired by honorable Chakma Raja Barrister Devasish Roy who is also the Chair of the GB. The Development & Fund Raising Unit is convened by ED, Programme Manager, Monitoring & Documentation Manager and Finance Manager. The Unit plays active role under guidance of EC coordinated by ED. INGO approved final Organogram is shared below:

CHART NO 1: ORGANOGRAM OF INGO (TAUNGYA)



2.3. Project Management Setup:

The Component B of CHTRDP-II project has been implemented through intensive coordination and communication with the different GoB departments and local government institutions. INGO, as implementation facilitating organization maintained cooperative approach towards all the project components. Hence, attending meeting, mission visit, marching on trouble shooting, survey, feasibility study, visiting DC offices, district LGED offices, district PWD offices, district FD offices, union Parishad, upazila Parishad, HDCs, RC, headmen, karbaries etc. and PMO for coordination, rapport, communication, sharing etc was regular or routine works for the RR project staff.

2.4. Team Composition:

INGO formed the project team at the dawn of the project implementation in accordance with the guidelines of technical proposal with few replacements of staff latter. The project team members were appointed as per project proposal during the project proposal submission. All the staff including the Key Experts had specific roles and responsibilities to carry out on the basis of contracted time allocation that had been supervised by the INGO senior management. In accordance with technical proposal, component B had two types of staff

engagement in INGO part. Team Leader/Resettlement Specialist, Social Impact Specialist and Income Restoration Specialist served as key staff/ intermediate manner and MDO, DPO, DFF, Admin Associate, Boat Driver and Security Night Guard led by PM as non-key staff. District project activities were supervised under direct guidance of PM whereas PM also played double role as PM and DPO of Rangamati district. District level coordination with DPMOs, concerned government offices, local government institutions etc. was maintained by respective DPOs and PM coordinated with PMO, RC etc. under supervision of ED, Taungya. INGO incepted the following core staff, at least a quarter of whom women including three specialists. The following notes about duties and responsibilities of the key experts represent a snapshot of their engagement in the component B-

Team Leader, Resettlement Specialist: Major roles of TL were to provide consultation support to the affected communities. During the consultation, the appointed TLs disseminated concerned policies and entitlements under LARP; assessed the possible impacts of land acquisition and resettlement and amount of land & assets of the communities might be affected; ensured participation of all sections of people such as mandatory representation of women. Made certain that preparation of a super imposed sketch map with any prominent landmarks and land ownership along its length including the names of affected persons; Ensured preparation of LARP including alternative strategies to avoid or minimize impacts. Liaised with affected communities and made them understand their entitlements under LARP and informing of resettlement milestones e.g. receipt of compensation, date of any trees and structures to be cleared from an alignment, date for handing over of cleared alignment to contractors.

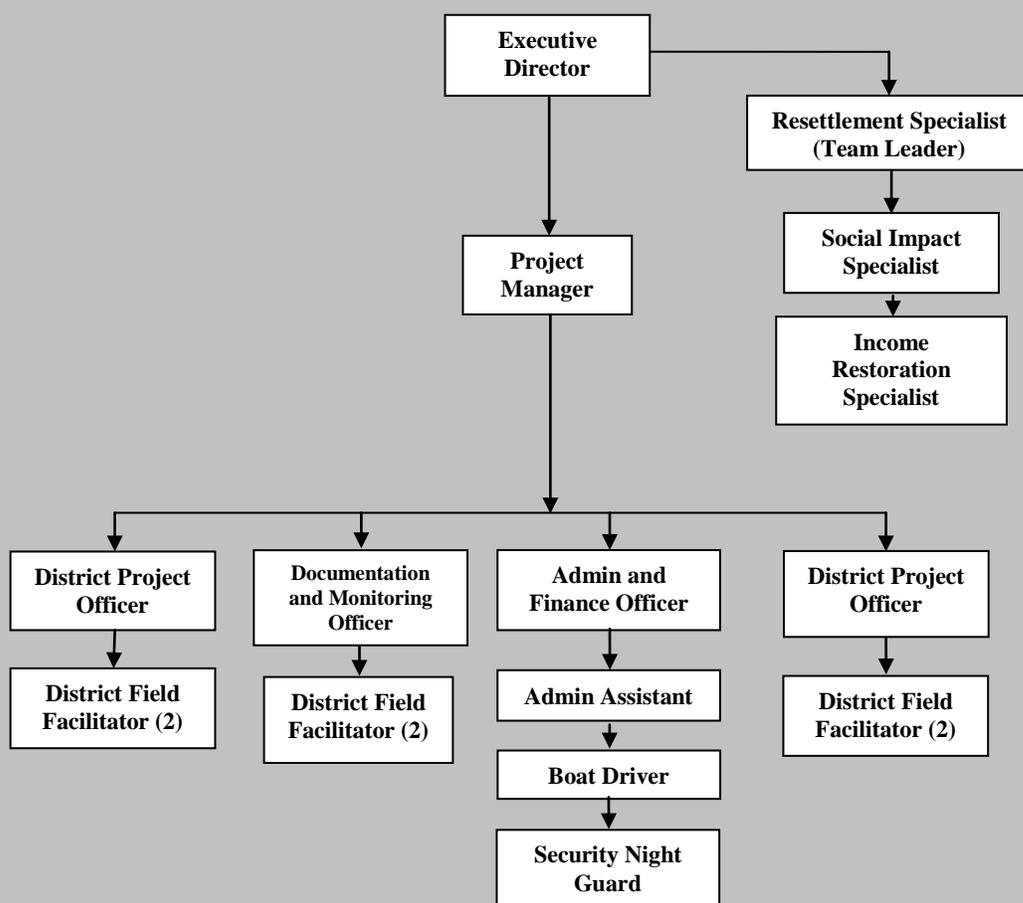
Social Impact Specialist: Principle responsibilities of the SIS were to generate socio-economic profile of the affected community/ communities; to conduct socio- economic impacts survey of the sub- projects including changes in access, travel time etc. carry out survey of households/paras by the road of the sub-projects with current distance from the main road; arrange inventory of loss (land, structures, trees, crops, impacts on livelihood if appropriate) for each affected person; ensure information collection as necessary to provide the relevant data tables for the LARP; consultation with affected community; to carry out responsibilities to disseminate policy and entitlements to APs under LARP; to assess possible impacts of land acquisition and resettlement and amount of land and assets of the community might be affected; to ensure participation of all sections of people, such as mandatory women's representation; maintain coordination with LGED and affected communities; liaison with affected communities and make them understand their entitlements under LARP and informing of resettlement milestones e.g. receipt of compensation, date of any trees and structures to be cleared from an alignment, date for handing over of cleared alignment to contractors etc.

Income Restoration Specialist: Income Restoration Specialist was responsible to deliver certain contracted outputs of the RR component. Mentionable role of IRS were- to develop necessary formats for need assessment survey; to ensure need assessment of income livelihood restoration of the APs. Prepare ILRP and implement it in the sub-projects with a completion report. Support to organize need base technical capacity building training for the SAPs engaging technical resources from the GoB line departments. Support to TL to conduct community consultation on need basis.

However, the experts provided their service on basis of contract duration besides other project staff which details is attached in the **Annexure No-15** Team Composition and Assignment of Key-Experts and Non Key-Experts Input

According to ToR, the INGO had the provision to recruit the following staff. **Chart No- 2** shows the detail of staff provision:

Chart No 2: Staffing Chart of Taungya (R-NGO) of the project of Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project-II



Finally, all the project Key and Non-Key staff had contractual service contract with INGO. Detail including tenure of recruited staffs shown in the table below:

Table No- 4: Staff Employment and Job Tenure

Key Experts						
Sl.	Name of Staff	Designation	Input in Person/Month	Input Month & Days	Remaining Input	Remaining Input/Days
1	Ashok Kumar Chakma	Team Leader/ Resettlement Specialist	33.5	4	1	
	Rani Yan Yan			15.5		
	Pranajit Dewan			14		
2	Chanchu Chakma	Income Restoration Specialist	53	53		
3	Kishore Tanchangya	Social Impact Specialist	21	5		
	Ranabir Chakma			16		
Non- Key Experts						
1	Biplob Chakma	Executive Director	76	73	3	

Sl.	Name of Staff	Designation	Input in Person/Month	Input Month & Days	Remaining Input	Remaining Input/Days
2	Bimalendu Chakma	Project Manager	23	23	0	
	Reetesh Roy	Project Manager	50	47	3	
3	Reetesh Roy	District Project Officer, Khagrachari	26	26	0	
	Tanak Chakma	District Project Officer, Khagrachari	48	45	3	
4	Rupayan Chakma	District Project Officer, Bandarban	60	60	0	
5	Jhinu Chakma	Monitoring and Documentation Officer	52	52		
	Palash Khisa	Monitoring and Documentation Officer	4.84	4.84		
6	Jenny Chakma	Admin and Finance Officer	76	73	3	
7	Tanak Chakma	District Field Facilitator, Khagrachari	25	25	1	
	Victor Chakma	District Field Facilitator, Khagrachari	48	45	3	
8	Sonarika Chakma	District Field Facilitator, Khagrachari	63.05	63.05	0	
9	Khanos Chakma	District Field Facilitator, Rangamati	76	73	0	
10	Papiya Chakma	District Field Facilitator, Rangamati	52	52		
	Joya Chakma	District Field Facilitator, Rangamati	16.84	13.84	3	
11	Atanu Dewan	District Field Facilitator, Bandarban	76	73	3	
12	Minu Chakma	District Field Facilitator, Khagrachari	64.39	64.39	0	
13	Prabal Chakma	Admin Associate	76	73	3	
14	Pramesh Chakma	Boat Driver	69.5	69.5	0	
15	Gyana Priya Chakma	Security Guard	69.5	69.5	0	

To undertake sub-project LAR activities Taungya set up three District Project Offices at three hill districts. Office of Rangamati was located at the Head Office of Taungya. The district project offices were led by District Project Officers while Project Manager and MDO, RR component, assigned at Rangamati Office. So, PM was also assigned as DPO for Rangamati district. However, DPOs were supported and assisted by DFFs in their respective posted duty station. Project offices location is given in the following Table-

Table No- 5: INGO District Project Offices of RR Component

Contact Address	Project	Contact Person
Head Office Kalyanpur, Rangamati	General	Biplob Chakma Executive Director Phone: 0351-62111 Cell: 01732921151
Project Office (CHTRDP-II) Marma Samsad Bhaban Pankyapara, Khagrachari	CHTRDP-II (Resettlement and Land Acquisition)	Tanak Chakma District Project Officer Cell: 01820433341

Project Office (CHTRDP-II) Balaghata, Bandarban Sadar Bandarban	CHTRDP-II (Resettlement and Land Acquisition)	Rupayan Chakma District Project Officer Cell: 01834795113
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2.5. Staff Capacity Building:

The CHTRDP –II project component B implementation needed capacity building of the project staff. Firstly, the activities involved in the component were totally new for the INGO (In fact no NGOs in CHT worked on LAR with ADB before); secondly, it required much knowledge on government LA process and procedures, LAP, LAR, Social Safeguard Policy of ADB, IP issues etc. All the trainings were organized and documented by PMO at the very beginning of the project. No certificates were provided to the participants for the trainings. Anyway, the trained staff latter supported the INGO to implement and accomplish the assigned tasks with their knowledge which were enriched through practical experience during the project cycles. It would better to arrange refresher for the trainings on need basis as the project covered nearly six years long time frame. INGO was fortunate not to have much staff drop out during the project implementation where there was a great possibility considering tremendous botheration in concerned stakeholders mobilization.

Before full engagement all the recruited programme staffs were capacitated on CHTRDP-II Project, Land Acquisition and Resettlement, Consultation and Participation (ADR) and Grievance Mechanism, Alternative Dispute Resolution Forum (ADRF), Environmental and Social Safeguards, Land Acquisition and Resettlement Implementation, Land Acquisition Resettlement Plan(LARP) Implementation, Resettlement Safeguard, LAP preparation, LARP Preparation, LARP Implementation and ADB Social Safeguards Policy. The trainings were a day to maximum 2 days long. It would better to arrange the training with sufficient field trips and adequate simulations of certain critical issues to understand better. The table below provides concise information of staff training during the project period.

Table No- 6: Staff Capacity Building Information

Date	Venue	Agenda	Remarks
19 September 2013	ASHIKA Outlet & Resource Center, Outer Stadium, Rajbari, Rangamati	Orientation on CHTRDP-II Project	PM,=1 DPOs,= 2 MDO= 1 DFFs= 6
26-27 September 2013	ASHIKA Outlet & Resource Center, Outer Stadium, Rajbari, Rangamati	Orientation on Land Acquisition and Resettlement (Based on Project Resettlement Guideline)	Do
2 October 2013	ASHIKA Outlet & Resource Center, Outer Stadium, Rajbari, Rangamati	Consultation and Participation (ADR) and Grievance Mechanism	Do
6 October 2013	ASHIKA Outlet & Resource Center, Outer Stadium, Rajbari, Rangamati	Training on Alternative Dispute Resolution Forum (ADRF)	Do
26 April 2014	ASHIKA Outlet & Resource Center, Outer Stadium, Rajbari, Rangamati	Training on Orientation on Environmental and Social Safeguards	Do
27 April 2014	ASHIKA Outlet & Resource Center, Outer Stadium, Rajbari, Rangamati	Training on Land Acquisition and Resettlement Implementation	Do
7-8 November 2014	Project Management Office (PMO), North Kalindipur, Rangamati	Training on Land Acquisition Resettlement Plan(LARP) Implementation	Do
23 December	Rangamati District Sport	Training on Resettlement Safeguard	Do

Date	Venue	Agenda	Remarks
2015	Association Hall Room		
25 February 2016	Project Management Office (PMO), North Kalindipur, Rangamati.	Training on LAP preparation, LARP Preparation, LARP Implementation	Do
8 November 2018	ASHIKA conference Hall, New Market, Rangamati	Training on ADB Social Safeguards Policy	Do

CHAPTER- 3: IMPLEMENTATION PROCEDURES

3.1. Role of Multi Organizations/GoB Structures:

As it has been mentioned before that responsibility of overall project execution has been assigned to MoCHTA that is it is the executing agency of the CHTRDP-II Project and CHTRC played role of Lead Implementing Agency with three hill district councils as implementing agencies in their respective districts. PMO was established to manage and closely coordinate project activities across all agencies. District Project Management Office (DPMO) was also established in each of the three hill districts for inclusive project management, coordination and support to provide direct report to PD, PMO at Rangamati. Anyway, INGO played facilitative role in LAR implementation process through maintaining intense coordination, continuous communication and liaison with the all stakeholders involved.

3.2. Project Area/Location:

The Component B (RR) is implemented in the three hill districts of CHT that covered 11 upazila, 20 unions, 28 mouza and 89 villages through 17 sub-projects. INGO engaged in the approved & handed over sub-projects by LGED. So the 17 sub-projects sites were selected by the executing agency prior recommendation by LGED & PMO. The table below represents a snapshot of the project location of Component B-

Table No- 7: Project Location of the Component B

Sl.	Name of Sub-project	District	Upazila	Union	Mouza
1.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Lakichari via Barmachari Road	Rangamati District	Kawkhali	Betbunia & Fatikchari	95 No. Kawkhali
2.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-1)	Rangamati District	Kaptai	2 No. Raikhali	321 No. Raikhali
3.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-2)	Rangamati District	Kaptai	2 No. Raikhali	321 No. Raikhali
4.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar –Bara Aoulia Santir Hat Road	Rangamati District	Kawkhali	Betbunia	95 No. Kashkhali
5.	Marishay Bazar (Upazila Sadar) Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara Bottoli, Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-1)	Rangamati District	Baghaichari	30 No. Saroatali	384 No. Saroatali
6.	Marishay Bazar (Upazila Sadar) Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara Bottoli, Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-2)	Rangamati District	Baghaichari	Baghaichari Sadar and Saroatali	Marishya, Baghaichari and Saroatali
7.	Panchari – Bhaibonchara GC via Shantipur ArunyaKuthirRoad	Khagrachari District	Panchari	Ultachari	Choto Panchari
8.	Sindukchari Union HQ-Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road	Khagrachari District	Lokkchhari	3 No. Sindukchari	215 No. Dabalchari & 216 No. Goyeichari
9.	Garitana GC-Batnatali Union HQ via Jogyachola Bazar	Khagrachari District	Mankhari	3 No. Jogyachola & Patachara	1 & 2 No. Kalapani, 8 No. Patachara
10.	Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road	Bandarban District	Ruma	2 No. Ruma	356 No. Poli
11.	Raicha –Goaliakhola Road	Bandarban District	Bandarban Sadar	Bandarban Sadar	313 No. Bandarban
12.	Naikhongchari-Tumbru (Part-1)	Bandarban District	Naikhongchari	Sonaichari & Gumdum	Reju
13.	Naikhongchari-Tumbru (Part-2)	Bandarban District	Naikhongchari	Gumdum	Reju, Tumbru and Gumdum
14.	Lama-Ruposhi Para Road (Bridge & Approach)	Bandarban District	Lama	Ruposhi Para	294 No. Dor Dari , 298 Langkhoyong
15.	Baniarchar-Gojalia Road (Road & structure)	Bandarban District	Lama	Gojalia and Faithong	306 No. Faithong & 305 Gojalia

Sl.	Name of Sub-project	District	Upazila	Union	Mouza
16.	Haludia- Vaggyakul Tankabati Road	Bandarban District	Bandarban Sadar	Sualok and Tankabati	314 Sualok, 315 Ranikhyong, 308 Uttar Hangor
17.	Panbazar Chokyang Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road	Bandarban District	Alikodom	Alikodom Sadar	291 No. Tainfa

3.4. Work Schedule:

As per the ToR, and methodology of the proposal, the main activities could be identified in five stages: inception, preparation and planning, relocation, resettlement and monitoring and reporting. For each stage, Work Plan schedules for the main activities have been outlined with the tentative timeframe with year-wise deliverables all over the five years and 11 months of the project. Notable that there was certain period of work plan at the beginning of the project but after the end of first contract tenure from 25 July 2013 to 17 August 2017, it was decided to continue the project from 25 July 2017 to 31 December 2018 and 1st January 2019 to 30 June 2019. So, the submitted work plan (with technical and financial proposal) ends with the first tenure and there were no initiatives undertaken to develop activities plan for the rest of the two contract period. As a result INGO developed the Work Plan for the second and third tenure maintaining the accomplished and remaining track record of the first one. So INGO continued its project activities following the incomplete tasks on need and priority basis. The details of work plan (covering the total 5 years 11 months) and staff input/time are given in the- Annexure-16, Annexure-17.

3.5. Implementation Procedures/Modality:

Implementation of component B was full with challenges and constrains which differ from that of LAR plans and assumed timeline in the LARPs. Continuity of the accomplishment of tasks always tripped over due to timely response from concerned departments. The LARP implementation was the hardest part for INGO as all the tasks were impacted by the concerned offices. Anyway, ToR initiated assignment was to facilitate 29 sub-projects in the three hill districts but only 17 of it was handed over by the LGED. Taungya finally ends up with 17 sub-projects during the five years and 11 months project duration.

On the way of implementation INGO became serious observer, careful consultancy agency, sociable coordinator and organization of strategic facilitator on the issue of safe guard policy of ADB, IP policy, gender and environment concern. To ensure its effective role, Taungya exercised community level meetings, FGDs and individual communications for consultation on the safe guard policy of ADB and IP policy in LAR process. Safe guard policy of ADB affirmed compensation and resettlement of the APs in the sub-projects. Moreover, the IP policy ensured proper compensation against affected customary lands of the rural and poor ethnic communities in the remote areas of CHT. INGO promoted gender related issue of component B in ADRF and GRC formation, consultation meeting arrangements through minimum 30% participation of women.

It is one of the major issues in rural roads construction that the activities must not affect ecological environment which may cause serious negative impact in ecological circumstances. The RR component promoted and ensured safe and secured roads construction concerning ecological environment in the implemented 17 sub-projects. To affirm this one proposed sub-project (Bohachattar Union-Gonamor Road) was cancelled during the project implementation. The reason was that the proposed road alignment was planned to cross route of wild elephants and other wild animals of that area which would seriously affect the endangered species and ecological balance.

The assigned tasks of the ToR with MoCHTA can be summarized in the following three parts which have been followed in different stages of LARP planning to implementation by the INGO:

- A. Land Acquisition Plan Preparation (LAP)
- B. Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan preparation (LARP)
- C. Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan (LARP) implementation

A. Land Acquisition Plan (LAP) Preparation:

Each LAP involved intensive survey on land and relevant losses. It extended to a land acquisition and resettlement plan as well. Before preparing the LAPs, Taungya drove reconnaissance visit each project sites. Then hold community consultation meeting as much as needed in the project for broad community support. During the preparation of each LARP, the LGED engineer accompanied Taungya's team members to each proposed road site and walked for pointing out anticipated land acquisition needs, including areas where earth works to correct slopes and gradients are likely to have been necessary. LGED also advised the team on the likely road type, width and the location of any bridges along the alignment. Then, Taungya prepared a sketch map with super imposing for each LARP.

The INGO Team Leader/Resettlement Specialist led the initial meetings with each affected community and disseminated the policy and entitlement principles of LAR Framework so that stakeholders understand both the anticipated impacts of the project and the process for undertaking land acquisition and resettlement. An outline of these community meetings have been minute, including the names of those presents and any question asked and their answers, any issues raised, and the outcomes of discussions. The team ensured all sections of the relevant community are represented at the community meeting, including women and all ethnic groups. However, in accordance with the principle of "meaningful consultation" and "free, prior and informed consent" as stated in ADB policy on indigenous peoples, the Taungya had conducted broad level consultations with the affected communities in the sub-project areas. To ensure effective participation of the affected communities, Taungya has made certain that i) concerned communities are well informed about the possible impacts of sub-projects well before starting the project; ii) consultations take place in the forms of public meetings; iii) all project related information must be disseminated in easy language e.g. Bangla and applicable local languages and dialects; iv) active participation of the affected persons, with a particular attention to women and youth; v) participation of traditional leaders and local NGOs. There were 70 consultation meetings recorded but INGO supported the affected communities with more than that in manner of individual discussion and during the field visit trips. Anyway, the meetings were documented through meeting minutes and still photographs. To comply with ADB's indigenous people's policy, it must have been made explicit during the meetings that each affected community is asked for its consent to the project, particularly those losing land. Given such consent, have been recorded with signatures and witness. Further tasks included:

- a) Preparation of a super imposed sketch map of the proposed alignment with any prominent landmarks indicated and land ownership along its length including the names of affected persons.
- b) Map showing the location of the sub-project road within the districts.
- c) A brief description of the environment along the alignment including any suggested strategies to avoid or minimize impacts.
- d) Video and photo inventory of each area of impact to correctly record the status of land and assets in case of future disputes.

Moreover, during the consultation meetings, INGO declared the cut of date of each sub-projects for carrying out the Socio Economic Survey (SES) in regard to preparing the Land Acquisition Plan and Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan. Latter the collected data was compiled to produce the Inventory of Loss (IOL) and then prepared a Land Acquisition Plan (LAP) which had been submitted to PMO duly. So far the reporting period the INGO completed in total 17 LARPs. However, INGO arranged total of 70 consultation meetings for the 17 sub-projects during the project period. Brief information of the meetings are given below-

Table No- 8: Number of Consultation Meetings Arranged so far in all Sub-projects

Sl.	Sub-project Name	Number of Meetings
1.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road	12
2.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road	3
3.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)	4
4.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II)	3
5.	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-I)	4
6.	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-II)	3
7.	Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road	11
8.	Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road	4
9.	Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road	3
10.	Raicha-Goaliakhola Road	2
11.	Holudia- Vaggakul-Tankabati Road	3
12.	Baniarchar- Gozalia Road	3
13.	Lama-Rupashi Para Road	3
14.	Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road	3
15.	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-I)	3
16.	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)	3
17.	Ruma Sadar- Ruma Bazar Road (bridge & approach)	3
Total =		70

B. Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan (LARP) Preparation:

Taungya engaged an experience survey team to undertake a detail Socio Economic Survey (SES) /IOL as well as a market survey of the affected properties to determine replacement value. All the Socio Economic Survey (SES) of all sub-projects was conducted with a structured questionnaire format which is annexed as annexure-3. Before conducting the SES, the field enumerators consulted documents and maps provided by the local LGED office.

The primary data have mainly been collected from head of the project-affected households (HHs) through house to house survey. The collected data provided a Loss of Inventory (IOL). The survey team took Geographical Positioning System (GPS) coordination and audio-video recording along the alignment of all sub-projects. The communities/APs were aware prior about the Socio Economic Survey (SES) and consultation meetings through written notice served by INGO/traditional leader/public representative/person to person contact. The meetings hold suitable places referred by the community and Affected People (APs).

All these community meetings have been minute, including the names of those presents and any question asked and their answers, any issues raised and the outcomes of the discussions.

LARF endorses 17 entitlements for the project (component-B). In its inception period Taungya, prepared a format to input the data relevant to each entitlement. According to that Taungya compiled the data collected by SES in that structured format. Then analyzed the data according to the LARP tables present in the sample ‘‘Sapchari’’ LARP prepared by Project Preparatory Technical Assistance (PPTA). According to that Taungya prepared all 17 LARPs and submitted to PMO duly. Each LARP included all types of losses, budget and detail LAR process from Socio Economic Survey (SES) to LARP implementation.

During consultation meetings at least one Alternative Dispute Resolution Forum (ADRF) consisting of five members including 2 female members each of all sub-projects was formed in terms of meeting the grievance if arisen out the APs. The APs received their respective copies of the summary Bangla version of the LARP which narrated about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB’s IP issues etc. In regard to putting grievance process before the ADRF, Taungya put some banners in public gathering places of the sub-project sites. Then, the Affected People (APs) were gathered in FGDs and learnt the process putting of grievance case. The ADRF faced some simple nature of disputes from the Affected People (APs) which were solved in due course. No serious grievance case arose before the ADRF, GRC and RAC. The detail of the Alternative Dispute Resolution Forums (ADRFs) formed so far in all sub-projects shown in table-8 below.

Table No- 9: Number of Alternative Dispute Resolution Forum (ADRF) formed so far in all sub-projects

Sl.	Name of Sub-project	Number of ADRF
1.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road	2
2.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road	1
3.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)	1
4.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II)	1
5.	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-I)	1
6.	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-II)	2
7.	Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road	1
8.	Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road	2
9.	Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road	1
10.	Raicha-Goaliakhola Road	1
11.	Holudia- Vaggakul-Tankabati Road	2
12.	Baniarchar- Gozalia Road	2
13.	Lama- Rupashi Para Road	1
14.	Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road	1
15.	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-I)	2
16.	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)	2
17.	Ruma Sadar- Ruma Bazar Road (bridge & approach)	1
	Total =	24

The entire LAR process had been carried out with extensive consultation and participation of the Affected Peoples (APs) and other stakeholders. For elaborating of this LAR process numbers of consultation meetings and Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) were held. The details of the consultation meetings and FGDs are presented in the following table-

Table No- 10: Number of Focus Group Discussions Arranged so far in All Sub-projects

Sl.	Name of Sub- project	No. of Arranged FGD
1.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road	5
2.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthal HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)	3
3.	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthal HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II)	1
4.	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road	4
5.	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-I)	1
6.	Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road	8
7.	Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road	4
8.	Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road	3
9.	Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road	1
10.	Raicha-Goaliakhola Road	1
11.	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road, Part-I (Road & Structure)	3
12.	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road, Part-II (Road & Structure)	2
13.	Lama-Rupashi Para Road (Road & Structure)	3
14.	Baniarchar- Gozalia Road	2
15.	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-II)	5
16.	Holudia Vagyakul Tankabati Road	3
17.	Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road	2
Total		51

The consultation meetings and Focus Group Discussions (FGD) involved the communities, APs, traditional leaders, public representatives and others disseminating the information about the project CHTRDP-II, implementing agencies, ADB SPS-2009, entitlements, grievance mechanism, relocation and income restoration and other relevant issues. Before finalization of the LARP of each sub-project, Taungya disclosed the information (IOL and ABD's SPS-2009) to the Affected Peoples (APs) for ensuring the Free- Prior Inform Consent FPIC.

LARP included institutional arrangement in all LAR process, LAR policy, community consultation mechanism, entitlement including safeguard issues, grievance redress mechanism, implementation schedule, resettlement budget, monitoring mechanism including indicators and supervision, relocation and income restoration mechanism etc.

C. Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan (LARP) Implementation:

In the LARP implementation stages, under the guidance of PMO/DPMO, Taungya had been involved in close contact with respective DC offices, PWD, Forest departments, different project implementation committees and APs.

In this stage Taungya gone through series of LAR process. Taungya involved different field visits (feasibility study, land ownership verification, land acquisition notice, joint verification, structure and tree valuation, cash compensation under law notice (CCL) serve etc.) with DC office, PWD, forest Department etc. As the implementation NGO, Taungya facilitated the overall LARP implementation process as well all visits from the acquiring body to Affected People (APs).

In between the above process, Taungya helped the DC officials to prepare the field book and award book. Then followed up the DC officials to the various steps of the finalization of the award book and facilitate EPs to get compensation.

Prior finalization of the Award Book by concerned LA Section, Taungya arranged information disclosure to the Affected People (APs) for second time. Afterwards, Taungya congregated the Affected People (APs) in different Focus Group discussions (FGDs) for elaborating the compensation payment process and make them aware about their preparation with relevant documents for compensation receiving. Then INGO prepared all the necessary papers (Application, Entitled Persons' (EP) file, Identification Card (ID) and Entitlement Card (EC) etc. of the Affected People (APs).

In a nutshell to facilitate the total PARP process INGO went through the following major 25 steps of work sequence for each sub-project. The steps are as follows-

Table No- 11: LAR implementation Steps followed by INGO

Steps in Sequence	Activity Head
	Preliminary Tasks
1	Alignment handover by LGED: (Sketch map, installed demarcation pillars) handover (LGED) at sub project site
2	Conduct Socio-economic base line survey: - inventory of losses- land, tree and structure- (time bound action plan is 2 months including LARP) prescribed format provided by PMO
3	Mouza map collection and develop map: from concerned DC office (hard copy) then project team develop the map in tracing papers
4	Supper imposing of the sketch maps, GPS tracking, alignment video recording
5	Data analysis and prepare LARP
6	Prepare mouza map & DAG SUCHI on tracing paper
7	Conduct LAREC meeting at concerned HDC
	Complex Part
8	LA Proposal submission to concerned DC: (as per law of 1958 of land acquisition, BD)
9	Arrange Feasibility Study for Land acquisition: (possibility of land acquisition) visit conducted by concerned ADC Revenue
10	Arrange Land Allocation Meeting at concerned DC Office
11	Facilitate land ownership verification visit : (by LA Section of LA Branch of concerned DC Office)
12	Issue <i>Notice Under section-3</i> by concerned DC
13	Joint Verification Visit by LA Section facilitated by Taungya
14	Tree Valuation visit by FD
15	Structure valuation visit by PWD
16	Crops valuation visit by concerned agriculture office
17	Prepare <i>Award Book</i> by LA Section DC office
18	Issue <i>Notice Under Section-7</i> by DC
19	Compensation distribution by DC
	Final Completion
20	Organize PVAT meeting:
21	Additional Grants and Resettlement Benefit Distribution by CH-HDC, organized by Taungya

22	Prepare <i>Income Livelihood Restoration Plan</i> by - Taungya
23	Arrange <i>Income Livelihood Restoration Training</i> for the most vulnerable affected persons
24	Prepare LARP Completion Report by Taungya
25	Follow up Activities by Taungya

Following the above process, Taungya implemented 10 sub-projects in complete manner, 3 are in partially and the rest 4 are remaining in different steps in the respective DC offices. The detail of 17 sub-projects is show in the **Annexure No- 14: Land Acquisition & Resettlement Plan Status.**

Grievance redress procedures: One of the big challenges for the resettlement program of this project was to address potential grievances properly. In cases, where the affected persons are not satisfied with the entitlements or compensation packages, Taungya facilitated the establishment of proper mechanisms to address such grievances of the communities. Such mechanisms are:

- Following a gazette notification from MoCHTA, *Grievance Redress Committees* were formed at Union levels headed by Chairman of HDC, while other members include representative of DC office, LO, HDC, representative Headmen Association, concerned UP Chairman or Ward Member and a representative from the APs at least one female and a representative of INGO project staff as member secretary. Taungya staffs received complaints and submit to GRC for resolution. As per the Executive Order of MoCHTA one GRC was formed to address dispute in Betbunia Chairy Bazar–Laxmichari via Barmachari Road sub-project.
- As far as the complaints were concerned with common property resources, customary rules has been given due consideration, when necessary advice has been sought from traditional leaders like Karbaries, Headmen and Circle Chiefs.

Resettlement: This stage is the most important to ensure proper compensations to affected persons or communities. As per the ToR, project implementation consultants (PIC) at PMO and Taungya hired experts Resettlement Specialist (RS), Social Impact Specialist (SIS) will prepare a LAR implementation plan, which were approved by PD.

To implement LARP, a payment modality was also prepared and approved by PD, PMO. Taungya has facilitated DC offices and HDCs to distribute compensation and additional grants distribution as per the work plans agreed between PMO/DPMOs and Taungya.

Resettlement or compensation to seriously affected persons (SAP) and communities has been followed by income restoration schemes to offset their losses – physical or economic. In this regard, the Income Restoration Specialist has provided necessary inputs that are capacity building training and linkage with the loaner agencies with the SAPs to draw up income restoration plan with suitable livelihoods options and budget.

As part of overall LARP implementation, the additional grants and resettlement benefits had been paid to the Affected People (APs) by Hill Districts Councils (HDCs). The details of the payment of additional grants and resettlement benefits shown in the Table No. 12 below-

Table No- 12: Status of CCL Payment Details of Sub-projects

1. Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	52	45	7	86.54	212	205	94.59%	20,755,260.95	20,267,166.45	97.65%
Land (Customary)	60	60	0	100						
Structure	19	19	0	100						
Trees	94	91	3	96.81						

2. Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	10	0	10	0%	55	40	72.72%	14,998,511.31	12,938,246.61	86.26%
Land (Customary)	43	38	5	88.37%						
Structure	4	4	0	100%						
Trees	0	0	0	0						

3. Raicha-Goaliakhola Road										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	1	1	0	100%	1	1	100.00%	4,544,903.08	4,544,903.08	100.00%
Land (Customary)	1	1	0	100%						
Crops	1	1	0	100%						
Structure	1	1	0	100%						
Trees	1	1	0	100%						

4. Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	7	2	5	29%	37	30	81.08%	4369072.55	3308510.92	75.73%
Land (Customary)	23	22	1	96%						
Crops	0	0	0	0%						
Structure	3	3	0	100%						
Trees	19	18	1	95%						

5. Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthal HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	33	19	14	57.57%	142	121	85.21%	37520814.94	2,15,57,052.04	57.45%
Land (Customary)	40	0	0	0%						
Crops	0	0	0	0%						
Structure	2	1	1	50%						
Trees	40	1	39	2.50%						

6. Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarotoli Road (Part-I)										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	22	21	1	95%	81	78	96.30%	37,691,094.75	30,304,099.99	80.40%
Land (Customary)	43	43	0%	100%						
Crops	0	0	0	0%						
Structure	9	8	1	89%						
Trees	63	62	1	99%						

7. Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	35	23	12	65.71%	103	90	87.38%	1,15,66,111.96	1,08,34,111.96	93.67%
Land (Customary)	47	47	0	100%						
Crops	0	0	0	0%						
Structure	28	27	1	96.43%						
Trees	49	49	0	100%						

8. Bethunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road										
Category of loses	Physical Progress				Total EPs identified	No. of EPs paid	Progress in %	Total Budget (BDT) of sub-project	Total Compensation Paid	Progress in %
	Total EPs	Paid EPs	Unpaid EPs	Progress in %						
Land (Title)	15	5	10	33%	57	47	82.46%	4,06,74,650.84	24,985,354.46	61.43%
Land (Customary)	33	33	0	100%						
Crops	0	0	0							
Structure	9	9	0	100%						
Trees	0	0	0							

3.6. Brief Description of Sub-projects:

The 17 LARPs are in different stages in regard to implementation progress done so far the contract period. The LARPs preparation were commenced from the activities of alignment handover by LGED, then the LARPs were finalized at INGO part then forwarded to PMO after review at PMO those were forwarded to ADB concurrence then INGO started implementing the LARPs in three hill districts. District wise brief information of the LARPs and present status is attached in the **Annexure 12: District Wise Sub-projects Details & Annexure 13: Present Status of 17 Sub-projects**. Anyway, district-wise sub-projects' implementation status narrated in the below:

A. Brief Description of Sub-projects in Rangamati District:

1. Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road- Alignment with sketch map of the road was handed over to INGO (Taungya) on 14 November 2013 by LGED. The length of this HBB road is 6.00 km. with 7.3 m width including one 42 meters long RCC bridge on Dabua River and another 25 meters long RCC girder-bridge on Dupchari streams. After taking over the road alignment, Taungya carried out a reconnaissance visit through the alignment on 23 November 2013 and organized two project inception meetings in two places. Data collection for Socio Economic Survey (SES) and cut of date of SES was also shared during the meetings. Socio Economic Survey (SES) was started from 1 January 2014. Primary data was collected from the project affected households using a structural questionnaire. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared the LARP for this sub-project which was submitted to PMO on 6 August 2014. ADB provided its concurrence on this LARP on 26 August 2014 and MoCHTA approved it on 19 October 2014. Total 14.8017 acres of land (1.4281 acre title and 13.3736 acre customary) was acquired for the road construction. A number of 5 standing structures – 2 (two) shops and 2 (two) residences and 1(one) rice husking machine-shed were affected by this sub-project. During Socio Economic Survey, two Alternative Dispute Resolution Forums each consisting of five members were formed in two mouzas (Betbunia & Dabua) to address possible dispute. The meeting of Land Acquisition and Resettlement Assessment/ Estimation Committee (LARAEC) was held on 26 May 2014 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the Deputy Commissioner (DC), Rangamati. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to DC, Rangamati on 6 August 2014. A feasibility verification visit was conducted to the project sites by Rangamati DC office and consequently Land Acquisition Notice was issued on 11 March, 2014. As of the reporting period, DC paid BDT 13,062,965.49 to 41 EPs out of 55 EPs. The first compensation installment was BDT 10, 484,226.43 were paid to 27 EPs on 14 December 2014 and the second installment was BDT 2,324,634.72 was paid to 13 EPs on 9 September 2015. During the reporting period resettlement budget was disbursed about 84.21%. Anyway, due to lack of update land documents the rest 14 EPs could not receive their compensation. Among them 12 EPs are title land owners and 2 are customary land owners. PVAT determined BDT 573,978.00 as resettlement benefits for 20 EPs in the PVAT meeting that held on 15 December 2014. However, PMO paid BDT 529,248 as resettlement benefits to 16 EPs through RHDC on 17 June 2015. The rest 4 EPs was not paid this allocation for lack of update land documents. As per LARP of this sub-project, an Income Livelihood Restoration Plan was prepared for the poor and Severely Affected People (ASPs) of the project area based on the Need assessment Survey (NAS) report. The NAS was carried out from 8-9 February 2016 and 8 March 2016. Latter a two days long (13-14 November 2016) *Income Restoration and Livelihood Training* on livestock for 8 HHs another three days long training was organized on agriculture for 09 HHs (turmeric, zinger and vegetables for SAPs by INGO through hiring resource persons from line departments expending total BDT 92,829.00. Summarized information of the sub-project is given in the below table-

Table No- 13: Brief Information of Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	14 November 2013
Total length of the road	6.00 km.
Number of consultation meetings	12
ADRF formation date	29 May 2014
LARP submission date	6 August 2014
ADB concurrence date	26 August 2014
MoCHTA approval date	19 October 2014
LARAEC meeting date	26 May 2014
LA proposal submission date	6 August 2014
Total acquired land	14,8011 acres
Total acquired structures	5
Joint verification visit date	1-2 February 2014
Issue date of Notice under Section- 3	11 March 2014
Total entitle persons for CCL	55
Total CCL amount (BDT)	14,998,511.31
Total CCL paid (person)	41
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	13,062,965.49
Total unpaid CCL (person)	14
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	1,935,545.82
PAVT meeting date	15 December 2014
Total entitle person for additional grants and resettlement benefit	20
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	573,978.00
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	16
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	529,248.00
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	4
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	44,730.00
Income Livelihood Restoration Training date	13-14 November 2014
Categories of Income Livelihood Restoration Training	Agriculture
	Livestock
Number of Income Livelihood Restoration Training participants on agriculture (person)	9
Number of Income Livelihood Restoration Training participants on live stock (person)	8
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	2,297
Total male beneficiaries (person)	1,034
Total female beneficiaries (Person)	1,263

2. Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthal HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I) - Alignment and sketch map of this sub-project was handed over to Taungya by LGED on 22 July 2014. Length of this Herring Brick Bone (HBB) road is 5.440 km. with 8 meters width including 6 RCC bridges and 18 box culverts. After conquest of the road alignment, INGO conducted a reconnaissance visit through the alignment on 4 August 2014 and organized two project inception meetings in two places for sharing project orientation and necessary information dissemination. Socio Economic Survey (SES) of the sub-project was started from 1 September 2014. Primary survey data was collected using a structural questionnaire from head of the project affected households. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared LARP of this sub-project which was submitted to PMO on 3 December 2014. ADB provided its concurrence on this LARP on 11 August 2015 and MoCHTA approved on 11 October 2015. An Inventory of Loss (IOL) was also prepared which reflected the collected SES report. Then, it was disseminated with the APs through consultation meetings and FGDs.

An amount of 9.0762 acres of land (7.9162 acres title and 1.16 acres customary) was acquired for the construction of the road. During Socio Economic Survey one ADRF consisting of five members was formed in one mouza (321 no Raikhali) to address dispute. LARAEC meeting of the sub-project was held on 15 December 2014 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the Deputy

Commissioner (DC), Rangamati. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to DC, Rangamati on 27 November 2014. DC of Rangamati Hill District conducted a feasibility verification of the project sites and issued *Land Acquisition Notice* (under Section-3) on 21 January 2016. DC, Rangamati compensated BDT 21,557,052.04 to the 121 EPs out of 142. Like the previous sub-projects the rest 21 EPs failed to receive their compensation due to lack of update land documents. On the other hand PVAT determined BDT 953,221.69 as resettlement benefits for 43 EPs in the PVAT meeting held on 14 May 2018. Then PMO distributes BDT 424,136.24 to 2 EPs through RHDC. The rest 41 EPs was not allocated resettlement benefits for lack of proper land documents.

According to the LARP, an Income Livelihood Restoration Plan has been prepared for the poor and Severely Affected People (ASPs) of the sub-project area based on the NAS report. The NAS was carried out from 17-19 June 2018 As per ILRP, 26 SAPs were identified for need of income restoration and livelihood training on agriculture and total budget for the training were required is BDT 167,050.00 which already submitted to concerned authority on 5 August 2018. Taungya submitted LARP completion report to PMO as per plan and in due time line. Summarized information of the sub-project is given in the below table-

Table No- 14: Brief Information of Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)
Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	22 July 2014
Total length of the road	5.440 km.
Number of consultation meeting	4
ADRF formation date	6 May 2017
LARP submission date	3 December 2014
ADB concurrence date	11 August 2015
MoCHTA approval date	11 October 2015
LARAEC meeting date	15 December 2014
LA proposal submission date	27 November 2014
Total acquired land	9.0762 acres
Total acquired structures	2
Issue date of Notice under Section- 3	21 January 2016
Total entitle person for CCL	142
Total CCL amount (BDT)	37,520,814.93
Total CCL paid (person)	121
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	21,557,052.04
Total unpaid CCL (person)	21
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	15,963,762.89
PAVT meeting date	14 May 2018
Total entitle persons for additional grants and resettlement benefit	43
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	953,221.69
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	2
Total paid amount of Additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	424,136.24
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	41
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	529,085.45
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	3,411
Total male beneficiaries (person)	1,739
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,672

3. Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II)- LGED handed over the alignment of this sub-project Taungya on 29 April 2015 along with a sketch map. Length of this BC road is 295 meters with 8 meters width including 2 Box culverts. After taking over the road alignment, Taungya conducted a reconnaissance visit through the alignment on 1 May 2015 and organizes one project

introduction meeting in Raikhali Headman Office for broad community support and the apprising data collection date & cut-off date for Socio Economic Survey. The SES starts from 4 May 2015. For the elaborating of this LAR process more than 3 consultation meetings and 5 FGDs were arranged by Taungya. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared the LARP and it was submitted to PMO on 23 November 2015.

ADB provided its concurrence on this LARP on 26 April 2017 and MoCHTA approved it on 08 June 2017. During SES one ADRF consisting of five members was formed in one mouza (321 No. Raikhali) for addressing possible grievance. The APs received their respective summarized bangla version copies of the LARP which narrated about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB's IP policy etc. A feasibility verification visit was conducted by the concerned DC office to the project sites and latter DC issued *Land Acquisition Notice* on 19 May 2016. INGO facilitated the compensation process to DC office besides maintaining close coordination with the Affected People (APs). After DC's valuation of the losses, INGO organized FGD's with the APs for disclosing the information related to their entitlements and facilitated them to prepare their necessary land documents. Latter all the necessary papers like- application, Entitled Persons' (EP) file, and Entitlement Cards (EC) etc were prepared by INGO. Compensation distribution of this sub-project was still pending for existing dispute among the EPs. As per record of the project progress, compensation grants have been transferred to DC office by PMO on 11/04/2017. Meanwhile the mouza headman submits an objection letter to DC claiming some lands documented as property of the Narangiri High School that owner is the headman himself whereas the School Management Committee claims ownership of the whole land property. However, as per the objection, DC takes necessary steps for investigation of the issue and after three hearings as there found no solution, DC proceeds to re- investigate the issue. Consequently, compensation distribution is still remains detained for the unsolved objection by the concerned headman. PVAT determined BDT 15, 24,526.03 as resettlement benefits for 13 EPs in the PVAT meeting held on 14 May 2018 and 21 May 2018. Then PMO paid BDT 4, 68,071.91 to 7 EPs through RHDC but the rest 6 EPs could not compensated for lack of proper and update documents. However, ILRP was not prepared for this sub-project as no such individual or group of people have been identified during the Need Assessment Survey. Recapitulated records of the sub-project is given in the below table-

Table No- 15: Brief Information of Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthal HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II)
Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	29 April 2015
Total length of the road	295 meters
Number of consultation meetings	3
ADRF formation date	19 May 2016
LARP submission date	23 November 2015
ADB concurrence date	26 August 2014
MoCHTA approval date	8 June 2017
LARAEC meeting date	15 December 2015
LA proposal submission date	22 December 2015
Total acquired land	30.35 decimals
Total acquired structures	9
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	19 May 2016
Total entitle person for CCL	12
Total CCL amount (BDT)	6,479,385.78
Total CCL paid (person)	0
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	0
Total unpaid CCL (person)	12
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	6,479,385.78
PAVT meeting date	14 May 2018
Total entitle persons for additional grants and resettlement benefit	13
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	1,524,526.03

Information Description	Information
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	7
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	468,071.91
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	6
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	1,056,456.12
Total male beneficiaries (person)	3,633
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,852
LARP completion report submission date	1,781

4. Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road- LGED handed over the alignment of this sub-project to the INGO (Taungya) on 16 February 2016 with a sketch map. The Length of this bituminous carpeting (BC) road is 4.680 km. with 7.3 m width including one 30 meters long RCC bridges and 11 box culverts & 15 U- drains. SES was started from 24 February 2016. 4 consultation meetings and 8 FGDs were arranged by Taungya for mass level information dissemination during the project span. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared the LARP for this sub-project and submitted to PMO on 2 May 2016. ADB provided its concurrence on this LARP on 23 June 2016 and MoCHTA approved it on 17 August 2016. An Inventory of Loss (IOL) was produced which reflected the collected SES report. Then, it was disseminated with the APs through consultation meetings and FGD. Total acquired land for this sub-project is 7.3741 acres (2.36 acres title & 5.0141 acres customary). ADRF also formed maintaining project procedures in one mouza (95 No. Kashkhali) to address possible grievance. The APs received their respective summary of bangla version copies of the LARP which narrated about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB's IP issues etc. Taungya also set up sign boards at public gathering places explaining the process of grievance cases by the APs. The LARAEC meeting for this sub-project was held on 07 June 2016 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the Deputy Commissioner (DC), Rangamati as usual. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to DC, Rangamati on 18 April 2016. Having received the LAP, a feasibility verification visit to the project sites was conducted by concerned DC office with intense facilitation of Taungya. Latter Land Acquisition Notice on 06 June 2018 was issued by DC. Based on the Socio Economic Survey data, INGO submitted an Inventory of Loss (IOL) to the PMO which was cross-checked by the office of the Deputy Commissioner by conducting joint field visit accompanied by PWD and forest department. INGO co-operated the compensation process to DC office and the Affected People (APs). After valuation of the losses by DC office, INGO organized FGDs with the APs for disclosing related information to their entitlements and preparation of necessary documents. Then INGO closely facilitated the EPs to prepare all the necessary papers (application, Entitled Persons' file, and Entitlement Cards (EC) etc. of the APs) for receiving their compensation. Anyway, BDT 24,985,354.46 CCL was paid to 47 EPs out of 57. The remaining 10 EPs could not for proper land documents. INGO could not arrange PVAT meeting and facilitate to distribute additional grants and resettlement benefits to EPs for end of service contract. Recapitulated records of the sub-project is given in the below table-

Table No- 16: Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	15 February 2016
Total length of the road	4.680 km.
Number of consultation meetings	3
ADRF formation date	8 May 2016
LARP submission date	2 May 2016
ADB concurrence date	23 June 2016
MoCHTA approval date	17 August 2016
LARAEC meeting date	7 June 2016
LA proposal submission date	18 April 2016
Total acquired land	7.3741 acres
Total acquired structures	9
Joint verification visit date	19 June 2018

Information Description	Information
Issue date of Notice Under Section-3	5 June 2018
Total entitle person for CCL	57
Total CCL amount (BDT)	40,674,650.84
Total CCL paid (person)	47
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	24,985,354.46
Total unpaid CCL (Person)	10
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	15,689,296.38
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	11,920
Total male beneficiaries (person)	6,362
Total female beneficiaries (person)	5,558

5. Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-I) - LGED handed over the alignment of the sub-project to the INGO (Taungya) on 16 June 2016 with a sketch map. Length of this Herring Bone Brick (HBB) road is 4.520 km. with 5.5 meters width including one bridge & 9 box culverts. After taking over the road alignment, Taungya paid a reconnaissance visit through the alignment on 22 June 2016 and organized one project introduction meeting in Saroatoli Union Parishad for broad community support and data collection & cut-off date for Socio Economic Survey (SES) was also declared in the meeting. SES was started from 19 July 2016. To ensure mass level dissemination of the LAR process, more than 4 consultation meetings and 6 FGDs were arranged by Taungya during the reporting period. The LARP was prepared by INGO and was submitted to the PMO on 1 August 2016. ADB consented LARP of this sub-project on 30 August, 2016 and MoCHTA approved it on 19 September 2016. 10.0854 acres (5.4154 acres title & 5.438 acres customary) of land was acquired for the construction of the road. One ADRF consisting of five members was formed in one mouza (384 No. Saroatoli) in terms of meeting the grievance. LARAEC meeting was held on 26 November 2017 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the Deputy Commissioner, Rangamati. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to DC, Rangamati on 19 September 2016. Deputy Commissioner of Rangamati Hill District conducted a feasibility verification of the project sites and issued *Land Acquisition Notice* on 22 March, 2018. 78 out of 81 EPs were compensated BDT 30,304,099.99 by the concerned DC office. On the other hand PVAT determined BDT 2,136,188.16 as resettlement benefits for 35 EPs in the meeting held on 14 May 2018. Then PMO paid resettlement benefit BDT 16, 38,488.40 to 14 EPs through RHDC. To prepare Income Livelihood Restoration Plan, *Need Assessment Survey (NAS)* was carried out from 26-29 June 2018. The survey report did not find such individual or group of people who needed Income Restoration Plan. It is found through NAS that every family of the sub-project affected area already over come poverty line after receiving compensation and resettlement benefits from the project so no IRP is needed for them. Taungya submitted LARP completion report to PMO as usual for this sub-project too. Summarized information of the sub-project is given in the table beneath -

Table No- 17: Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-I) Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	15 June 2016
Total length of the road	4.520 km.
Number of consultation meetings	4
ADRF formation date	25 March 2017
LARP submission date	1 August 2016
ADB concurrence date	30 August 2016
MoCHTA approval date	19 September 2016
LARAEC meeting date	26 November 2017
LA proposal submission date	19 September 2016
Total acquired land	10.0854 acres
Total acquired structures	7

Information Description	Information
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	31 January 2017
Total entitle persons for CCL	81
Total CCL amount (BDT)	38,444,916.65
Total CCL paid (person)	78
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	3,030,499.99
Total unpaid CCL (person)	3
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	7,386,994.76
PAVT meeting date	14 May 2018
Total entitle persons for additional grants and resettlement benefit	35
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	2,136,188.16
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	9
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	1,638,488.40
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	26
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	497,699.76
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	4,825
Total male beneficiaries (person)	2,670
Total female beneficiaries (person)	2,155

6. Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-II)- LGED handed over the alignment of the this sub-project to the INGO(Taungya) on 10 August 2017 with a sketch map. The length of this HBB & BC road is 9.285 km. with 7.3 m width including one 18 box culverts. After taking over the road alignment, Taungya conducted reconnaissance visit through the alignment on 21 August 2017 and organized two project introduction meetings in two places for community support and the cut-off date and data collection for Socio Economic Survey was also declared in the meetings. Latter the SES was started from 22 August 2017. Primary data was collected from head of the project affected households using a structural questionnaire. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared the LARP for the sub-project and it was submitted to the PMO on 23 October 2017. ADB provided its concurrence on this LARP on 12 April 2018. Total 15.95 acres of land (14.162 acres recorded and 1.7880 acres customary) was acquired for the construction of the road. During SES, two ADRFs each consisting of five members were formed in two mouzas (Baghaichari & Sarootoli) to address possible grievance. The LARAEC meeting for the sub-project was held on 26 November 2017 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the Deputy Commissioner (DC), Rangamati. A feasibility authentication visit was conducted by the DC representatives to the project sites and consequently *Land Acquisition Notice* was issued on 19 June 2018. ILRP was not prepared for this sub-project as no compensation or resettlement benefit was distributed. Obviously LARP completion report also did not prepare by INGO. Summarized information of the sub-project is given in the table beneath -

Table No- 18: Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-II) Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	10 August 2017
Total length of the road	9.285 km.
Number of consultation meetings	3
ADRF formation date	2 April 2018
LARP submission date	23 October 2017
ADB concurrence date	12 April 2018
MoCHTA approval date	12 June 2018
LARAEC meeting date	26 November 2017
LA proposal submission date	24 October 2017
Total acquired land	17.4515 acres
Total acquired structures	66

Information Description	Information
Joint verification visit date	31 August 2018
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	19 June 2018
Total entitle persons for CCL	221
Total CCL amount (BDT)	239,720,185.21
Total CCL paid (person)	0
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	0
Total unpaid CCL (person)	221
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	239,720,185.21
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	9,007
Total male beneficiaries (person)	4,954
Total female beneficiaries (person)	4,053

B. Brief Description of Sub-projects in Khagrachari District:

1. Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road- LGED handed over the alignment of the sub-project project with a sketch map to the INGO on 30 November 2013. The length of this road is 5.410 km. with 7.3m width including 4 box culvers and 19 U-drains on this road. After taking over the road alignment, Taungya conducted a reconnaissance visit through the alignment on 30 November 2013 and organized project introduction meeting in Karma Para Govt. Primary School on 1 December 2013 for consultation support and the cut-off date for Socio Economic Survey (SES) was also declared in the meeting. SES for the sub-project was started from 1 January 2014 besides 11 consultation meetings and 8 FGDs were organized on the process of land acquisition. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared the LARP for “Panchari GC- Bhaibonchara GC via Santipur Arunya Kutir Road” and It was submitted to the PMO on 17, July 2014. An amount of 8.37 acres of land was acquired for the construction of the road. This included both title and customary ownerships; 5.7059 acres under title ownership and the remaining 2.6641 acres under customary ownership.

ADB provided its concurrence of the LARP on 27 November 2014 and MoCHTA approved on 19 December 2014. One ADRF consisting of five members was formed in the mouza (246 No. Choto Panchari) for addressing grievance. The APs received their respective summary bangla version copies of the LARP focused on entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB’s IP issues etc. The meeting of LARAEC was held on 27 May 2014 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the Deputy Commissioner, Khagrachari. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to DC, Rangamati on 18 May, 2014. DC of Khagrachari Hill District conducted a feasibility verification of the project sites and issued Land Acquisition Notice on 26 February, 2015. During the project span, DC paid BDT 2, 02, 67,166.45 to 205 EPs out of 212 EPs. 7 EPs are still remaining unpaid for land ownership documents which are yet to be updated. PVAT determined tk. 3,185,524.81 as additional grants and resettlement benefits for 212 EPs in the meeting held on 2 November 2015. Then PMO paid tk. 3,074,691.10 to 205 EPs through KHDC.

Need Assessment Survey (NAS) was conducted from 7-11 February 2016 and 9-10 March, 2016 to prepare ILRP. Latter a five days long (26-30 April 2017) Income Restoration Training for 31 households on agriculture (turmeric, zinger and vegetables) and livestock was organized for SAPs by INGO through hiring resource persons from GoB line departments which costs BDT 173,000. However, Taungya submitted LARP completion report to PMO in duly timeline. Brief information of the sub-project is given in the table below-

Table No- 19: Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	30 November 2013
Total length of the road	5.410 km.

Information Description	Information
Number of consultation meetings	11
ADRF formation date	28 May 2014
LARP submission date	15 May 2014
ADB concurrence date	27 November 2014
MoCHTA approval date	9 December 2014
LARAEC meeting date	27 May 2014
LA proposal submission date	18 May 2014
Total acquired land	8.37 acres
Total acquired structures	20
Joint verification visit date	7/3/2015
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	26/2/2016
Total entitle person for CCL	212
Total CCL amount (BDT)	20,755,260.95
Total CCL paid (person)	205
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	20,267,166.45
Total unpaid CCL (person)	7
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	488,094.5
PAVT meeting date	2 November 2015
Total entitle persons for additional grants and resettlement benefit	212
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	3,185,524.81
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	205
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	3,074,691.10
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	7
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	110,833.71
Income Livelihood Restoration Training date	6-10 November 2016
Categories of Income Livelihood Restoration Training	Agriculture
	Livestock
Number of Income Livelihood Restoration Training participant on agriculture (person)	23
Number of Income Livelihood Restoration Training participant on Live Stock (person)	8
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	8,810
Total male beneficiaries (person)	4,494
Total female beneficiaries (person)	4,316

2. Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road- The alignment with a sketch map of the sub-project was handed over by LGED to Taungya (INGO) on 16 June 2013. The length of this BC (bituminous carpeting) road is 4.750 km. with 105 meter long RCC girder-bridges on Deblechari Stream. After taking over the road alignment, Taungya demeanors a reconnaissance visit through the alignment on 15 July 2014 and organize one project introduction meetings in Sinduckchari Union Parishad for broad community support and apprise the cut-off date for SES to the APs. The SES was started from 16 July 2014. Primary data were collected from head of the project affected households using a structural questionnaire.

The entire LAR process had been carried out with extensive consultation and participation of the APs and other stakeholders. For the elaborating of this LAR process more than 4 consultation meetings and 8 FGDs were organized. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared the LARP for the sub-project and it was submitted to the PMO on 30 August 2014.

ADB provided its concurrence on this LARP on 1 October 2014 and MoCHTA approved on 06 November 2014. An Inventory of Loss (IOL) was also produced for this sub-project which reflected the collected Socio Economic Survey reports. Then, it was disseminated with the APs through consultation meetings and FGDs.

A total amount of 1.2007 acres of land (only customary land) was acquired for the construction of the road. During Socio Economic Survey, two ADRFs each with five members were formed in two mouzas (Sindukchari and Debalchari) to address possible grievance. To disseminate about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB's IP issues etc Taungya distributes summary copies of bangla version of the LARP to the APs of the sub-project. Taungya also set ups some sign boards at public gathering places explaining the process of grievance cases by the APs. LARAEC meeting of the sub-project was held on 11 December 2014 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the DC, Rangamati. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to DC, Rangamati on 28 December 2014. Having received the Land Acquisition Proposal, Deputy Commissioner (DC) of Khagrachari Hill District conducted a feasibility verification of the project sites and issued Land Acquisition Notice on 25 November 2015. Based on the Socio Economic Survey data, INGO submitted an Inventory of Loss (IOL) to the PMO which was cross-checked by the office of the Deputy Commissioner by conducting joint field visit accompanied by PWD and forest department. DC valued the losses of the project in due date and process. During the reporting period, DC distributed compensation BDT 3,310,810.92/- to 31 EPs out of 37. 100% EPs were compensated for structures and trees. However, during the reporting period the resettlement budget was disbursed about 95.99%. The rest 6 EPs are still waiting to receive their compensation. Among them 5 EPs are titled land ownership holders and 1 is customary land ownership holder. The problem for delay of compensation distribution is land ownership documents which are yet to update which takes prolonged procedures. Property Valuation Assessment Team (PVAT) determined BDT 74,797.99 as resettlement benefits for 16 EPs (The meeting of the PVAT was held on 19 March 201). In view of that PMO paid BDT 71,799.00 to 12 EPs through RHDC. The Need Assessment Survey (NAS) was carried out from 4-8 February 2018. As per ILRP, 14 SAPs were identified for need of Income restoration and livelihood training on Agriculture and total required budget for the training were estimated BDT 82,600.00 but for end of service contract it could not arranged during the project period. The LARP completion report was submitted to PMO in time. Summary information of the sub-project is given below-

Table No- 20: Sindukchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	16 June 2014
Total length of the road	4.750 km.
Number of consultation meetings	4
ADRF formation date	17 May 2015
LARP submission date	30 August 2014
ADB concurrence date	1 October 2014
MoCHTA approval date	6 November 2014
LARAEC meeting date	11 December 2014
LA proposal submission date	25 November 2015
Total acquired land	1.2007 acres
Total acquired structures	5
Joint verification visit date	7/3/2015
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	25 November 2015
Total entitle person for CCL	37
Total CCL amount (BDT)	4,447,274.00
Total CCL paid (person)	31
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	3,310,810.92
Total unpaid CCL (person)	6
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	1,136,463.08
PAVT meeting date	19 March 2017
Total entitle person for additional grants and resettlement benefit	16
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	74,797.99
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	205
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	71,799.00

Information Description	Information
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	12
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	2,998.99
Income Livelihood Restoration Plan submission date	21May 2018
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	4,364
Total male beneficiaries (person)	2,232
Total female beneficiaries (person)	2,133

3. Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road- LGED handed over the alignment of the sub-project to Taungya on 25 August 2015 with a sketch map. Type of the road is bituminous carpeting (BC). The length of this road is 6.00 km. 173 meter with 6.5 m width including one 21 meters long RCC bridge on Kalapani River. Furthermore, there are 2 box culverts on this road. 3 consultation meetings and 9 FGDs were arranged during the land acquisition process. SES was started from 20 September 2015. Primary data were collected from head of the project affected households using a structural questionnaire. Based on this SES report, Taungya prepared the LARP for this sub-project and it was submitted to PMO on 29 October 2015. ADB provided its concurrence on this LARP on 4 April 2017 and MoCHTA approved it on 29 May 2016. An Inventory of Loss (IOL) was also prepared which reflected the collected Socio Economic Survey reports. Then, it was disseminated with the APs through consultation meetings (CM) and FGDs. 5.45 acres of land was acquired for construction of the road. This included both title and customary ownerships; 1.79 acres under title ownership and the remaining 3.66 acres under customary ownership. During Socio Economic Survey (SES) two ADRFs each consisting of five members were formed in two mouzas (231 No. Kalapani & 237 No. Nawavanga) for meeting possible grievance. The APs received their respective summary copies of bangla version of the LARP which narrated about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB's IP issues etc. Taungya put some sign boards at public gathering places explaining the process of grievance cases by the APs. A total of 5.45 acres of land (3.66 acres customary and 1.79 acre title land) were acquired for the sub-project. The LARAEC meeting for the sub-project was held on 22 December 2015 at KHDC and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to DC, Khagrachari. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to concerned DC on 16 November 2015. Deputy Commissioner (DC) of Khagrachari Hill District conducted a feasibility verification of the project sites and issued *Land Acquisition Notice* on 8 November 2016. Based on the Socio Economic Survey data, INGO submitted an Inventory of Loss (IOL) to PMO which was cross-checked by the office of the Deputy Commissioner by conducting joint field visit accompanied by PWD and forest department. DC distributed CCL BDT 10,834,111.96 taka to 70 EPs out of 103 EPs. The rest 33 EPs could not receive CCL for lack of updated land documents.

On the other hand PVAT determined BDT 9,535,754.95 as resettlement benefits for 28 EPs in the PVAT meeting held on 15 January 2018, 20 February, 2018, 19 March, 2018. Then 16 EPs were paid BDT 3,340,960.00 through KHDC. Rest of the 12 APs could not submit application with necessary land documents during the reporting period so no compensation and benefits were given to them from the KHDC. The Need Assessment Survey (NAS) of the sub-project was carried out from 12-14 August 2018. As per ILRP, 19 SAPs were identified for need of Income restoration and livelihood training on agriculture and total required budget for the training were BDT 104,350.00 which is submitted to PMO on 3 October 2018. As the required fund for training is not yet released from PMO, the target training will be arranged and accomplished after fund disbursement. LARP completion report of the sub-project also submitted to PMO. Summarized information of the sub-project is as following-

Table No- 21: Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	25 August 2015
Total length of the road	6.173 km.
Number of consultation meetings	3
ADRF formation date	24 April 2016
LARP submission date	29 October 2015

Information Description	Information
ADB concurrence date	4 April 2017
MoCHTA approval date	29 May 2016
LARAEC meeting date	22 December 2015
LA proposal submission date	16 November 2015
Total acquired land	5.45 acres
Total acquired structures	22
Joint verification visit date	21 November 2016
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	8 November 2016
Total entitle person for CCL	103
Total CCL amount (BDT)	11,566,111.96
Total CCL paid (person)	70
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	10,834,111.96
Total unpaid CCL (person)	33
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	732,000.00
PAVT meeting date	15 January 2018
Total entitle person for additional grants and resettlement benefit	55
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	3,340,968.00
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	55
Total paid amount of Additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	3,340,968.00
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	0
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	0
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	03/10/18
Total male beneficiaries (person)	4,372
Total female beneficiaries (person)	2,304

C. Brief Description of Sub-projects in Bandarban District:

1. Raicha-Goaliakhola Road- On 18 April 2015, alignment of this sub-project with a sketch map was handed over to Taungya by LGED, Bandarban Sadar Upazila. The type of the road is a Reinforcement Cement. After taking over the road alignment, Taungya paid a reconnaissance visit through the alignment and organized one project introduction meeting for broad community support and declare the cut-off date for Socio Economic Survey (SES) was also declared. SES was carried out on 26 May 2015. Primary data were collected from head of the project affected households using a structural questionnaire. 44.26 decimal of land title land were acquired to construct the 231 meter long with 7.3 meter width of this Reinforcement Cement Carpeting (RCC) road. The LARAEC meeting was held on 29 February 2016 and recommended to place the Land Acquisition Proposal (LAP) to the DC, Bandarban. Accordingly, PMO submitted the LA proposal to DC, Bandarban on 16 June 2015. After a long process and payment of CCL, PVAT meeting was held on 30 November 2016 and approved resettlement benefits without additional grants tk. 113,681.75. Having received the Land Acquisition Proposal, the DC of Bandarban Hill District conducted a feasibility verification of the project sites and issued Land Acquisition Notice on 9 February 2016. Based on the Socio Economic Survey data, INGO submitted an Inventory of Loss (IOL) to the PMO which was cross-checked by the office of the Deputy Commissioner by conducting joint field visit accompanied by PWD and forest department. DC valued the losses of the project in due date and process. DC paid compensation worth BDT 4,684,585.08 on 14 August 2016 to two EPs. Based on the DC's CCL the PVAT approved BDT 113, 681.75 as resettlement benefits. NAS was conducted on 27 August 2017 by Taungya to prepare ILRP. But as there was no such individual or group of people who needed ILRP it was not developed latter for this sub-project. During the implementation of the project, INGO closely monitored with frequent site visits, building close cooperation with the APs and through public representatives, traditional leaders etc. LARP completion report of this sub-project is also submitted to PMO by Taungya. Summary information of the project is given below-

Table No- 22: Raicha-Goaliakhola Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	18 April 2015
Total length of the road	231 meters
Number of consultation meetings	1
ADRF formation date	25 May 2015
LARP submission date	23 August 2015
ADB concurrence date	26 April 2017
MoCHTA approval date	08 June 2017
LARAEC meeting date	29 February 2016
LA proposal submission date	16 June 2015
Total acquired land	44.26 decimals
Total acquired structures	1
Joint verification visit date	23 November 2015
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	17 January 2016
Total entitle person for CCL	1
Total CCL amount (BDT)	3,863,735.72
Total CCL paid (person)	1
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	3,863,735.72
Total unpaid CCL (person)	0
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	0
PAVT meeting date	30 November 2016
Total entitle persons for additional grants and resettlement benefit	1
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	113,681.75
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	1
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	113,681.75
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	0
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	0
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	3,780
Total male beneficiaries (person)	1,986
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,794

2. Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road- The alignment with a sketch map of “Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar” sub-project was handed over by LGED to the INGO on 13 November 2014. The length of this bituminous carpeting (BC) road is 150 meter with 7.3 meter width including 1 bridge (Bridge & Approach). After taking over the alignment of Ruma Sadar- Ruma Bazar Road, Taungya prepared its LARP following the relevant policies of ADB *Safeguards Policy Statement 2009* in all its acquisition steps. This LARP was submitted to PMO on 15 January 2015 and ADB provided its concurrence on 11 August 2015 and MoCHTA approved on 14 September 2015. One ADRF with five members was formed in one mouza (356 No. Pali). The APs received their respective copies of summarized bangla version of the LARP which narrated about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB’s IP issues etc. An amount of 28 decimal of title land was acquired for the construction of the road. As per recommendation of LARAEC, PMO submitted the *Land Acquisition Proposal* to DC, Bandarban. Latter land value with 15% premium was determined by DC. The actual budget was BDT 1,216,576.14 against the proposed budget of BDT 1887,608.76 and DC, Bandarban yet not started disbursements for lack of updated land documents of the all 5 EPs. The average achievement is 4.11%. According to the LARP, Taungya carried out NAS for this sub-project too on 16-17 September, 2018 to develop ILRP. However, the survey report did not find such individual or group of people who needed Income Livelihood Restoration Plan. So, that the ILRP did not prepare for this sub-project. During the reporting period, only 3 EPs among the 5 applied for compensation to DC, Bandarban without submitting proper documents. After submission of the necessary documents, compensation disbursements will be

undertaken by the DC office. The other 2 titled land owners EPs doesn't even have proper and update documents so could not submit application for compensation. Notable reasons for updating their documents are- It takes prolonged procedures and involvement of their next of kin which is a strong challenge for them. However, meanwhile they are trying to update their documents and the land ownership problem is assumed to be settled very soon. PVAT of the district determined tk. 667,636.31 as additional grants and resettlement benefits for 5 EPs in the meeting held on 19 August 2018. Taungya staff facilitated the EPs to prepare their necessary land documents for additional grants and resettlement benefit. Assumed that it will be started soon. After conducting NAS on 16-17 September 2018, no individual or group of people was found who needed ILRP. So no ILRP was prepared for this sub-project. Taungya submitted LARP completion report to PMO. Records of summary information of the sub-project is as follows-

Table No- 23: Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	13 November 2014
Total length of the road	7.3 meters
Number of consultation meetings	2
ADRF formation date	01 December 2015
LARP submission date	15 January 2015
ADB concurrence date	11 August 2015
MoCHTA approval date	14 September 2015
LARAEC meeting date	03 March 2015
LA proposal submission date	15 January 2015
Total acquired land	26.33 decimals
Total acquired structures	1
Joint verification visit date	06 June 2016
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	26 April 2016
Total entitle person for CCL	5
Total CCL amount (BDT)	498,940.00
Total CCL paid (person)	0
Total paid CCL amount(BDT)	0
Total unpaid CCL (person)	5
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	498,940.00
PAVT meeting date	19 August 2018
Total entitle persons for additional grants and resettlement benefit	5
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	113,681.75
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	0
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	0
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	5
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	113,681.75
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	3,030
Total male beneficiaries (person)	1,729
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,301

3. Naikhongchari-Tumbru Road (Part-I) - The alignment of ‘‘Naikhongchari –Tumbru (Part-1)’’ was handed over to Taungya by LGED on 22 July 2014 along with a sketch map. The length of this road is 4.00 km. with 7.3 meter width including 7 bridges and 11 box culverts. It is a bituminous carpeting (BC) road. Following relevant policies of ADB *Safeguards Policy Statement 2009* in all its steps, Taungya developed LARP of the sub-project soon after alignment hand over by LGED. It was consequently submitted to PMO on 30 December 2014 and ADB provided its concurrence on 04 August 2015 and MoCHTA approved it on 14 September 2015. As per guidelines of Executive Order from MoCHTA an ADRF was also formed (comprised of five members) in one mouza (Reju) to address any grievance that might negatively impact LA

process. The APs received their respective summary copies of the bangla version of the LARP which narrated about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB's IP issues etc.

Total 5.6196 acres land was acquired for the construction of the road. This included both recorded and customary ownerships; 4.5796 acres under title ownership and the remaining 1.04 acre under customary ownership. With the recommendation of LARAEC, PMO submitted the Land Acquisition Proposal to DC, Bandarban. DC office determined the land value with 15 % premium. The actual budget was BDT 9,030,804.46. It was timely transferred by PMO to DC office, Bandarban but payment has not been commenced during the reporting period for it is still under process at DC office. Assumed that it will be started soon. PVAT determined tk. 610,044.40 as resettlement benefits for 40 EPs .The meeting of the PVAT was held on 04 October 2018 but EPs yet not submitted their application for payment. According to the LARP, INGO carried out a Need Assessment Survey (NAS) on 19-20 December 2018 on poor and Severely Affected People (SAP) to prepare ILRP. But the survey report did not find such individual or group of people who needed Income Livelihood Restoration Plan. So, ILRP has not been prepared for this sub-project. Brief information of the sub-project-

Table No- 24: Naikhongchari-Tumbru Road (Part-I) Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	22 July 2014
Total length of the road	4 km.
Number of consultation meetings	4
ADRF formation date	03 December 2015
LARP submission date	30 December 2014
ADB concurrence date	04 August 2015
MoCHTA approval date	14 September 2015
LARAEC meeting date	03 March 2015
LA proposal submission date	02 March 2015
Total acquired land	561.96 decimals
Total acquired structures	3
Joint verification visit date	01 February 2016 to 04 February 2016
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	21 August 2016
Total entitle persons for CCL	73
Total CCL amount (BDT)	8,335,760.00
Total CCL paid (person)	0
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	0
Total unpaid CCL (person)	73
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	8,335,760.00
PAVT meeting date	04 August 2018
Total entitle person for additional grants and resettlement benefit	76
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	17,655,459.24
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	0
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	0
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	76
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	17,655,459.24
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	3,258
Total male beneficiaries (person)	1,710
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,548

4. Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)- The alignment of ‘‘Naikhongchari- Tumbru (Part-2)’’ was handed over by LGED to Taungya on 28 April 2015 along with a sketch map. 8.00 Kilometer long with 7.3 meter width, the bituminous carpeting (BC) road includes 7 bridges and 21 box culverts. Taungya prepares

LARP of the sub-project following the relevant policies of ADB *Safeguards Policy Statement 2009* in all its steps. The prepared LARP was duly submitted to PMO on 20 January 2016 and ADB provided its concurrence on 26 April 2017 and MoCHTA approved it on 08 June 2017. During Socio Economic Survey (SES) two ADRFs each consisting of five members was formed in two mouzas (Reju & Tumbru) in terms of meeting the grievance if arisen out from the APs. The APs received their respective copies of the summary Bangla version of the LARP which narrated about entitlements of loss, grievance mechanism, ADB's IP issues etc. An amount of 15.0062 acres of both customary & recorded land was acquired for the construction of the road of which 9.8595 acres under recorded ownership and the remaining 5.1467 acres under customary ownership. With the recommendation of Land Acquisition and Resettlement Assessment / Estimation Committee (LARAEC), PMO submitted the Land Acquisition Proposal to Deputy Commissioner (DC, Bandarban. DC office determined the land value with 15 % premium. The actual budget was BDT 42,620,838.29. Property Valuation Assessment Team (PVAT) determined TK. 55, 71,806.55 as resettlement benefits for 80 EPs (*The meeting of the PVAT was held on 04 October 2018*). During the reporting period Taungya facilitated EPs to prepare proper documents for resettlement benefit. According to the LARP, an *Income Livelihood Restoration Plan* has been prepared for the poor and Severely Affected People (ASPs) of the project area based on the *Need Assessment Survey* (NAS) report. The NAS was carried out from 9-11 October 2018. The prepared ILRP was submitted to PMO in time by Taungya but no fund was released for training arrangement during the reporting period. Summary information of the sub-project is given in the below table-

Table No- 25: Naikhongchari-Tumbru Road (Part-II) Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	28 April 2015
Total length of the road	8 km.
Number of consultation meetings	2
ADRF formation date	04 December 2015
LARP submission date	20 January 2016
ADB concurrence date	26 April 2017
MoCHTA approval date	08 June 2017
LARAEC meeting date	29 February 2016
LA proposal submission date	08 February 2016
Total acquired land	1500.62 decimals
Total acquired structures	56
Joint verification visit date	24 August 2016 to 30 August 2016
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	27 February 2018
Total entitle person for CCL	121
Total CCL amount(BDT)	36,803,431.00
Total CCL paid (person)	0
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	0
Total unpaid CCL (person)	121
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	36,803,431.00
PAVT meeting date	04 October 2018
Total entitle person for additional grants and resettlement benefit	121
Total additional grants and resettlement benefit amount (BDT)	38,638,537.22
Total paid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	0
Total paid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	0
Total unpaid additional grants and resettlement benefit (person)	121
Total unpaid amount of additional grants and resettlement benefit (BDT)	38,638,537.22
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	4,557
Total male beneficiaries (person)	2,272
Total female beneficiaries (person)	2,285

5. Lama- Rupashi Para Road- Taungya took over alignment along with sketch map of this sub-project on 30 March 2016 from LGED. The HBB road length is 3.320 km. SES of this sub-project was conducted on 18-21 and 26-28 April 2016. Conducted SES identified that 32 APs directly affected which cost to acquire total 8.24 acres of land from the affected communities. During the project execution, Taungya arranged two consultation meetings to disclose ADB's *Safe Guard Policy 2009* and other necessary information for the EPs and other relevant stakeholders. LARP of this sub-project was prepared by the INGO and submitted to PMO on 16 May 2016. ADB concurrence this LARP on 26 April 2017 and MoCHTA approved it on 8 June 2017. Taungya arranged LARAEC meeting on 28 November 2016 and LA proposal submitted on 18 September 2016 to DC, Bandarban. Joint verification visit from the concerned DC office was facilitated to arrange on 9-10 September 2019 and DC, Bandarban issued *Land Acquisition Notice* on 3 February 2019. At the end of the project contract Award Book was prepared and compensation budget has been sent to PMO. But the budget was not transferred from PMO yet. As no compensation and resettlement benefits distributed in this sub-project, no ILRP, NAS and LARP completion report has been prepared and submitted by INGO. Below table represents brief information of the sub-project-

Table No- 26: Lama- Rupashi Para Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	30 March 2016
Total length of the road	3.320 km.
Number of consultation meetings	2
ADRF formation date	20 June 2017
LARP submission date	16 May 2016
ADB concurrence date	26 April 2017
MoCHTA approval date	08 June 2017
LARAEC meeting date	28 November 2016
LA proposal submission date	22 January 2015
Total acquired land	824 decimals
Total acquired structures	14
Joint verification visit date	09 April 2019
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	05 February 2019
Total entitle person for CCL	22
Total CCL amount (BDT)	14,457,326.40
Total CCL paid (person)	0
Total paid CCL amount (BDT)	0
Total unpaid CCL (person)	22
Total unpaid CCL amount (BDT)	14,457,326.40
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	2,291
Total male beneficiaries (person)	1,169
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,122

6. Baniarchar- Gojalia Road- On 29 May 2016 LGED handed over alignment and sketch map of this sub-project to Taungya. The HBB road length is 8.790 km.. After taking over this sub-project Taungya organized two consultations meeting for project orientation, sharing necessary information, *Free Prior Inform Consent* and mass level community support. Taungya started SES 26 July 2016. After completing the survey Taungya prepared LARP and submitted it to PMO on 1 September 2016. ADB concurrence this LARP on 12 September 2016 and MoCHTA approved it on 3 March 2017. The conducted SES identified that 79 APs are going to be directly affected and the construction work requires total 19.82 acres land (9.40 acres customary and 10.4145 acres title). LARAEC meeting for this sub-project was held on 28 November 2016 and LA proposal submitted to DC, Bandarban on 18 September 2016. Joint verification visit was conducted on 11-14 September 2018. DC, Bandarban issued *Land Acquisition Notice* on 23 March 2019. At the end of the project contract with ADB, INGO was waiting for preparation of Award Book and compensation budget under preparation by concerned DC office. As no compensation and resettlement benefits distributed in this sub-

project too no ILRP, NAS and LARP completion report has been prepared and submitted by INGO. Brief information of the sub-project is given below-

Table No- 27: Baniarchar- Gojalia Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	29 May 2016
Total length of the road	8.790 km.
Number of consultation meetings	2
ADRF formation date	26 February 2017 & 7 February 2017
LARP submission date	01 September 2016
ADB concurrence date	12 September 2016
MoCHTA approval date	03 March 2017
LARAEC meeting date	28 November 2016
LA proposal submission date	22 January 2015
Total acquired land	1,982 decimals
Total acquired structures	25
Joint verification visit date	12 November 2018 to 14 November 2018
Issued date Notice under Section-3	21 March 2019
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	3,489
Total male beneficiaries (person)	2,004
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,485

7. Holudia- Vaggakul-Tankabati Road- Alignment with a sketch map of this sub-project was handed over on 3 October 2017 by LGED maintaining formal procedures. Length of this BC road is 10.320 km. and no bridge and culverts was constructed on the road. Taungya started SES on 8-12 October 2017 and 15-19 October 2017. The SES identified that the sub- project areas is located in two unions (Sualak and Tankabati) and it covers three mouzas (314 No. Sualok, 315 No. Ranikhong & 308 No. Uttar Hangar). 83 HHs (Mro, Bangali & Marma) was directly affected for the sub-project and the road construction required total 2.0948 acres land and 1500 tree to acquire. LARAEC meeting held on 11 December 2016. Taungya submitted LARP of this sub-project to PMO on 27 November 2017. ADB concurrence this LARP on 4 December 2017 and MoCHTA approved it on 15 December 2017. LA proposal submitted to DC, Bandarban on 27 November 2017. One ADRF was formed in this sub-project consisting five members. Joint verification visit from the concerned DC office and other relevant GoB departments was facilitated by INGO on 17 January 2019. At the end of the project contract with ADB, INGO was waiting for Award Book preparation and compensation budget. No compensation and resettlement benefits distributed in this sub-project too because there found dispute among the APs and case was filed by themselves to DC office. So, DC office could not request for compensation budget to PMO due to the dispute among the APs. Obviously no ILRP, NAS and LARP completion report has been prepared and submitted by Taungya during the project span. Brief information of the sub-project is as follows-

Table No- 28: Holudia- Vaggakul-Tankabati Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	03/10/2017
Total length of the road	10.320 km.
Number of consultation meetings	2
ADRF formation date	24 July 2018
LARP submission date	27 November 2017
ADB concurrence date	04 December 2017
MoCHTA approval date	15 December 2017
LARAEC meeting date	11 December 2016

LA proposal submission date	27 November 2017
Total acquired land	209.48 decimals
Total acquired structures	11
Joint verification visit date	21 January 2019 to 24 January 19
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	30 April 2019
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	1,441
Total male beneficiaries (person)	741
Total female beneficiaries (person)	703

8. Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road- Following formal procedures LGED handed over alignment with sketch map of this sub-project to Taungya on 8 November 2017. Length of this bituminous carpeting (BC) type road is 2.210 km. As per project implementation framework Taungya arranges a consultation meeting with the APs and concerned stakeholders to disseminate ADBs necessary policies correlated to the project. For the sub-project construction total 21 APs from Mro, Bangali & Tripura communities are directly affected and total 3.76 acres land has been acquired from the affected communities. After completing SES, Taungya prepared and submitted its LARP on 17 December 2017 to PMO. ADB concurrence this LARP on 4 December 2017 and MoCHTA approved it on 15 December 2017. Maintaining project guideline one ADRF was formed to resolve dispute as per ADBs policy. However, LA proposal has been submitted on 28 November 2017. On the other hand LARAEC meeting was held on 11 December 2017 after completing consequence of land acquisition steps. Joint verification visit was facilitated by INGO to conduct by concerned DC office and other linked GoB departments as per schedule of DC office on 8-11 April 2019. At the end of the project contract with ADB, INGO was waiting for Award Book preparation and compensation budget. But it is assumed that the compensation budget requisition will be at PMO by June. No compensation and resettlement benefits distributed in this sub-project too obviously no ILRP, NAS and LARP completion report has been prepared and submitted by Taungya during the project implementation period. Brief information of the sub-project is presented below-

Table No- 29: Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road Sub-project

Information Description	Information
Sub-project conquest date	08 November 2017
Total length of the road	2.210 km.
Number of consultation meetings	2
ADRF formation date	17 July 2018
LARP submission date	17 December 2017
ADB concurrence date	04 December 2017
MoCHTA approval date	15 December 2017
LARAEC meeting date	11 December 2017
LA proposal submission date	28 November 2017
Total acquired land	305.09
Total acquired structures	5
Joint verification visit date	08 April 2019 to 09 April 2019
Issue date of Notice under Section-3	30 April 2019
Total beneficiaries (direct and indirect)	2,605
Total male beneficiaries (person)	1,243
Total female beneficiaries (person)	1,362

3.7. Achievement of the Project:

INGO has carried out responsibilities of the role of LAR facilitation for 5 years and 11 months under contract with MoCHTA. The period of works were full with challenges, constrain and success in some

extent. It is mentioned before that Taungya played the role of facilitation of the LAR process to support LGED to construct rural roads in the sub-project sites and assist DC offices of three hill districts to accomplish land acquisition and resettlement process in cooperation with HDCs. The 25 steps of assigned tasks involved different government departments and local government's institutions with stakeholders, affected persons and beneficiaries at community level. Compensation distribution under CCL, additional grants distribution, income livelihood restoration training for the most vulnerable affected persons was supported from the component B to mitigate losses of lands, structures and trees of the APs. To complete these works number of different types of meetings, visits, assessment, group formation, compensation distribution programme, documentation update, inception programme etc. were arranged during the project period. It could be say that the success of these activities is the achievement of the component B which are briefly described below-

17 LARPs were prepared for the 17 sub-projects along with completion reports of 8 LARPs. On the other hand, Taungya prepared four *Income Livelihood Restoration Plans* for the poor and severely affected people/ household (SAPs/HHs). The plans have been prepared based on the Need assessment Survey (NAS) report which conducted earlier the plans prepared. Among them only two plans were implemented and the rests 2 were detained. However, the implemented two plans benefited more than 57 households.

Total 655 APs were compensated BDT 128,739,445.42 which budget was BDT 172,120,420.38 under CCL during the project period for acquiring more than 129.3621 Acres (title-51.9913Acres, customary-77.3708Acres). More than 76,654 individuals (male-40,228 and female-36,426) were benefited out of 16,954 benefiting households. On the other hand 322 out of 337 APs of 8 sub-projects were supported with additional grants. The 322 APs received total BDT 9,661,092.43 out of BDT 9,819,648.65. The progress is 98.39% during the end of INGO project contract with MoCHTA. The EPs of the sub-projects particularly those who received compensation were able to increase their income for the cash benefits. Some of them invested their compensation in building houses, grocery shops, rice mills, auto rickshaw, hilly land with teak orchard, cows, goats etc to increase their income. Details of CCL are given in the Table No-12. Details information of Additional Grants are given below-

Table No- 30: Details of Additional Grants and Resettlement Benefits Payment

SI	Name of District	Sub-project Name	Total EPs	Total EPs Paid	Total EPs Unpaid	Total Additional Grants Amount	Paid Amount	Unpaid Amount	Progress in %
1	Rangamati	Betbunia Chairy Bazar- Lakichari via Barmachari Road	20	16	4	573,978.00	529,248.00	44730.00	92.21%
2	Rangamati	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat Rajastali via Mitingachari Road (Part-1)	4	4	0	424,136.24	424,136.24	0.00	100.00%
3	Rangamati	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat Rajastali via Mitingachari Road (Part-2)	12	12	0	468,072.00	468,071.90	0.1	100.00%
4	Rangamati	Marishya Bazar(Upazila Sadar) Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battoli	17	17	0	1,638,488.4	1,638,488.40	0.00	100.00%

SI	Name of District	Sub-project Name	Total EPs	Total EPs Paid	Total EPs Unpaid	Total Additional Grants Amount	Paid Amount	Unpaid Amount	Progress in %
		& Daskin Saroatali Road (Part-1)							
5	Khagrachari	Panchari – Bhaibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road	212	205	7	3,185,524.81	3,074,699.10	110,825.71	96.52%
6	Khagrachari	Sindukchari Union H/Q Dullahtali via Chailyatali Road	16	12	4	74,799.00	71,798.59	3,000.41	95.99%
7	Khagrachari	Garitana GC Batnatali Union H/Q via Jogyachola Bazar Road	55	55	0	3,340,968.45	3,340,968.45	0.00	100.00%
8	Bandarban	Raicha–Goaliakhola Road	1	1	0	113,681.75	113,681.75	0.00	100.00%
Total =			337	322	15	9,819,648.65	9,661,092.4	158,556.22	98.39%

Total 1462 APs in the 8 sub-projects were facilitated to update their land documents. Among them 807 APs successfully received their compensation.

70 consultation meetings were organized at 17 sub-projects during the project period. 24 ADRF were formed comprised of concerned stakeholders at each respective sub-project. The forums positively contributed in the process of implementation of the RR component. The entire LAR process had been carried out with extensive consultation and participation of the Affected Peoples (APs) and other stakeholders. For elaborating of this LAR process INGO arranged 51 Focus Group Discussions (FGDs) in the 17 sub-projects. Volumes of the FGDs were 1-8.

ADRF, LARAEC, PVAT, GRC were formed and advocated to mobilized as per guideline of the executive order MoCHTA. For details of the Executive Order see **Annexure No- 2**. All the committees were facilitated to play their respective roles as per project guideline of the executing agency MoCHTA. Three LARAECs were facilitated in three hill districts as well as three PVATs one at each districts. 24 ADRFs were formed to support to address possible dispute in the project in towards LAR process. The **Annexure No- 11** Represents details of the committee members who positively contributed the component B during implementation phase. The following table shows brief information of the committees-

Table No- 31: Number of ADRFs, LARAECs, PVATs and GRC of the Sub-projects

SL	Name of Sub-project	Number of ADRF Formation	Number of LARAEC Formation	Number of PVAT Formation	Number of GRC Formation
1	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari via Barmachari Road	2	1	1	1
2	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat - Rajastali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-1)	1	1	1	
3	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat - Rajastali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-2)	1	1	1	

SL	Name of Sub-project	Number of ADRF Formation	Number of LARAEC Formation	Number of PVAT Formation	Number of GRC Formation
4	Betbunia Chairy Bazar- Bara Aoulia Santir Hat Road	1	1	1	
5	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar)- Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battoli & Daskin Saroatali Road (Part-1)	1	1	1	
6	Panchari- Bhaibonchara GC via Santipur Arunya Kutir Road	1	1	1	
7	Sindukhari Union HQ Dulahtali GC via Chailyatali Road	2	1	1	
8	Garitana GC Batnatali Union HQ Road via jogyachola Bazar	1	2	3	
9	Ruma Sadar - Ruma Bazar Road	1	1	1	
10	Naikhongchari-Tumbru Road (Part-1)	2	1	1	
11	Naikhongchari-Tumbru Road (Part-2)	2	1	1	
12	Lama- Rupashipara Road	1	1		
13	Baniarchar- Gojalia Road	2	1		
14	Raicha -Goaliakhola Road	1	1	1	
15	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar)- Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battoli & Daskin Saroatali Road (Part-2)	2	1		
16	HoludiaVagyakulTankabati Road	2	1		
17	Panbazar Chokyong Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road	1	1		
Total =		24	18	14	1

CHAPTER- 4: REPORTING, DOCUMENTATION AND MONITORING PERFORMANCE

INGO sincerely supported PMO to prepare and submit all project reports on different frequency basis. The reports were prepared either on PMO provided formats or developed by INGO project team on monthly, quarterly, annual and need basis. The regular basis reports were collected by DFFs under supervision and compilation by DPOs then prepared by the concerned project MDO finally verified & reviewed by PM, approved by ED and then submitted to PMO. INGO successfully and timely submitted all the required reports to PMO as per contract. The reports were submitted mainly through e-mail sometime hard copies and soft copies both.

INGO adapted careful measure to document activities of component B throughout the project duration. Sketch maps with super imposing of 17 sub-projects, video data of pre road construction, socio-economy survey, LARP, ILRP, beneficiaries data, meeting minutes, still photographs, training reports, case study collection etc have been applied to document RR component activities. The documents were also shared with PMO on regular and need basis with quality preservation at the INGO office.

For the implementation of each LARP, a period in between 9 to 11 month was scheduled in each LARP. It extended internal and external monitoring and evaluation as well. Taungya was responsible for internal monitoring and evaluation. Accordingly, Taungya monitored the overall implementation of the LARPs using the following indicators:

Table No- 32: INGO's Monitoring Indicators

Monitoring Issues	Monitoring Indicators
Budget and time frame	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • have all land acquired and resettlement staff been appointed and mobilized for field and office work on schedule • have capacity building and training activities been completed • Are resettlement implementation staffs being achieved against agreed implementation plan? • Are funds for resettlement being allocated to resettlement agencies on time? • Have resettlement offices received the schedule fund? Have funds been absorbed according to LARP?
Delivery of AP Entitlements	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have all APs receive entitlements according to members and categories of loss out in the entitle matrix? • Have APs received payment on time? • Have all EPs received agreed resettlement benefits as per schedule of payment? • How many affected house-holds have received compensation for title land? • How many affected house-holds relocated and built their new structure at new location? • How many APs are being able to purchase replacement land? • Are APs able to access school, health service, cultural sites and activities? • Are income and livelihood restoration activities being implemented as planned? • Have affected farmers received entitlements? • Have affected business received entitlements? • Have the APs losing their livelihood receiving their entitlements? • Have the APs losing their eroded land received proper compensation? • Have properly identified users of IP Common Land been compensated?

Monitoring Issues	Monitoring Indicators
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have the squatters, encroachers of Khas land or LGED/or other government of Bangladesh (GoB) land displaced due to the project been compensated? • Have the community structures are compensated and rebuilt at new site? • Are host communities sufficiently assisted for civic amenities where necessary?
Consultation, Grievances and Special Issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have resettlement information brochures/leaflets been prepared in Bangla and distributed? • Have consultation taken as scheduled including meetings, groups, community activities? • How many APs known their entitlements? How many know if they have been received? • How many APS used the grievance redress procedures? What were out comes? • Have conflicts been resolved?
Benefit Monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • What changes have occurred in income and expenditure patterns compared to pre-project situation? • Have APs income kept pace with these changes? • What changes have occurred for vulnerable groups?

Following the above indicators, Taungya prepared its monitoring reports; monthly project progress reports, quarterly project report, and semi- annual/annual narrative project report for PMO, PIC and SQMC.

CHAPTER- 5: IMPACT

INGO conducts a social impact assessment of the sub-projects during first phase of 2019. The main aim of the *Social Impact Assessment* was to validate that the various adverse impacts are mitigated and the positive impacts are enhanced as per project intervention plans. However, the social impact assessment have been conducted during the following stages of the project viz. Pre-construction stage, Construction Stage, Operational Stage and Post- Construction Stage. Impact of the RR component can be measured in the following three stages-

- a) *Impact during Pre- construction Stage;*
- b) *Impact during Construction Stage;*
- c) *Impact during Operation Stage &*
- d) *Impact during Post- Construction Stage*

In a nut shell the table no. -15 demonstrate identified social impacts of the 17 sub-projects at various stages of implementation.

Table No- 33: Assessment of social impacts at different phases of project

Sl. No.	Actions	Pre-Construction	Construction	Operation	Post- Construction
1.	land acquisition	Changed attitudes for land documents updating, appropriate demarcation of lands with social harmony and dignity, respect towards indigenous tradition and cultures	Small scale deforestation, removal of house structures, dust pollution,	Gender promotion decision making process	Occupational changes and income generation, improvement of some house structures
2.	Road, box culvert and bridge construction		Employment of local labors during construction	Haphazard for road transports and communication	Good road communication systems, expansion of agro products marketing, increased opportunities for earning health & education services, trained farmers, increase of land value, trees, livestock etc.

30.847 acres multi crops /paddy land, 24.7591 acres orchard/homestead, 73.756 acres hills/hill slopes in total 129.3621 acres land were acquired for the construction of 83.774 kilometers roads divided into 17 sub-projects. This includes both recorded and customary ownerships; 51.9913 acres under recorded ownership and the remaining 77.3708 Acres under customary ownership. More than half of this estimated land comprises of hill slopes. In a number of places, the construction required hill-cutting too. The following table No-16 provides information Details Categories of Acquired Land.

Table No- 34: Details Categories of Acquired Land

Sl No	Name of sub-project	Multi Crops /Paddy Land (Acre)	Orchard/Homestead (Acre)	Hills/Hill Slopes (Acre)	Total Acquired Land(Acre)
1	Betbunia Chairy Bazar- Lakichari Road via Barmachari Road	3.0908	0.3728	11.3375	14.8011
2	Panchari GC Bhaibonchara GC via ShantipurArunyaKuthirRoad	4.58	2.81	0.98	8.37
3	Sindukchari Union H/Q-Duillahtali GC via Chaiyalatalli Road.	0.0911	1.1096	0	1.2007
4	Raikhali GC Ferryghat-RajastaliH/Q via Mitingachari Road (Part-1)	4.6859	1.4208	2.9713	9.078
5	RumaSadar-Ruma Bazar Road (Bridge & Approach).	0	0.0441	0.2192	0.2633
6	Raikhali GC Ferryghat-Rajastali H/Q via Mitingachari Road (Part-2)	0	0.3035	0	0.3035
7	Naikhongchari-Tumbru(Part-1)	2.355	0.434	2.831	5.62
8	Naikhongchari-Tumbru(Part-2)	4.8103	0.8716	9.3243	15.0062
9	Garitana GC Batnatali Union H/Q Road via Jogyochola Bazar	1.515	3.696	0.239	5.45
10	Raicha-Goaliakhola Road (Bridge& Approach)	0.3591	0.0835	0	0.4426
11	BetbuniaChairy Bazar –Bara AouliaSantir Hat Road.	1.1307	1.8682	4.3752	7.3741
12	Marishaya Bazar(UpazilaSadar) Mainimukh Bazar via BabuparaBattoli&Daskin, Saroatoli Road (Part-1)	0.7914	0.6065	8.6875	10.0854
13	Lama-Rupashi Para Road (Bridge & Approach)	0.34	0.65	7.25	8.24
14	Baniarchar-Gojalia Road (Road & structure).	1.1251	3.1789	15.516	19.82
15	Marishya Bazar (UpazilaSadar) Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Bottoli&DaskinSaraotali Road (Part-2)	4.4794	5.7459	7.2262	17.4515
16	HaludiaVaggakul-Tankbati Road	0	1.3922	0.7026	2.0948
17	Panbazar-ChokhyngTripurapara Road	1.4932	0.1715	2.0962	3.7609
Total =		30.847	24.7591	73.756	129.3621

On the other hand after the implementation of LARPs, Taungya carried out a post project survey. The reports discovered that the sub-projects impacted positively to the Socio- Economic conditions of the Affected People (APs). A post project survey on the implemented sub-projects discovered this better change. Many affected household improve their socio economic conditions than the pre-project levels. But the overall output of the implementation of the project cannot be said that the paved bad impact in the environment. The post project Socio Economic status of the affected households shown in the district wise tables below:

Table No- 35: Rangamati District

1.1. Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	13	28.26%	22	47.83%
120,000-180,000	8	17.39%	12	26.09%
60,000- 120,000	17	36.96%	8	17.39%
Below 60,000	8	17.39%	4	8.69%
Total =	46	100%	46	100%

1.2. Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I) Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	12	19.67	31	50.82
120,000-180,000	17	27.87	26	42.63
60,000- 120,000	29	47.54	3	4.92
Below 60,000	3	4.92	1	1.63
Total =	61	100%	46	100%

1.3. Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II) Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	2	28.57	4	57.14
120,000-180,000	5	71.43	3	42.86
60,000- 120,000	0	0	0	12.1
Below 60,000	0	0	0	0
Total =	7	100	7	100

1.4. Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-I) Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	37	59.68	53	85.48
120,000-180,000	12	19.35	4	6.45
60,000- 120,000	9	14.52	5	8.07
Below 60,000	4	6.45	0	0
Total =	62	100%	62	100%

Table No- 36: Khagrachari District

2.1. Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	48	38.71	68	54.84
120,000-180,000	20	16.13	41	33.06
60,000- 120,000	40	32.26	15	12.1
Below 60,000	16	12.9	0	0
Total =	124	100	124	100

2.2. Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	6	22.27	7	31.82
120,000-180,000	13	59.09	11	50
60,000- 120,000	3	13.64	4	18.18
Below 60,000	0	0	0	0
Total =	22	100%	22	100%

2.3. Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	33	40.74	57	70.37
120,000-180,000	25	30.86	20	24.69
60,000- 120,000	22	27.16	4	4.94
Below 60,000	1	1.24	0	0
Total =	81	100	81	100

Table No- 37: Bandarban District

3.1. Raicha-Goaliakhola Road Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	1	6.67	1	6.67
120,000-180,000	6	40	10	66.67
60,000- 120,000	8	53.33	4	26.66
Below 60,000	0	0	0	0
Total =	15	100	15	100

3.2. Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-I) Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre-project Income		Post- project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	24	40	39	65
120,000-180,000	23	38.33	13	21.67
60,000- 120,000	13	21.67	8	13.33
Below 60,000	0	0	0	0
Total =	60	100%	60	100%

3.3. Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II) Sub-project

Level of Income	Pre- project Income		Post-project Income	
	Number of HH	Percent (%)	Number of HH	Percent (%)
Above 180,000	68	40.72	95	56.89
120,000-180,000	57	34.13	43	25.75
60,000- 120,000	26	15.57	23	13.47
Below 60,000	16	9.58	6	3.59
Total =	167	100	167	100

Mitigation Measures:

Mitigation measures of the possible issues have been carefully considered on the way of implementation of the sub-project. In this connection land acquisition was guided by *THE CHITTAGONG HILL TRACTS (LAND ACQUISITION) REGULATION, 1958*. On the other hand, *ADB Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009* has been applied to handle compensation for land and additional grants. The mitigation measures did not even end in the compensation and other benefits and support but it also lies in the carefully undertaken income restoration measures along with technical capacity building trainings for the seriously affected village folks too. Moreover, plantation activities to cover up the floral loss along the project site promote environmental risks reduction for the road construction. Following table shows analysis of various social impacts and their proposed mitigation measures undertaken during implementation of the component B.

Table No- 38: Analysis of the various social Impacts and their proposed mitigation measures

Sl.	Type of Impact	Status	Mitigation Measures Undertaken
1.	Loss of land	Yes, there was loss of land	Compensation as per GoB- The Chittagong Hill Tracts (Land Acquisition) Regulation 1958, Section 3 (2) & ADB Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009
2.	Loss of built up properties	Basically raw house structures and kancha shop structures	Compensation as per GoB- The Chittagong Hill Tracts (Land Acquisition) Regulation 1958, Section 3 (2) & ADB Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009
3.	Loss of Productive Assets	Yes 2.5088 acres of paddy land	Compensation as per GoB- The Chittagong Hill Tracts (Land Acquisition) Regulation 1958, Section 3 (2) & ADB Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009
4.	Loss of Livelihood	Partially and the impact was not major	Income livelihood Restoration measures
5.	Loss of public utility lines	--	--

Sl.	Type of Impact	Status	Mitigation Measures Undertaken
6.	Loss of common property resources	Yes but only land not built up properties	--
7.	Loss of access to civic-services and common property resources	No	--
8.	Loss of cultural	No	--
9.	Displacement of Vulnerable communities	Yes but the displacement was adjacent to the affected land	Compensation for lands and structures besides additional grants from RHDC as per ADB Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009
10.	Loss of natural	No	--

CHAPTER- 6: MAJOR CHALLENGES

Experience of INGO to facilitate implementation of Component B was full with challenges which stroke again and again since the dawn of the project. First two quarters at the beginning fund shortage was dominant which was mitigated by interest free loan worth five lacs from the INGO Mother Account. Decease from illness of first Project Manager was also impacted team management and project documentation in some sort which was covered through careful effort and support from the INGO management. Anyway, challenges starts from alignment tender by LGED. The situation became very complicated during processing CCL and additional grants completion process. Compensation against customary lands was also detained by DC offices for years or two for lack of suitable notification. Schedule posting of new govt. officials in DC offices, LA Sections, LGED etc. made the context of compensation allocation process much difficult sometime. Follow up of file foot up was even worst in DC offices with a few exceptions of cooperating attitudes. The processes of land acquisition were supposed to complete within assumed timeline as per project framework but unusual procrastination of stakeholders detained the process even years long. So, the impact of the occurrences enforced LGED to commence construction activities strangely before compensation distribution and completion of land acquisition. The identified and mentioned challenges were mitigated through- frequently strategic communication and coordination, follow up, monitoring –feedback, support from the INGO senior management and overall guiding and advisory role of the PMO. Anyway, the following were the major challenges recorded by INGO from implementation of RR component-

- The land ownership documents of the most of the APs were not updated which hindered the process of handing over compensation to the Entitled Persons (EPs). In fact, it has been affecting overall implementation progress of the subprojects. Moreover, updating ownership documents involve prolonged procedures. Taungya (INGO) resolved many of such cases. But, it is yet a problem to pay compensation to the title land holder Entitle Persons (EPs).
- The land acquisition tasks of the DC office consume excess time. Failure to provide specific date and frequent changes in pre-scheduled dates to conduct verifications/visits delayed the progress of implementation. It was same for other departments (PWD, forest department, agriculture department) as well. However, Taungya (INGO) legged behind the DC officials and able the implementation of the LARP.
- Frequent transfer of the DC officials (DC, ADC, LAO, etc.) hampers the LARP implementation process. It takes more time to make understanding about the project and prolonged the overall Land Acquisition and Resettlement Plan implementation process.
- It was big challenge for Taungya to complete the assigned tasks as time bound action plan as because DC's were free of time bound action plan prepared by PMO and ADB, BRM to complete their Land Acquisition (LA) process.
- Though, it was assumed that with the existing staff Taungya could do the assigned tasks stipulated in the TOR easily but practically faced challenges to mobilize the staff from one district to another district. It was really a problem of staff shortage.
- It was another major challenge for Taungya to complete the sub-project activities timely overcoming the natural disasters.

CHAPTER- 7: PROCUREMENT

7.1. Method of Procurement:

According to the provisionary budget, INGO proceeded for project procurements following its “Procurement Manual” at all stages of the process. Projecting *Procurement Manual* of Taungya- “.....If there is procurement of single item is more than BDT 100,000/-, competitive sealed bidding must be followed”. So, to procure project logistics such as- motorcycle, engine boat, computers, office furniture and fixtures etc. INGO called open tender form at least three vendors for the each single item suppliers and selected qualified vendors as per lowest bid. The *Competitive Sealed Bidding* method reduced risks for quality purchase and ensured quality procurement process for the project.

7.2. Process of Procurement:

INGO firmly followed procurement process as per its organizational *procurement manual* for the Component B (Rural Roads) of CHTRDP-II Project. First of all the procurement issue were discussed in the Executive Committee meeting. After approval from the EC, INGO’s *Procurement Committee* was assigned to proceed for project procurement. So, sealed quotation was collected from the interested bidders for the selected project items. The prepared comparative statement for price comparison was reviewed by the Procurement Committee and the lowest bidders were selected as suppliers. INGO issues work orders and collect project logistics

7.3. Project Procured Items:

INGO completed project procurement following the above mentioned process and procedures in the very beginning of the project. INGO also maintained proper maintenance of project procured logistics during the project period so almost all the procured logistics are in usable condition when it was submitted to PMO as per contract. List of project procurement is given in the following table-

Table No- 39: List of CHTRDP-II (RR Component) Project Procurement

Sl.	Name of Item	Brand	Unit	Quantity	Unit Cost	Purchasing Date	Current Condition
1	Motor bike	HERO HONDA-100 CC	No.	3	1,48,000	10 July 2014	useable
2	Digital camera	Nikon D3100	No.	1	40,000	20 April 2014	useable
3	Video camera	CANON-EUS-60D	No.	1	100,000	20 April 2014	useable
4	Laptop computer	HP	No.	3	55,700	10 April 2014	useable
5	Desktop computer	Clone	No.	3	45,000	10 April 2014	useable
6	Engine Boat	local	No.	1	120,000	31 August 2014	Hardly useable
7	Furniture and fixture(11 chairs, 3 executive table and 3 file rack)	Chairs- RFL Executive table- Regal File rack-Regal	Set	1	73,659	10 April 2014	useable
8	Scanner	HP LaserJet professional P-1102	No.	1	6,500	12 August 2014	useable
9	Printer	Canon-LBP 3300	No.	2	15,000	10 April 2014	useable

All the logistic goods and motor cycles were in good quality and examined during the supply of vendors. They are still in use though some parts of some goods including motor cycles had been changed.

All the procured logistics have been formally returned to Convener, *NGO Logistics Receiving Committee* under PMO with a received copy of submission on 25 June 2019.

CHAPTER- 8: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Financial management of the project includes- project fund disbursement, budget expenditure, reporting and documentation. As per LoA with MoCHTA, INGO managed its financial concerns following its own Financial Policy and financial guidelines of the project. The project financial proposal also revised through negotiation with MoCHTA. So, finally approved budget were expensed by INGO without any irregularities or fund misuse.

According to the *Service Contract* with MoCHTA, page no – 42 Ref no- 45.1(a) – 1: *An advance payment equivalent to 10% of the total contract which is BDT Tk. 28,75,627 in local currency and US \$ 36,117 in foreign currency shall be made within 30 days after the Effective Date. The advance payment will be set off by the Client in equal installments against the statements for the first 12 months of the Services commencing starting from the 3rd month until the advance payment has been fully set off.* But due to complex processing system the “advance payment” which was actually kind of “interest free loan” was finally could achieve after six months latter since project implementation. So, INGO managed expenses of nearly six months through another interest free loan worth BDT 500,000/- taka from its own fund. Which was also set off by three installments but INGO will not be able to receive the total loan from the project as after project ends due to bank charge some amount approximately 3000-5000 will be charged by bank. Anyway the advance was set off by INGO in 12 installments each worth BDT 198,333/- . The rest project expenses were carried out on somewhat *expend and claim* basis. That is no advance fund has been transferred to INGO unless bills and vouchers were submitted to PMO. So, Taungya claimed fund basically on monthly expenses basis and needed not to arrange individual financial audit for this project fund but with the mother account. All original bills and vouchers of the project expenses submitted to PMO then and INGO documented with Xerox copies. Noteworthy that PMO itself arranged annual financial audit for the project as a hole. On the other hand, two times re-contract duration of the component was also carried out with no cost extension.

There was no regular Admin and Finance Officer staff for the project. So, the service for the post was maintained by finance staff of the organization with the Admin and Finance Officer- AFO title and position providing partial remuneration from the project. INGO supported PMO with regular and monthly basis financial reports with some annual on requisition by PMO. Manual books of accounts were maintained for the project such as- Cash Book, Stock Register, Fixed Assets Register, Cheque Issue Register, Salary Register etc. Notable that no fund were disbursed but to claimed after expenses consequently it was technically complex to maintain Ledger Book for the project. As a result INGO maintained it in soft copy of tracking tools.

The contracted/approved budget for RR component was BDT 28,756,273 (USD: 352,057.19; USD 1= BDT 79.62/ *Date* 20 January 2013) which was revised into BDT: 33,878,021.00 (USD: 418,506.79; USD 1= BDT 80.94/ *Date* 26 November 2017). The approved amount finally becomes **BDT 29,455,670.00** (subtracting 15% Vat). INGO expended the amount throughout the 5 years and 11 months project period even it was carried out in the two times no cost extension. However, first year (Sept'13-Aug'14) expenses were BDT 5,379,391.00; Second year (Sept'14-Aug'15) BDT 4,706,197.00; third year (Sept'15-Aug'16) BDT 5,950,406.00; fourth year (Sept'16-Aug'17) BDT 5,481,561.00; fifth year (Sept'17-Aug'18) BDT 5,058,458.00 and sixth year (Sept'18-June'19) BDT 2,871,212.00 total BDT 29,447,225.00 with BDT 8,445.00 variance. A detail of project expenses is attached in the **Annexure 18: Year-wise Budget Expenditure Statement & Annexure 19: Breakdown and Summary of the Budget and Expenditure of INGO**

Lesson Learning-

The project could have been implemented properly, if the concerned offices would not prolong the overall LAR process. INGO devoted its best endeavors to work close for forwarding and completing their tasks in times. But unfortunately it was much time consuming to complete the LAR process in almost all the sub-projects. PMO inclusively guided INGO to perform its assigned tasks in time. It was an awfully intricate tasks for INGO to be engaged in mobilizing the GoB departments in LA process. Delay of file foot up, report preparation for visits, reschedule of visit date etc.

Recommendation-

- Regarding delay in land acquisition process of the DC office, MoCHTA and PMO could regular contact with the DC office which would accelerate the progress. So, coordination among the DC office, HDC, RC, PMO is essential.
- The APs need to be notified and assisted (where required) to update land title ownership documents throughout the LARP implementation period and, the progress needs regularly monitored; so that the ownership/entitlement related complications could be resolved prior to disbursement of compensation. The APs should also been advised to initiate Inheritance Certificate from the DC office.
- In some cases, especially during road construction, it was found that some contractors (awardees for road construction) do not follow the alignment in cutting down soil, trees etc. Even use other land to gather construction materials or mound of soil. In that case, Affected People (APs) shown their aggrieved towards LGED and protest the road construction works. As a result project implementation got some delayed. So, LGED should be consulted with the Affected People before starting of road construction works.
- It is learnt that DC offices delayed the overall LARP implementation. Furthermore, in some cases LGED also got delay to hand over some sub-projects. It is quite impossible to complete those sub-projects within the tenure of TOR. So, the tenure should be extended at least for two years.
- Allocate sufficient motorcycles for the INGO staff as insufficient support causes various problems to cover project field in the three hill districts.
- Arrange refresher training for the project staff on annual/bi-annual basis.
- Develop Monitoring resource staff trough sufficient training from ADB and support INGO to ensure more effective monitoring mechanism in the project RR component.
- Ensure timely fund allocation to mitigate monthly financial issues like- timely disbursement of staff remuneration, TA/DA bills and other office expenses.
- Allocate increment of the staff salary and other benefits for this five years long project.

CHAPTER-10: CONCLUSION

It is one of the crucial needs to develop country roads of the rural areas in CHT. But due to political unrest situation, uncertainty of social political dynamics and remoteness this development was detained for long time. The unwanted decades of bloodshed and chaotic social political life of the people finally reach to a steady level after peace accord in 1997. But life and livelihood of the peoples were still in challenge for lack of communication systems. Peoples have been suffering from marketing of agricultural products; reach to have government various services on health, education, employment etc. Even now most of the remote and hard to reach areas are still in such situation if it doesn't improve by developing road communication system. The harsh circumstances directly affect especially the life of the pastoral folks who live on agriculture especially jum cultivators.

However, the loan agreement of People's Republic of Bangladesh and ADB unquestionably supported the rural community peoples to have a chance to improve their life and livelihood through development of road communication and livelihoods not only from the component B but also from the MAD and CI components. After many decades peoples of the rural areas have opportunities to address some of their crucial development needs through the project.

It was not an easy assignment to implement component B within assumed timeframe and strategy which have been experienced by INGO in every steps of accomplishment. Sometime the strongest strategy became the weakest efforts too. Consistent with the ToR service agreement, INGO expanded its facilitating support to the connected stakeholders and GoB departments for timely execution of all 17 sub-projects. But coordination and communication became very unsteady for delay response from the GoB departments. Especially the challenge became very hard in the DC offices for LA process. Conversely, there was certain period of works which were supposed to maintain sequence of activities and timeline. But INGO experienced its overriding loom to extend beyond the sequence of LAR in the sub-project activities from the relevant GoB departments which raised some distortion of dissatisfaction among the local affected communities. It was another challenge to induce the affected communities. The circumstances even became worst when two of three DCs deviated to deal out compensation against customary lands although it was one of the crucial mandates of the agreement of government with ADB.

Implementing NGO Taungya carefully implemented the 17 LARPs in 17 sub-project locations. Only focus area of assignment was to support to affected communities to have their righteous compensation and additional grants for their affected lands, structures and trees, support DC offices, FD and PWD to conduct verification, feasibility study visit prepare visit reports etc. Concern for environment in the sub-project implementation was not a field to monitor. But during the LAR implementation it has been experienced that there were some environment concern complained by the APs where hills slopes were cut without maintaining proper guideline which made the road vulnerable for future. The issue was reported to PMO in time for necessary actions.

The project watchfully encouraged gender promotion in case of committee formation, employment, extra additional grants support (BDT 2000/- tk. for the women led HHs if her house structures are affected for the road construction), active participation in decision making process. INGO cautiously observed and took actions in this case to advocate gender issues in the component B.

Income livelihood restoration plans were prepared for five sub-projects as stated before but capacity building training for income livelihood restoration for severely affected communities could not arranged for three as it was apprehended from PMO for substantial reasons. In addition it was found complicated to linkage the trainees to receive loan from the service providing organizations as there are no stretchy and gracious support offered. Community also found not to be interested for loan as per durable conditions of the service

providing agencies. Hence, only compensation, additional grants distribution that is cash compensation was the best support for the EPs to resettlement and livelihood revival.

Mentionable that the five years 11 months project supposed to provide much support for the project staffs. In case of transportation facilities, which is only three motorcycles were procured to supervise project activities in three hill districts one for each whereas the fields covered far most northern parts to remote southern parts of the CHT. Besides it was illogical, awkwardly time consuming and expensive to cover those fields by using public transportation on regular basis. Monitoring and Documentation Officer who was assigned to monitor project fields regularly in the three districts was not provided a motor cycle from the project. Moreover, the field monitoring was complicated for women field staff due to the trips requires night halt and lack of safe accommodation especially in the remote areas. At the end of the project some posts also eliminated and some posts did not remain with new staff recruitment which resulted into staff shortage at the end in INGO part. Remuneration of the project field staff may also be considered very poor comparing the present constantly changing market prices. It was difficult to engage such staff with such poor remuneration which even did not have any opportunities to add increment throughout the nearly six year's long project.

The project could have been implemented duly, if the DC offices would not prolong timely actions of the overall LAR process. INGO dedicatedly applied its best efforts in the timely completion of the project activities. It persuaded personals of the DC offices for forwarding and completing their tasks in assumed times. But unfortunately it took much more time consumption to complete the LAR process in almost all the sub-projects. PMO inclusively guided the INGO to perform its tasks in time and accordingly INGO completed its tasks in planned schedule. So, learning from the project is to engage strong facilitating support in the DCs rapidly from higher agency and then the LARPs will be implemented in times.

It has been an effort to represent all the issues and areas of project interventions from INGO part in this completion reports.

Annexure-1: ToR of Component B

OUTLINE TERMS OF REFERENCE FOR RESETTLEMENT IMPLEMENTATION NGO

1. The Resettlement Implementation NGO (INGO) will work under the supervision of the Chief Resettlement Officer of the Project Management Unit (PMU), under the guidance of the Project Implementation Consultant (PIC) Social Safeguards Specialist, and directly with the District PMU team to prepare and implement sub-project resettlement plans. All Plans will be prepared in accordance with the project Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (March 2011) and following the examples prepared during early 2011.
2. Each LARP will cover all impacts of project roads or other infrastructure where LARP preparation is triggered. All LARPS, prepared against the initial lay-out of LGED, will need to be updated once the contractor has prepared a final design.
3. The INGO will provide the following core staff, at least half of whom should be women. Field staff should be conversant in local indigenous languages, therefore association with one or more local NGOs is encouraged: Preparation Phase: Team Leader/Resettlement Specialist and Social Impact Specialist, plus two enumerators. Implementation Phase: Team Leader plus one resettlement implementation specialist per LARP; one income restoration specialist. The NGO should have experience in preparation and implementation of land acquisition and resettlement activities in Bangladesh, with experience in the Chittagong Hill Tracts a particular advantage.
4. The LGED engineer will accompany the team members to each proposed road site and walk the alignment with them, pointing out anticipated land acquisition needs, including areas where earthworks to correct slopes and gradients are likely to be necessary. LGED will also advise the team on the likely road type and width, and the location of any bridges along the alignment.
5. The INGO Team Leader/Resettlement Specialist (20 person-months): will lead initial meetings with each affected community, and disseminate the policy and entitlement principles of the LAR Framework so that stakeholders understand both the anticipated impacts of the project and the process for undertaking land acquisition and resettlement. An outline of these community meetings must be minuted, including the names of those present and any questions asked and their answers, any issues raised, and the outcomes of discussions. The team will ensure all sections of the relevant community are represented at the community meeting, including women and all ethnic groups. Signatures of those present will be recorded as well as photographs of the meeting. To comply with ADB's indigenous people's policy, it must be made explicit during the meetings that each affected community is asked for its consent to the project, particularly those losing land. Such consent, if given, should be recorded with signatures and witness. Further tasks include:
 - (i) Preparation of a sketch map of the proposed alignment with any prominent landmarks indicated, and land ownership along its length including the names of affected persons (sample in Annex 1).
 - (ii) Map showing the location of the subproject road within the District.
 - (iii) A brief description of the environment along the alignment including any suggested strategies to avoid or minimize impacts.

- (iv) Video and photo inventory of each area of impact to correctly record the status of land and assets in case of future disputes.
 - (v) Completion of the Land Valuation Survey (Annex 3) to provide draft costs for the LARP.
 - (vi) Management of the outputs of the team, coordination with LGED and affected communities.
 - (vii) Documentation of the process, progress and satisfactory completion in the form of short progress and completion reports.
6. The Team Leader/Resettlement Specialist should have a Masters degree in social studies, land planning or other relevant subject plus 7 years experience in working with communities on resettlement projects, and experience working with government and international organizations. Experience managing a resettlement and land acquisition program will be a requirement.
7. The Social Impact Specialist (30 person-months): will profile the affected area and conduct the socio economic survey of affected persons (included in Annex 2) to produce the following:
- (i) Socioeconomic profile of the affected community/communities
 - (ii) Likely socio-economic impacts of the road subproject including changes in access, travel time, etc
 - (iii) Number of households per para to be served by the road subproject with current distance from the main road
 - (iv) Socio-economic profile of affected people
 - (v) Inventory of loss (land, structures, trees, crops, impacts on livelihood if appropriate) for each affected person
 - (vi) Other information as necessary to provide the relevant data tables for the LARP.

The social impact specialist should have a degree in social sciences or any related field with 5 years of minimum project-related experience.

8. The Income Restoration Specialist (30 person months): will work closely with local communities to assess and improve livelihood activities in CHT. The consultant should have a degree in social sciences or any related field with 5 years minimum project-related experience. A demonstrated understanding of CHT local livelihoods including agriculture, nonfarm rural opportunities, and local markets would be desirable.
9. The INGO will take the socio-economic and inventory of loss information and produce all required Draft LARPs¹, with associated budgets and instructions for updating, for submission, through the PIC to ADB and the Government of Bangladesh in line with the approval procedure set out in the LAR Framework. The INGO will also identify any Severely Affected Persons (SAPs) according to the definition in the LARF, and design appropriate income restoration measures for such SAPs, in consultation with the PIC Social Safeguards Specialist, and with reference to the implementation of various core components of the overall Project (such as Micro Agribusiness Development).

10. All resettlement related information gathered and monitored by the INGO will be properly maintained electronically in the form of a database which will be regularly shared with the PIC.
11. The INGO resettlement implementation specialists will maintain close liaison with affected communities, making sure they understand their entitlements under the LARPs and updating them as resettlement milestones are known, such as date for receiving compensation, date that any trees or structures are to be cleared from an alignment, date for handing over the cleared alignment to contractors, etc. The INGO will also participate in the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as set out in the LARF, and assist with implementation of income restoration measures.
12. Timeframe: 5 years (intermittent)
13. Reporting Requirements
 - Short (one page) progress reports – monthly
 - Resettlement Plans for each road contract package and other infrastructure if required
 - Short completion report – end of Year 5 or completion of activities.

Annexure 2: Executive Order from MoCHTA

*Mr. Shaukat
Secretary
MoCHTA*

Government of The People's Republic of Bangladesh
Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs
Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka



No-29.226.014.00.00.203-2013- 462

Dated: -8-12-2013

Subject: **Approval & Issuance of Executive order for legal validity of committees for Land Acquisition & Resettlement Implementation under Loan No-2763: BAN-Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project (CHTRDP-II).**

The under signed is directed to inform that the Government of Bangladesh (GoB) signed a loan agreement with Asian Development Bank (ADB) on 2 October 2011, (Loan No.2763- BAN) to facilitate socio-economic development in the region of the Chittagong Hill Tracts by means of building rural access through a project, titled 'Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project' (CHTRDP II).

As the project requires substantive 'land acquisition and resettlement' (LAR) to compensate the affected persons and households and which are financed by ADB from its own funds. This Executive Order (EO) by the Ministry of CHT Affairs is directed to validate the overall process. The EO is made in reference to the Schedule 5 Section number 8 of the loan agreement duly signed between the GoB and ADB as mentioned above.

The EO is framed pursuant to the pertinent laws and GoB administrative instruments (ordinance, circular, etc) and complies with the safeguard policy of ADB on three major areas of focus, namely; 1) Environment, 2) Indigenous Peoples and 3) Resettlement, notwithstanding the different terminologies used by either party to designate specific groups of peoples and communities such as 'ethnic minorities' by GoB and 'indigenous peoples' by ADB.

The EO thus takes reference from the Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009 (SPS 2009) of ADB and the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF) done during the Project Preparatory Technical Assistance (PPTA) phase of the CHTRDP II for the purpose of providing the overall framework for land acquisition and resettlement under the project. The EO also takes into cognizance of the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Guidelines prepared for the purpose of LAR for CHTRDP II.

By authority of this Executive Order, the Government thus gives endorsement to the contents of the said Guidelines and administrative sanction to the overall process and operational modalities of LAR as laid down in this Guidelines for CHTRDP II.

More specifically, the present EO gives administrative sanction and legal endorsement to the following:

- Compensation and relocation benefits to the affected persons over communal land even if such affected persons do not possess ownership titles
- The rights for entitlement of the affected ethnic minority persons over communal land as recognized in the Safeguard Policy Statement, 2009 of ADB pertaining to indigenous peoples
- The administrative sanction and legal cover for land acquisition and resettlement for the project through various committees which are comprised of pertinent representatives of government including the DC, HDC, CHTRC, Circle Chief and Headmen, UP Chairmen and MoCHTA.
- In particular, the EO approves the operational authority in this regard of the various committees as included in the projects above-mentioned LAR Guidelines, namely;

(P.T.O-2)

- **Resettlement Advisory Committee (RAC)**
- **LAR Assessment/Estimation Committee (LARAEC)**
- **Property Valuation Assessment Team (PVAT)**
- **Alternative Dispute Resolution Forums (ADRF)**
- **Grievance Redress Committee (GRC)**

The detailed Terms of References of these Committees are provided hereunder:

Resettlement Advisory Committee (RAC)

The Resettlement Advisory Committee will be composed of the following members;

- Chairman, CHTRC or his representative - Chairperson
- 2 (Two) Representatives from MoCHTA - Member
- HDC Chairmen of the 3 Hill Districts or their nominated councilor as representatives, - Members
- Deputy Commissioner of the 3 Hill Districts or their nominated representatives -Member
- Circle Chief, Chakma, Bomang & Mong Circle - Members
- Project Director (RR Component) or nominated representative, LGED - Member
- Project Director, Project Management Office (PMO), CHTRDP-II -Member-Secretary

In total the RAC will have 14 members.

Authority & Responsibilities of the RAC

The main authority and responsibilities of the RAC will, among others, consist of the following;

- Provide policy guidance and backstopping to CHTRDP II as regards the LAR matters.
- Meet the cases of grievances in case referred by the GRC and deliver appropriate verdicts after thorough deliberations.

Rules of Business of the RAC

- The RAC will meet as and when necessary and as many times as necessary provided that it shall meet at least three times a year.
- Half of the members will constitute a quorum
- Efforts will be made to take the decisions unanimously. However, in cases where unanimity could not be ensured, decision will be taken by majority vote.
- The Member Secretary, with the consent of the Chairperson, will call the meeting of RAC.
- In case of tie, the Chairperson will have a casting vote.
- Minutes of all meetings will be recorded and will remain in the custody of the Member Secretary.
- The RAC may invite external resource persons in its meeting if such a need is felt.

(P.T.O-3)



LAR Assessment/Estimation Committee (LARAEC)

The LARAEC will be composed of the following:

- HDC Chairman or representative - Chairperson
- Land Officer (LO), HDCs for their respective District - Member
- Land Acquisition Officer, Concerned DC office - Member
- Representative, Headmen Association for the respective district - Member
- Representative, UP Chairmen Association - Member
- Representative, District Project Management Office (DPMO), CHTRDP-II, - Member
- Representative, LGED (for RR only) - Member
- Representative LAR NGO - Member-Secretary

In total, the LARAEC will have 8 members and it will be set up in each hill district.

Authority & Responsibilities of the LARAEC

The main authority and responsibilities of the LARAEC will, among others, consist of the following:

- To carry out exhaustive survey of the overall LAR requirements based on the design of the CI sub-projects or the Rural Roads by LGED.
- To determine the ownership of the titled land through thorough scrutiny of the requisite ownership documents.

Rules of Business of the LARAEC

- The LARAEC will meet as and when necessary and as many times as necessary
- Half of the members will constitute a quorum with the presence of the Chairperson and the Member Secretary as mandatory.
- Efforts will be made to take the decisions unanimously. However, in cases where unanimity could not be ensured, decision will be taken by majority vote.
- The Member Secretary, with the consent of the Chairperson, will call the meeting of LARAEC.
- In case of tie, the Chairperson will have a casting vote.
- Minutes of all meetings will be recorded and will remain in the custody of the Member Secretary.
- The LARAEC may invite external resource persons in its meeting if such a need is felt.

Property Valuation Assessment Team (PVAT)

The composition of the PVAT is as follows;

- Representative, HDCs, Chairperson
- Representative, Headmen Association, Member
- Land Acquisition Officer, DC Office
- Representative, PMO/DPMO, Member
- Representative, LGED, Member
- Representative, Upazilla and UP Chairmen, Members
- Representation, NGO, Member- Secretary

(P.T.O-4)



Annexure 3: MoCHTA letter for compensation against communal lands under CHTRDP-II project

২৬/১১/১৬

সংসদীয় জমি পরিচালনা বোর্ড
 পাবনা চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায়
 পরিচালনা কার্যালয়
 বাংলাদেশ সচিবালয়, ঢাকা
 (www.mochta.gov.bd)



স্মারক নং: সুই-৬৭/শাচলউজ-২/২০১৪/৬-২৬

তারিখ: ০১/১০/২০১৬ খ্রি:

বিষয়: শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন-২য় পর্যায়(১ম সংশোধিত) (পিএমও অংশ) শীর্ষক প্রকল্পের আওতায় অধিগ্রহণকৃত জমির ক্ষেত্রে ভূমি অধিগ্রহণ, স্বাক্ষরীয় ১নং খাস অভিযানকৃত জমির দখলদার বা ১নং খাস অভিযানকৃত ভূমিতে বসবাসকারীদের ভূমি Communal Land বিবেচনায় তাদের অধিকৃত ভূমি ও স্থানবা / বাসস্থানের ক্ষতিপূরণ প্রদান বিষয়ে নির্দেশনা সংক্রান্ত।

কু: ১) ফকর পরিচালক, বাংলাদেশ সরকার (স্মারক নং-০১.৪২.১৪০০.৩০০-০৭.০৪১.১৭-১৮৬(৪) তারিখ: ০৪/১০/২০১৬)

উপরোক্ত বিষয় ও সূত্রের প্রেক্ষিতে জানানো যাচ্ছে যে, শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন-২য় পর্যায়(১ম সংশোধিত) (পিএমও অংশ) শীর্ষক প্রকল্পটি জমি উন্নয়ন আওতা (এডিবি) ও বাংলাদেশ সরকারের অর্থায়নে বাস্তবায়িত হচ্ছে। উক্ত প্রকল্পের আওতায় ভূমি অধিগ্রহণের ক্ষেত্রে বাংলাদেশ সরকার ও এডিবি এর মতব্বন্ধন নং ০২/১০/২০১১খ্রি তারিখে সম্পাদিত দফতরী Schedule 5 এর নিয়ম (i) Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF) এবং এ বিষয়ে শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায়ের নং ৬-২৬.২০১৬ তারিখের ২৬.২২৬.০১৪.০০.০০, ২০৩.২০১৬-৪৬২ নং স্মারকে জারীকৃত নির্দেশী আদেশ মোতাবেক ক্ষতিপূরণ প্রদান হইবে।

২) স্বীকৃত অবস্থায়, বাংলাদেশ সরকার ও এডিবি'র মধ্যে সম্পাদিত দফতরী নং ৬/১২/২০১৩ তারিখে শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায় প্রকল্প (১ম সংশোধিত) (পিএমও অংশ) শীর্ষক প্রকল্পের আওতায় জমি অধিগ্রহণের ক্ষতিপূরণ প্রদানের প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য নির্দেশক্রমে প্রদান করা হইল।

৩) উক্ত LARF এর কপি
 (১) সংশ্লিষ্ট স্থানকারী কার্য নির্বাহী অফিসে

(কার্য নির্বাহী প্রধান)
 উঃ প্রধান
 ফোন: ৯৫৪২০০৭
 mokles_bd@yahoo.com

জেলা প্রশাসক
 বাংলাদেশ।
 অফিসি।

- ১। প্রকল্প পরিচালক, শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায় প্রকল্প (১ম সংশোধিত) (পিএমও অংশ), উত্তর কালিঙ্গপুর, বাংলাদেশ।
- ২। জেলা প্রশাসক, বাংলাদেশ।
- ৩। বিভিন্ন মহোদয়ের একত্র সচিব, শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায়, বাংলাদেশ সচিবালয়, ঢাকা।
- ৪। প্রকল্প পরিচালক, শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায় প্রকল্প (২য় সংশোধিত) (এলজিইডি অংশ), এলজিইডি, ঢাকা

শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায়
 প্রকল্প বাস্তবায়ন কার্যালয়, রাজশাহী।

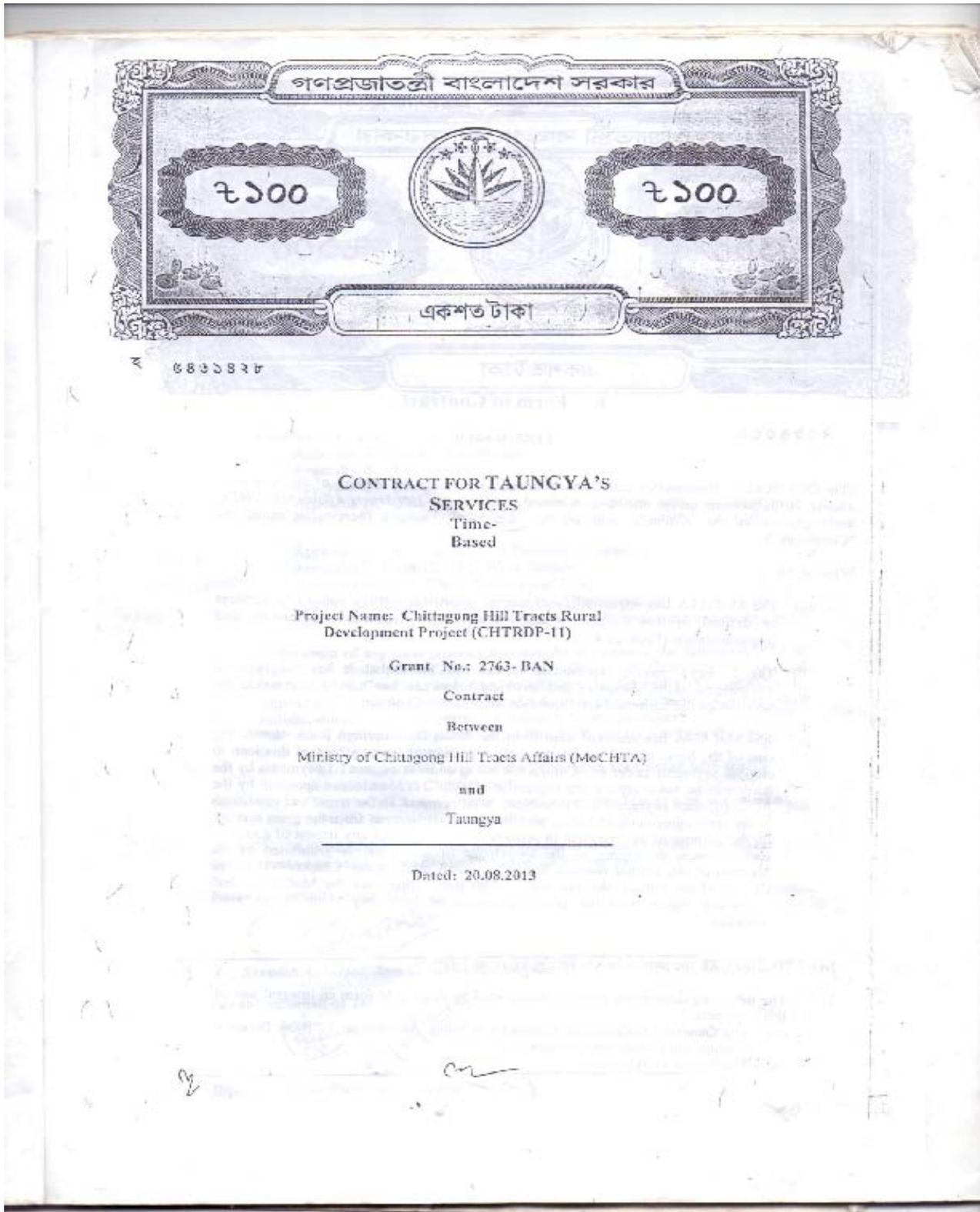
স্মারক নং: সুই-৬৭/শাচলউজ-২/২০১৪/৬-২৬

তারিখ: ২৫ নভেম্বর ২০১৬ খ্রি।

উপরোক্ত শর্তে সদয় অবগতি ও প্রয়োজনীয় ব্যবস্থা গ্রহণের জন্য পরামর্শ করা হইল।

মুকুতি রজন চাকমা এলজিপি
 প্রকল্প পরিচালক
 ফোন: ০৩৫১-৬১৪০৬(অঃ)

- নিবন্ধন: সদস্য আওতাধীন ও কার্যার্থে
- ১। মাননীয় চেয়ারম্যান, শার্বতী চট্টগ্রাম আঞ্চলিক পরিষদ, প্রধান কার্যালয়, রাজশাহী।
 - ২। মাননীয় চেয়ারম্যান, রাজশাহী/খাগড়াছড়ি/বান্দারবান শার্বতী জেলা পরিষদ।
 - ৩। সার্কেল চীফ, চাকমা/মঃ/নোয়াখালী সার্কেল, রাজশাহী/খাগড়াছড়ি/বান্দারবান।
 - ৪। নির্বাহী প্রকৌশলী, এলজিইডি, রাজশাহী/খাগড়াছড়ি/বান্দারবান শার্বতী জেলা।
 - ৫। উপ-প্রকল্প পরিচালক, রাজশাহী/খাগড়াছড়ি/বান্দারবান ডিবিএমও, অঃ প্রকল্প।
 - ৬। নির্বাহী পরিচালক, টংগা, কল্যাণপুর, রাজশাহী।





I. Form of Contract

কক ২০৮৪০০৫

TIME-BASED

This CONTRACT (hereinafter called the "Contract") is made the 20 day of the month of August, 2013, between, on the one hand, Ministry of Chittagong Hill Tracts Affairs (MoCHTA, hereinafter called the "Client") and, on the other hand, Taungya (hereinafter called the "Consultant").

WHEREAS

- (a) The MoCHTA has requested the Taungya to provide certain consulting services as defined in this Contract "NGO services for Resettlement Planning and Implementation (Package 4)".
- (b) The Taungya, having represented to the MoCHTA that it has the required professional skills, expertise and technical resources, has agreed to provide the Services on the terms and conditions set forth in this Contract;
- (c) The MoCHTA has received loan from the Asian Development Bank toward the cost of the Services and intends to apply a portion of the proceeds of this loan to eligible payments under this Contract, it being understood that (i) payments by the Bank will be made only at the request of the MoCHTA and upon approval by the Bank; (ii) such payments will be subject, in all respects, to the terms and conditions of the grant agreement, including prohibitions of withdrawal from the grant account for the purpose of any payment to persons or entities, or for any import of goods, if such payment or import, to the knowledge of the Bank, is prohibited by the decision of the United Nations Security Council taken under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations; and (iii) no party other than the MoCHTA shall derive any rights from the grant agreement or have any claim to the grant proceeds;

NOW THEREFORE the parties hereto hereby agree as follows:

1. The following documents attached hereto shall be deemed to form an integral part of this Contract:
 - (a) The General Conditions of Contract (including Attachment 1 "Bank Policy - Corrupt and Fraudulent Practices);
 - (b) The Special Conditions of

M

Handwritten signature



৳ ৫৪৬১৪০০

Contract; (c) Appendices:

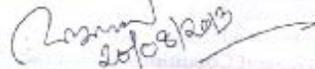
- Appendix A: Terms of Reference
- Appendix B: Key Experts
- Appendix C: Remuneration Cost Estimates
- Appendix D: Other Expenses, Provisional Sums and Contingency Cost
- Appendix E: Estimates
- Appendix F: Form of Advance Payments Guarantee
- Appendix G: Form TECH-5, Work Schedule
- Appendix H: Form FIN-2 (Summary of Cost)
- Appendix I: Form FIN-3 (Breakdown of Remuneration)
- Appendix J: Form FIN-4 (Other expenses, provisional sums and contingency)

In the event of any inconsistency between the documents, the following order of precedence shall prevail: the Special Conditions of Contract; the General Conditions of Contract, including Attachment 1; Appendix A; Appendix B; Appendix C and Appendix D; Appendix E. Any reference to this Contract shall include, where the context permits, a reference to its Appendices.

2. The mutual rights and obligations of the MoCHTA and the Taungya shall be as set forth in the Contract, in particular:
- (a) The Taungya shall carry out the Services in accordance with the provisions of the Contract; and
 - (b) The MoCHTA shall make payments to the Taungya in accordance with the provisions of the Contract.

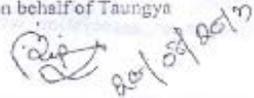
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have caused this Contract to be signed in their respective names as of the day and year first above written.

For and on behalf of MoCHTA



Mr. Basudeb Acharjee, Joint Secretary (Development)

For and on behalf of Taungya



Biplab Chakma, Executive Director

Annexure 4: Socio Economic Survey (SES) format

Area Code:				
Form No.				

Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project (CHTRDPII)

Socioeconomic Survey of Affected Family and Persons due to acquisition of land

01. Particulars of household:

Census Form No.				
01 Name of head of household/Institution	t	<input type="text"/>		
02 Father's Name	t	<input type="text"/>		
03 Mother's Name	t	<input type="text"/>		
04 Name of respondent and relation with head of the household (wife/son, daughter/husband/others)	t	<input type="text"/>		
05 Village/ Road No./ Avenue No.	t	<input type="text"/>		
06 Union /Ward	t	<input type="text"/>		
07 Police Station	t	<input type="text"/>		
08 District	t	<input type="text"/>		
09 Main Profession/Occupation	t	<input type="text"/>		
10 Indigenous people (mention tribe)	t	<input type="text"/>		
11 Religion	t	<input type="text"/>		
12 Membership of Organization (if any)	t	<input type="text"/>		
13 Yearly income of the family	t	<input type="text"/>		
14 Name of Chairperson/Secretary/ (In case of Social Institution)	t	<input type="text"/>		

N.B: Items # 2,3,4,5,10,11 and 12 are not applicable for item # 14

Name of Interviewer _____ Date _____

Signature of Supervisor _____ Date _____

02. Particulars of household:

Sl.	Name of household member(s) (Starts with household head)	Relationship with HOH*	Age	Sex	Marital status	Main Profession/ Livelihood	Secondary Profession/ Livelihood (if any)	Total Yearly income (Taka)	Education qualification	Physical status/ Disability	Owner of Affected Property (Yes/No)
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
6											
7											
8											

* HOH= Head of Household

03. Particulars of land:

Do you have your own land within the Project Right of Way? Yes/ No.

If yes, would you please mention about the type of ownership?

If answer is 'yes', furnish detail information about your own land.

Sl.	Types of land	Code No of Land	Area of own land (decimal)	Land affected by project			Area of residual Land (decimal)
				Mouza	Para/Plot No.	Area (decimal)	
1.	Homestead						
2.	Agriculture land (1 st grade land)						
	Single Cropped						
	Double Cropped						
	Multi Cropped						
3	Medium Hill (2 nd grade land)						
	Vita						
	Orchard						
	Other crops						
	Fallow land						
4	Hill (3 rd grade land)						
	Timber/Fruit tree						
	Forest						
	Others						
5	Jhum						
6	Pond (Cultivated)						
7	Pond (Non-Cultivated)						
8	Fallow land (plain land)						
9	Road/community						

	property						
10	Water body/ditch						
11	Others (Please mention)						
	Total own land						

If answer is 'No'

04. Affected land under community/other's ownership (Khas/Relatives (Uthuli)/Other's)

Type of land	Code No.	Mouza	Plot No. (if any)	Area of land (Decimal)	Area of acquired land (decimal)	Status of present use	Comments

For how long using the land, _____, Is there any agreement ? Yes/No.

If answer is yes, Name of person/Organization contracted with _____

05. Use of Community/Government land (Partial/full) adjacent to own land

Type of land	Mouza	Para	Area of land in use (Decimal)	Area in affected land (decimal)	Status of present use	Comments

06. Cultivation related:

Do you cultivate affected land by yourself? Yes/No.

If answer is 'No'

In case of sharecropping, furnish details of sharecroppers

SL No.	Name of Share Croppers and address	Mauza	Para/Plot No (if any)	Area of land (Decimal)	Size of affected portion of land (decimal)	Share of produce received (Percentage)
1.						
2.						
3.						
4.						

07. Mortgage/Kat (Locally practiced mortgage) Lease/Contract-particulars:

Have you taken affected land by way of mortgage/Kat/Lease/Other Contract? Yes/No

If answer is yes, please furnish the particulars.

SL	Nature of	Name	Mouz	Para/Pl	Are	Area of	Value	Time	Duratio	Amou
----	-----------	------	------	---------	-----	---------	-------	------	---------	------

No	owner-ship mortgage/ kat/Lease/Contract	& address of real owner of land	a	ot No. (if any)	a of land (dec)	affected portion of land (decimal)	of Contract (Taka)	of Contract (year)	n of Contract/ Lease etc.	nt of yearly paid up taka
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										

08. Particulars of trees (Individual ownership/Community/Government or owned by any other agency):

A. Detail description of trees on Own land

SL. No.	Name of tree	Fruit bearing (yes/No)	Description of trees							
			Large		Medium		Small		Plant	
			No.	Acquired	No.	Acquired	No.	Acquired	No.	Acquired
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										
6.										
7.										
8.										
9.										
10.										
11.										
12.										

B. Detail description of trees on Community/GoB land

SL NO	Name of tree	Fruit bearing (yes/No)	Description of trees							
			Large		Medium		Small		Plant	
			No	Acquired	No.	Acquired	No.	Acquired	No.	Acquired
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										
6.										
7.										
8.										
9.										
10.										
11.										

09. Detail of structures (Homestead/CBEs/CPRs etc.) if affected:

SL	Use of Structure	Description of Structure *			Code No.	Size		Approximate Value of structure	To be affected due to acquisition, Yes/No.	Type of land
		Roof	Wall	Floor		Unit	Quantity/No.			
1.										
2.										
3.										
4.										
5.										

* Within or out of the ROW.

Type of land code: 1- Individual ownership, 2-Owned by others, 3-Communityowned, 4-Government land (if used partially or fully) adjacent to the land owned by respondent.

Unit Code: 1=S.F.T, 2= R.F.T, 3= Number, 4= C.F.T.

10. Commercial Enterprises (Only affected):

Own Commercial Structure and Own business:

SL	SL. No. following description of structure	Name of business	Name of business owner	Father's Name	Address	Amount of business capital	Average monthly income from business	No. of appointed Employees	Whether owner of the CBE Y/N

11. Labor/Employees employed in affected business/industry (own & rented)

SL	By-SL. No. Q-10	Name of Enterprises /Industry	Name of labor/employee & address	Sex	Age	Designation	Monthly wage/salary

12. Is there any Social Institution (such as school/college/health complex/historical place), Religious Institution (Pagoda//Temple/Church/ Mosque /Eidgah/Graveyard/Cremation ground) or Development Project (Road, Hat & Bazar) etc. on acquired land?

Yes/N-Yes

If answer is yes, please give details.

If answer is yes	Please give details.	If answer is yes	Please give details.	If answer is yes

13. Do you have electricity in your house? Yes/No.

If answer is yes, Number of electric light, __, No. of fan _____& others_____

14. What kind of toilet you use? (Katcha/Slab/Pucca)?__

15. What is source of water of your family?

For drinking- Stream, Tube well, well, river, pond, other) (Put tick)

For other household use- Stream, Tube-well, well, river, pond, other) (Put tick)

Is the source arsenic contaminated? Yes/No/Not Known.

Will acquisition of land affect sources of water? Yes/No.

16. For how many years you are staying at your present residence? _____

If you have shifted to present residence, where did you live before that? _____

17. Was your house ever devastated by land slide/ erosion of river? If answer is yes, how many times? ____

The last time of devastation of your house _____

18. Where you and your family members use to go for medical treatment (Village/Market/Town)? (Put tick)

Whom do you consult? (Ayurvedic, Physician/Allopathic / Homeopath /Healer/ Exorcist) (Put tick)

What kind of treatment you take (Exorcism/ Allopathic / Homeopathy/ Ayurvedic) (Put tick)

19. How many members of your family are in service and business?

Total number of service holder _____ Male _____, Female _____,

Total number of businessmen _____, Male _____ Female _____

Working place of male member (own Upazila/other than own Upazila), name of district if other than own Upazila _____

Working place of female member (own Upazila/other than own Upazila), name of district if other than own Upazila _____

If working place of Male /Female in abroad, name of the country _____.

20. Have taken loan from any institution ? Yes/No

If answer is yes:

Sl. #	Name of Institution	Amount of loan	Year of loan received	Duration of loan
1	2	3	4	5

21. House rent (only affected)

SL No.	By-SL No. from Q-9	Name of Renter	Father's Name	Address	Monthly rent	No. of Family members
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

22. Nature of loss of respondent (mentionable)

- (a) Land
- (b) Homestead
- (c) Other Structure
- (d) Tree
- (e) Business
- (f) Crops

Resettlement related: (If homestead/business/common resources properties-CLARP is affected, Q32-Q36 are applicable)

23. (Only in case of affected homestead/CLARP)

Owner of land (self/relatives/Government/Others)_____

Kind of loss of homestead: Partially/Fully

Quantity of residual land except affected land, useable as homestead (decimal)_____fallow (decimal) _____cultivable (decimal) _____

24. Would you like to donate your land/property for the betterment of the community without receiving any compensation for the affected property? Yes/No

25. Do you like to (a) be resettled on your residual land or (b) be resettled by purchasing of new land or (c) by the project:_____

If you be resettle by yourself, where?

Nearby place

In other village

In Town

Others (Please mention)

26. In case of affected business/industrial establishment: _____

Name of owner of business / industrial enterprises _____

Kind of loss of infrastructure: Partially/Fully.

27. Do you like to (a) be resettled in your own land or (b) be resettled by purchasing land or (c) be resettled by the project?

If you be resettled by yourself, where?

Nearby place

In other village

In town

Others (Please mention)

28. Do you want assistance from Government for resettlement? Yes/No.
If answer is yes, how?

- a.
- b.
- c.
- d.

29. If Yes, How do you like to get compensation of affected property: in cash or in kind?

How would you like to spend the compensation money?

1. To buy land 2.To shift house 3.To build house 4.To get training for taking new occupation 5. To get job 6.To do business 7. To marketwise the produces 8. To invest for self-employment 9. To adjustment of loan

10. Other (Please mention)

1 st	2 nd	3 rd
* Planning according to preference		

30. What are the available source/opportunities for employment in your locality?

- a.
- b.
- c.

31. Is there any requirement of training for skill development for taking up new occupation for you or members of your family? Yes/No.

If answer is yes, name of training essential for you/ family members:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

Name and signature/thumb impression of the Interviewee with date

Comments of the enumerator's _____

Annexure 5: Need Assessment Survey (NAS) for Income Restoration Plan

পার্বত্য চট্টগ্রাম পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প-২য় পর্যায়

ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত হতদরিদ্র পরিবারের আয়/জীবিকা পুনরুদ্ধারের প্রয়োজনীয়তা যাচাই জরিপ প্রশ্নমালা

উপ-প্রকল্পের নাম:	
ফরম নং:	

১। পারিবারিক তথ্য:

(ক) পরিবার প্রধানের নাম:	<input type="text"/>	বয়স:	<input type="text"/>	প্রধান পেশা:	<input type="text"/>
(খ) পিতার নাম:	<input type="text"/>				
(গ) মাতার নাম:	<input type="text"/>				
(ঘ) গ্রাম/পাড়া:	<input type="text"/>				
(ঙ) মৌজা:	<input type="text"/>				
(চ) ইউনিয়ন ও ওয়ার্ড:	<input type="text"/>				
(ছ) উপজেলা/থানা:	<input type="text"/>				
(জ) জেলা:	<input type="text"/>				
(ঝ) সম্প্রদায়:	<input type="text"/>				
(ঞ) ধর্ম:	<input type="text"/>				
(ট) পরিবারের মোট সদস্য সংখ্যা:	<input type="text"/>	পুরুষ:	<input type="text"/>	মহিলা:	<input type="text"/>
(ঠ) পরিবারে উপার্জনক্ষম সদস্যের সংখ্যা:	<input type="text"/>	পুরুষ:	<input type="text"/>	মহিলা:	<input type="text"/>
(ড) পরিবারের আয়ের প্রধান উৎস:	----- -----				
(ঢ) পরিবারের মোট আয় (মাসিক):	-----টাকা, কথায়:-----				

পরিবারের সদস্যদের বিবরণ:

ক্র:	নাম	পরিবার প্রধানের সাথে সম্পর্ক	লিঙ্গ	বয়স	প্রধান পেশা	শিক্ষা	মাসিক আয়

দ্র: লিঙ্গ: পুরুষ হলে-১ এবং মহিলা হলে-২ লিখুন

(২) পরিবারের মালিকানাধীন জমির বিবরণ:

মোট জমি (একর)	টিলা/বসতভিটা:	বন্দোবস্তী (একর)	টিলা/বসত ভিটা:	প্রথাগত (একর)	টিলা/বসত ভিটা:
	পাহাড়:		পাহাড়		পাহাড়:
	ফসলী:		ফসলী		ফসলী::
সর্বমোট					

(৩) অধিগ্রহণকৃত জমির বিবরণ:

মোট জমি (একর)	টিলা/বসতভিটা:	বন্দোবস্তী (একর)	টিলা/বসত ভিটা:	প্রথাগত (একর)	টিলা/বসত ভিটা:
	পাহাড়:		পাহাড়		পাহাড়:
	ফসলী:		ফসলী		ফসলী::
সর্বমোট					

(৪) অবশিষ্ট মোট জমির পরিমাণ: একর।

(৫) কি কি ক্ষতির ফলে ক্ষতিপূরণ পেয়েছিলেন জমি/স্থাপনা/গাছপালা/ফসল/ব্যবসা/কাজের সুযোগ হারানো/ইউটিলিটি/অন্যান্য

(৬) প্রাপ্ত ক্ষতিপূরণের মোট টাকার পরিমাণ: -----কথায়:-----

(৭) ক্ষতিপূরণের টাকা খরচ করা হয়ে থাকলে অথবা পরিকল্পনা থাকলে উল্লেখযোগ্য খাতসমূহ লিখুন:

(৮) ক্ষতিপূরণের টাকা খরচ না করা হয়ে থাকলে তার বিবরণ:

(৯) উত্তর ৭ হলে ক্ষতিপূরণের টাকায় অর্জিত সম্পত্তি পরিবারের আয়-উপার্জনে ভূমিকা রাখে কি না ? হ্যাঁ না

(১০) ভূমিকা রাখলে কিভাবে এবং কি পরিমাণে (টাকায়):

(১১) প্রধান পেশা হতে আয় ব্যতীত আপনার পারিবারিক আয় বৃদ্ধি সহায়ক আর কি উৎস আছে ?

(১২) ক্ষতিগ্রস্ত ব্যক্তির প্রকল্প পূর্ব পেশার পরিবর্তন হয়েছে কি না ? হ্যাঁ না

(১৩) পরিবর্তন হয়ে থাকলে: পূর্বের পেশা: বর্তমান পেশা:

(১৪) পেশা পরিবর্তন করার কারণ:

(১৫) পূর্বের পেশা হতে মাসিক গড় আয়:

(১৬) বর্তমান পেশা হতে মাসিক গড় আয়:

(১৭) একাধিক পেশা থাকলে তার বিবরণ এই ঘরে পূরণ করুন:

ক্রমিক	পেশা	কাজের সময়	মাসিক/মৌসুমে গড় আয়

(১৮) আপনার পেশা পরিবর্তনের সম্ভাবনা আছে কি না ? হ্যাঁ না

(১৯) পরিবর্তন করলে কোন পেশা নিতে চান এবং কেন তার কারণ বর্ণনা করুন:

(২০) পেশা পরিবর্তন করলে পরিবারের কি পরিমাণ আয় বাড়ার সম্ভাবনা আছে:

(২১) রাস্তা নির্মাণের ফলে আপনার এলাকায় সম্ভাব্য নতুন কি কি কাজের সুযোগ/সুবিধা সৃষ্টি হতে পারে ?

----- |

(২২) আপনার বর্তমান পেশা সম্পর্কিত কোন ট্রেনিং আছে কি না?

হ্যাঁ

না

(২৩) প্রশিক্ষণ নেয়া হলে তার নাম:

(২৪) অত্র এলাকায় উৎপাদিত পণ্যের চাহিদা এবং বাজারজাতকরণের সুবিধা ও অসুবিধা কি কি আছে ?

----- |

(২৫) পরিবার হতে কে প্রশিক্ষণ নিতে ইচ্ছুক:

পরিবার প্রধানের সাথে সম্পর্ক:

(২৬) কোন বিষয়ে প্রশিক্ষণ নিতে চান:

(২৭) প্রশিক্ষণ লব্ধ জ্ঞান/অভিজ্ঞতা কাজে লাগানোর জন্য প্রয়োজনীয় অর্থ-সংকুলান আছে কি না ?

হ্যাঁ

না

(২৮) কোন আর্থিক সহায়তা কিংবা ঋন প্রয়োজন কি না ?

হ্যাঁ

না

(২৯) উত্তর ২৮ হ্যাঁ হলে কোন উৎস হতে ঋন নিতে স্বাচ্ছন্দ্যবোধ করেন ?

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(৩০) প্রশিক্ষণের ব্যবস্থা কোথায় করলে আপনার সুবিধা হয় ?

(৩১) পরিবার প্রধানের মন্তব্য (যদি থাকে):

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পরিবার প্রধান/তথ্য প্রদানকারীর নাম:-----

স্বাক্ষর/টিপসাহি:----- তারিখ:

তথ্য সংগ্রহকারীর নাম:-----

পদবী:-----

স্বাক্ষর:----- তারিখ:

ଅନୁସୂଚିତ, ଦୁର୍ଗାବିଧି ଓ ମାତୃମୂଳ
କରିବାର କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ

BL No	Name and Father/Husband Name	Female
1. ✓	Kuntala Chakma Priti Ranjan Chakma	✓
2.	Sishu Mohan Chakma Ram chandra Chakma	
3.	Bashi Mohan Chakma Rongaludho Chakma	
4. ✓	Binata Chakma Indira Moni Chakma	✓
5. x	Josna Chakma Romani Mohan Chakma	✓
6. ✓	Pulo Rani Chakma Mintu Chakma	✓
7. x	Sabita Chakma Chabi Sankar Chakma	✓
8.	Sarat Joti Chakma Mallaban Chakma	
9.	Alok Bikash Chakma Bikrom Kataria	
10. ✓	Nandy Debi Chakma Guneshore Chakma	✓
11.	Singha Kumar Chakma Bodhan Chakma	
12. x	Sujan Chakma Kito Joy Chakma	
13.	Rup Joy Chakma Moja Sing Chakma	
14.	Guneshore Dewan Ramesh Dewan	
15.	Karma Dhan Chakma Rajendra Kumar Karibari	
16.	Hengajya Chakma Kali Kumar Chakma	
17.	Tanya Mohan Chakma Reshoma Chakma	
18.	Suresh Chakma Ramesh Bikash Chakma	
19. ✓	Aloka Chakma Hus: Rup Joy Chakma	✓
20. ✓	Rong Mala Chakma Hus: Tanya Mohan Chakma	✓
21.	Gayatri ALO Chakma F: Bali Chand Chakma	
22. x	Sushil Jilon Chakma F: Lashia Chakma	
23.	Kulo pradip Chakma F: Sunil Baran Chakma	
24.	Tina Moni Chakma Suto Karma Chakma	
25.	Sara Bindhu Chakma Parakar Chakma	
26.	Jamon Chakma Mondhan Chakma	
27.	Bimal Kanti Chakma Nagasi Chakma	

Male	Age	Ethnicity	Occupation	Mobile No.	Signature
	82	Chakma	House wife	9557272966	Handwritten signature
✓	80	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	70	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
	45	Chakma	Business		Handwritten signature
	55	Chakma	Home wife		Handwritten signature
	45	Chakma	Home wife		Handwritten signature
	35	Chakma	Home wife	01829980935	Handwritten signature
✓	48	Chakma	Business	01556599817	Handwritten signature
✓	50	Chakma	Farmer	01556460989	Handwritten signature
	47	Chakma	Home wife		Handwritten signature
✓	60	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	28	Chakma	Farmer	01820318679	Handwritten signature
✓	62	Chakma	Farmer	01553434579	Handwritten signature
✓	70	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	85	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	65	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
	65	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	30	Chakma	Farmer	01566707356	Handwritten signature
	50	Chakma	Home wife		Handwritten signature
	70	Chakma	Home wife		Handwritten signature
✓	35	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	50	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	48	Chakma	Farmer	01829912353 018299	Handwritten signature
✓	71	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	60	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	55	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature
✓	48	Chakma	Farmer		Handwritten signature

SL No	Name and Father/Husband Name	Female	Male	Age
28.	Dhanya Ban Chakma, Sankha Mohan Chakma		✓	65
29.	Uttalacha Chakma, Rajendra Lal Karloong		✓	55
30.	Ramesh Bikash Chakma, Karimasuk Chakma		✓	70
31.	Sweet Boran Chakma, Kamoni Chakma		✓	70
32.	Gurudhar Chakma, Jox Kumar Chakma		✓	80
33.	Dhanya Bikash Chakma, Subalhu Chakma		✓	70
34.	Jatan Kumar Chakma, Nabina Chakma		✓	35
35.	Tungali Chakma, Balavadra Chakma	✓		85
36.	Monira Chakma, Kamal Bikash "	✓		30
37.	Usa Fani Chakma, H: Joti Bikash Chakma	✓		45
38.	Kalo Deli Chakma, H: Sanat Joti Chakma	✓		55
39.	Shakti Deli Chakma, F: Hengatha Chakma	✓		35
40.	Delbo Radra Chakma, F: Upendra		✓	53
41.	Baladhan Chakma		✓	39
42.	Bimal Kanti Chakma		✓	35
43.	Chisangit Chakma, Pramomohan Chakma		✓	40
44.	Avi Chakma, Sujan Boran Chakma		✓	26
45.	Crita Deli Chakma, Jimut Baladhan Chakma	✓		40
46.	Kanti Sushan Chakma, Gurinshi Chandra Chakma		✓	80
47.	Mukta Kanchan Chakma, Jamini Chakma		✓	63
48.	Promat Bikash Chakma, Basmasuk Chakma		✓	70
49.	Bista Mitra Chakma		✓	
50.	Kelata Moni Chakma, Sutokarna Chakma		✓	60
51.	Nalra Boran, Nisranjan Dewan		✓	95
52.	Subrata Chakma, Trina Moni Chakma		✓	40
53.	Khokan Bikas Chakma		✓	46
54.	Sanki Deli Chakma, S/O Dipayan Chakma	✓		35
55.	Lipin Moni Chakma, S/O Dipayan	✓		20

Ethnicity	Occupation	Mobile No.	Signature
Chakma	Farmer		
chakma	Farmer	01828933399	
Chakma	Farmer		
"	"		
"	"		
"	Service/Farmer		
"	Farmer		
"	House wife		
"	House wife	018576768898	
"	"		
"	"		
"	"		
"	"		
"	Home		
"	Home wife		
"	Farmer		
"	Farmer		Kanti Bhawan Chakma
"	Farmer		
"	"		
"	Business		
"	UP chairman	01553755761	
"	Business		
"	Business		
"	Business		

আন্দোলন : সরকার সরকার আন্দোলনে উদ্ভূত
 সমস্যাটিকে স্তব্ধতা ও বৈন্যবাদ জ্ঞানিয়ে এতদ্বারা
 চাপ চাপে যথেষ্ট প্রকল্প সরকারকে বিমর্ষ
 রাখা মান করেন। তিনি স্বল্পকালীন প্রকল্প
 নাম "নারী চ্যাম্পিয়ন পল্লী উন্নয়ন প্রকল্প" ২য় পর্যায়
 উল্লেখ করে এ প্রকল্পের জরুরি গুরুত্বপূর্ণ কাজ
 দেশ সরকার ও এজিবির কাছে পৌঁছানোর প্রচেষ্টা
 চালিয়ে যান বলে জানা গেল। প্রথমতঃ -
 এজিবির আদিকারী মেম্বার পল্লি স্ট্রাটজি, আদি
 বিত্ত জরিপে কৃষিক্ষেত্র বিভাগে অন্তর্ভুক্ত, পুনর্বাসন
 এবং হস্তশিল্প বেসম্প্রদায়ের মুখোমুখি পাবেন ও
 বিস্তারিত ও খোলাখুলিভাবে জানে যেন। সরকার
 মহিলা প্রধান পরিবার, অল্প পরিবারিক সদস্য থাকলে
 তাদের পুনর্বাসনের কৃপা কি হবে এবং প্রকল্প
 মর্মে একমুখী নির্দেশিত আর্থিক হিসেবে কাজ করে
 মুখোমুখি সরকার কথাও উল্লেখ করেন। নারী-পুরুষ-
 উল্লেখযোগ্য মধ্যম উদ্ভূত কৃষিক্ষেত্র
 আন্দোলনের অহত্যা করেন। তাদের মর্মে মহিলা
 জরিপে বৃদ্ধি চাপে, এলাকার কার্যকরী কলজ্ঞান
 চাপে, অপর মহিলা সদস্য আদি চাপে, পুরুষ সদস্য
 কুল প্রদান চাপে, কামজমে চাপে, কামজমে চাপে
 প্রমুখ কৃষিক্ষেত্র উল্লেখযোগ্য এবং তাদের প্রকল্প
 মর্মে, বিশেষে মুক্তপূর্ণ।

বৃদ্ধি চাপে বনেন - আমার সব কাম
 পড়ে। তবে সব ও উল্লেখ্যের দায় বহন
 বা জরিপে পোনে উল্লেখ্য হলে। আমি
 এবং আমার কর্মসূচি খুঁজিয়ে জেগে দিতে
 প্রমুখ।

এলাকার কার্যকরী কলজ্ঞান চাপে বনেন -
 আমাদের সকলের মর্মে অন্য কামের জেগে
 দরকার বলে সরকার কাছে আমার
 নের পরিচয় এবং জেগে দর কি হবে
 ও তিনি প্র-

প্রস্তুত আছে। কাজ-রাস্তা বলে কর্মীদের অনেক -
 উৎসাহ হবে। কর্মীদের মধ্যে কাজের এলাকার উন্নয়ন
 হবে, কমান-বানিজ্যের সুযোগ সৃষ্টি হবে, মহিলা ও শুল্ক
 দ্রব্য-বাহ্যীদের কাজে দূর হবে এবং বর্তমানে যে ভাষা
 দ্বিধে কর্মের বিক্রয় দ্রুত উঠবে এর কাজে কমে
 কর্মীদের এবং মজুরদের জন্য আশীর্ষক হবে।

কর্মের মজুরদের মজুরদের মজুরদের মজুরদের মজুরদের
 দ্রুত উন্নয়ন হবে। কর্মীদের মধ্যে কাজের এলাকার উন্নয়ন
 হবে, কমান-বানিজ্যের সুযোগ সৃষ্টি হবে, মহিলা ও শুল্ক
 দ্রব্য-বাহ্যীদের কাজে দূর হবে এবং বর্তমানে যে ভাষা
 দ্বিধে কর্মের বিক্রয় দ্রুত উঠবে এর কাজে কমে
 কর্মীদের এবং মজুরদের জন্য আশীর্ষক হবে।

কর্মের মজুরদের মজুরদের মজুরদের মজুরদের মজুরদের
 দ্রুত উন্নয়ন হবে। কর্মীদের মধ্যে কাজের এলাকার উন্নয়ন
 হবে, কমান-বানিজ্যের সুযোগ সৃষ্টি হবে, মহিলা ও শুল্ক
 দ্রব্য-বাহ্যীদের কাজে দূর হবে এবং বর্তমানে যে ভাষা
 দ্বিধে কর্মের বিক্রয় দ্রুত উঠবে এর কাজে কমে
 কর্মীদের এবং মজুরদের জন্য আশীর্ষক হবে।

পূর্বাচ সিদ্ধান্ত বন্দী :-

১। আন্দোলনসূচী নং-১ এর আন্দোলকে প্রকল্প-
মঙ্গলকে সমালোচী পত্রিকাগুলোর ছাপাখানাগুলোতে এবং
এ প্রকল্প কার্যক্রমের জন্য সরকারি মাধ্যমিক প্রকাশ
কার্যের ওপর সিদ্ধান্ত নেয়া হয়।

২। আন্দোলনের বিবেচনায় ২-এর আন্দোলকে
অভিযুক্ত, অনির্দিষ্ট অভিযুক্ত সরকারি কার্যালয়
সহকারে সরকারি মাধ্যমিক প্রকাশ দিওন বুলন সরকারি
সিদ্ধান্ত গ্রহণ করা হয়।

৩। আন্দোলনের ৩ নং বিবেচনায় উক্ত প্রকল্পে
সিদ্ধান্ত প্রকাশ করেন এবং এগুলির সংশ্লিষ্ট প্রকল্প
কার্যক্রম পালনসহকারে আদি উদ্দেশ্য পূর্ণ সমর্থন
থাকবে বুলন সরকারি মাধ্যমিক প্রকাশ সিদ্ধান্ত গৃহীত হয়।

৪। সরকারি মন্ত্রণালয় ৪ নং আন্দোলনসূচী মতে
অনির্দিষ্ট অভিযুক্তদের ইনকারমেন্টে রাখা প্রকল্প
প্রকল্পের মালিকানাধীন আন্দোলক প্রকল্প এবং এতে কোন
অপত্তি থাকবে না বুলন সরকারি মাধ্যমিক সিদ্ধান্ত
গ্রহণ করা হয়। প্রকল্পক্রমে আর্থ-সামাজিক -
অর্থনৈতিক অনুসন্ধান পূর্বে কৃত অনির্দিষ্ট অভিযুক্ত
(SAP) নিয়ে সরকারি মতে কার্যক্রম এবং সিদ্ধান্ত
ইনকারমেন্টে রাখা হবে এর বন্দীরাও উদ্দেশ্য পূর্ণ
হওয়া বুলন হয়।

৫। অনির্দিষ্ট বিবেচনায় কার্যক্রম জন্য আন্দোলন দিতে
অপত্তি প্রদানকারী সরকারি কার্যালয় মন্ত্রণালয়
সিদ্ধান্ত প্রকাশকারী সরকারি কার্যালয় মন্ত্রণালয়

Annexure 7: Sample Meeting Minutes of Land Acquisition and Resettlement Estimation/Assessment Committee (LARAEC)

Page-1

Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project (CHTRDP-II)
Land Acquisition and Resettlement (LAR) Assessment/Estimation Committee (LARAEC) Meeting
Rangamati Hill District
Rangamati

Venue: Rangamati Hill District Council Mini Conference Room

Date: 26/5/2014

Time: 10.30 AM

The Land Acquisition and Resettlement (LAR) Assessment/Estimation Committee (LARAEC) meeting was held on 26 May 2014 at mini conference room of Rangamati Hill District Council at 10.30. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Aungui Pru Chowdhury, Councilor, Rangamati Hill District Council (RHDC) and representative of the Hon'ble Chairman of RHDC. The members/ participants attended list is attached in the annexure -1

The Chairperson at the outset, welcomed the participants of LARAEC meeting and requested Mr. Bimalendu Chakma, Project Manager of Taungya and Member Secretary of LARAEC to proceed with the agenda of the meeting. Accordingly Mr. Bimalendu Chakma, member secretary in line with the meeting's agenda welcomed and briefed to the members. The discussion points and decision were taken in the meeting are given bellow.

Agenda for Discussion and Decisions:

Serial	Agenda	Discussion	Decision														
1	Review of land estimation/assessment for Betbunia Chairy Bazar to Laxmichari Road via Barmachari	<p>LARAEC was informed that a total of 14.74 acres of land would be necessary for construction of 6.00 KM long road under this project. The details of land requirement are as follows -</p> <p>Betbuina Mouza-</p> <table style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>Titled land-</td> <td>.70 Acres</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Customary land</td> <td>5.86 Acres</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Subtotal in Betbunia</td> <td>6.56 Acres</td> </tr> </table> <p>Dabua Mouza</p> <table style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td>Titled land</td> <td>.66 Acres</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Customary land</td> <td>7.52 Acres</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Subtotal</td> <td>8.18 Acres</td> </tr> <tr> <td>In total</td> <td>14.74 Acres (of which 13.37 are customary land)</td> </tr> </table> <p>Details of land assessment by are attached in the annexure-B.</p> <p>In the meantime, PMO of CHTRDP-II applied for land acquisition to the Deputy Commissioner of Rangamati. Following the PMO's application, the Deputy</p>	Titled land-	.70 Acres	Customary land	5.86 Acres	Subtotal in Betbunia	6.56 Acres	Titled land	.66 Acres	Customary land	7.52 Acres	Subtotal	8.18 Acres	In total	14.74 Acres (of which 13.37 are customary land)	<p>LARAEC has endorsed the acquisition of 1.36 acres title land and 13.37 acres common land in two Mouzas. LARAEC also has supported the Deputy Commissioner's notice on land acquisition, which was already served under Section 3 of 195 Act of Land Acquisition. LARAEC has requested the Deputy Commissioner of Rangamati to finalize land acquisition as per GoB rules.</p>
Titled land-	.70 Acres																
Customary land	5.86 Acres																
Subtotal in Betbunia	6.56 Acres																
Titled land	.66 Acres																
Customary land	7.52 Acres																
Subtotal	8.18 Acres																
In total	14.74 Acres (of which 13.37 are customary land)																

		Commissioner has served notice to the land owners under Section 3 of Land Acquisition Act of 1958.	
2	Review of compensation/re settlement process of affected persons in Betbunia Chairy Bazar to Laxmichari Road via Barmachari	In the meeting it was reported that a total of 43 Affected Persons (AP) along the road will lost land. In addition, 2 government primary schools will also lost little land. 5 structures(house/shops/husking machine house) will also need to be relocated Out of 43 APs 17 are identified as Severely Affected Persons (SAP), who are entitled to get additional compensation as per the ADB Safeguard Policy.	As per the GoB rules/law, the Deputy Commissioner of Rangamati shall pay compensation for the titled land trees and structures. The customary land owners would be compensated as per ADB Safeguard Policy, Executive Order by MoCHTA and CHTRC rules.
3	Miscellaneous	R-NGO Taungya has been advised to communicate between DC Office and PMO, CHTRDP-II in order to accelerate land acquisition process.	Taungya will communicate regularly with DC office and PMO, CHTRDP-II on land acquisition process.

In the end of the meeting, the Chairperson thanked all members for their active participation and contribution to take decisions on the agenda set for the LARAEC meeting.


Aung Sul Pru Chowdhury,
Councilor Rangamati HDC and
Representative of Chairman of Rangamati Hill District Council and
Chairperson,
LAR Assessment/Estimation Committee (LARAEC),
Rangamati

CC.

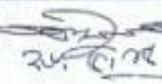
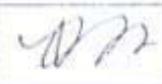
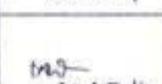
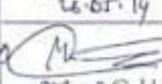
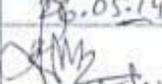
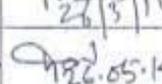
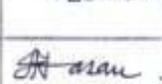
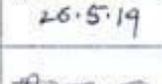
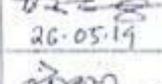
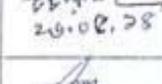
1	Aong Ia Ching	Chairman, Wagga UP and Representative, UP Chairman Forum	Member LARAEC
2	Thui Aong Marma	Joint Secretary, Head Association, Rangamati	Member LARAEC
3	Md. Shahidul Islam	EO and Land Officer, Rangamati HDC	Member LARAEC
4	Mrinal Kanti Chakma	Social Safeguard Specialist, PIC	Member LARAEC
5	Abirata Chakma	DPD, Rangamati, CHTRDP-II	Member LARAEC
6	Tripti Shankar Chakma	S.A.E-LGED, Representative, LGED, Rangamati	Member LARAEC
7	ASM Ibnul Hasan Even	LAO, DC Office, Rangaamti	Member LARAEC
8	Bimalendu Chakma	Project Manager, CHTRDP-II, Taungya	Member Secretary, LARAEC

Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project (CHTRDP-II)
[ADB Loan No.2763-BAN-SF]

**Attendance Sheet for the LAR Assessment/Estimation Committee Meeting
for Botbunia Chayribazar to Laxmichari Road via Barmachari under CHTRDP-II**

Date: 26 May 2014.

Venue: Rangamati Hill District Council, Rangamati.

Sl. No.	Name	Designation & Organization	Contact Number	Signature & Date
1.	Arongswaijone Chy	Councilor R.H.D.C	01556777750	 26.05.14
2.	Arong la ching	Chairman Wajga U.P	01811960570	 26.05.14
3.	Thui Aong Marma	Joint S. of Headmen Association Rangamati and Headmen Kantabari, Naxal Kapti	01813616045	 26.5.14
4.	Md. Shahidul Islam	EO (In-charge) Stand Office R.H.D. Rangamati, Rangamati	01748-327720	 26.05.14
5.	Mirnal Kati Chakma	Social Safeguards Specialist, PIC	01820302130	 26.05.14
6.	ABIRATA CHAKMA	DPD, CHTRDP-II Rangamati	0182030145	 26.5.14
7.	Tripti Shankar Chakma	Sr. AE. LGED Rangamati	01931089906	 26.05.14
8.	ASM IBNUL HASAN EVEN LAO, DC office	LAO, DC office	01712471046	 26.5.14
9.	Bimalendu Chakma	PM - CHTRDP-II Taungya	01820365591	 26.05.14
10.	Tarak Chakma	DEP - CHTRDP-II Taungya	01820302159	 26.05.14
11.	Papisa Chakma	DPF, Taungya	01811015045	 26.05.14

**Minutes of the Meeting of
Property Valuation Assessment Team (PVAT)
Second Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project-II
Khagrachari.
Venue: Hill Districts Chairman's Meeting Room, Khagrachari.
Date of the Meeting: 2 November, 2015**

On 2nd November 2015, PVAT meeting for the sub-project of **"Panchari GC to Baibhonchara GC Road via Shantipur Aranya Kutir Road"** was held at Khagrachari Hill District Council Chairman's meeting room at 11.00 am. Mr. kongjari Chowdhury, President, PVAT, Khagrachari Hill District as well as Chairman of Khagrachari Hill District Council chaired the meeting.

The meeting was held for determining the MARV of types of losses of property of the project and resettlement benefits to the Affected Persons (APs) of the **"Panchari GC to Baibhonchara GC Road via Shantipur Aranya Kutir Road"** sub-project.

Other members and delegations from Resettlement NGO, who attended the meeting, were;

1. Mr. Asha Pradip Chakma, Deputy Project Director (DPD), Khagrachari, CHTRDP-II (Member, PVAT, Khagrachari Hill District).
2. Md. Mostafa Hassan, EX-EN, LGED, Khagrachari (Member, PVAT, Khagrachari Hill District).
3. Md. Sabur Ali, LAO, DC Office, Khagrachari, (Member, PVAT, Khagrachari Hill District).
4. Mr. Sadesh Prity Chakma, Secretary, Headman Association, Khagrachari. (Member, PVAT, Khagrachari Hill District).
5. Mr. Bishwa Kalyan Chakma, President, UP Chairmen's Forum, Khagrachari, (Member, PVAT, Khagrachari Hill District).
6. Mr. Biplob Chakma, Executive Director, Taungya, (Member Secretary, PVAT, Khagrachari Hill District).
7. Mr. Chanchu Chakma, Income Restoration Specialist, CHTRDP-II, Taungya.
8. Mr. Reetesh Roy, District Project Officer, Khagrachari, CHTRDP-II, Taungya.

The Following decisions were made in the meeting:

Discussion Point-1: MARV for land (ALL Types)

In Total 837 decimal of land was acquired for this sub-project. Deputy Commissioner of Khagrachari Hill District, declared the cut-off date issuing the notice under section 3 of the Chittagong Hill Tracts Land Acquisition Regulation -1958 for the sub-project on 26 February 2015. Since then, on 7 April 2015, visits by the JVT (LAREAC for CHTRDP-II) have taken place and based on the observations and recommendation of these visits, subsequently the DC has issued the notice on 25, June, 2015 for the Cash Compensation under Law (CCL) at the rate of 16800 taka per decimal. and in adding 15% premium on top of this amount as per Government Rules the compensation have been paid TK.19320 per decimal conclusively. An Additional 2% is also charged as per the 1958 CHT Land Acquisition Regulations as fees for the services rendered by the relevant government offices (DC, PWD, etc.). It should be mentioned that this fee could have been high up to 15% which the DC has lowered to 2% by exercising his discretionary authority.

The PVAT members went presented with the CCL documents issued by the Deputy Commissioner of Khagrachari Hill District, (DC) and supplementary documents prepared by R-NGO such as Land Market Survey Reports on land, Land Transaction Records, Budget for Resettlement Benefits for Standing Structures, Fruit Bearing Trees, Business Restoration Grants, Women Headed Households Grants and One Year Net income for crops etc. After thorough deliberations by all members, the PVAT decided to add MARV TK. 1805 per decimal for all types of land and preserved Resettlement Benefits for each Entitlement which is as follows.

Discussion Point -1: Determination of Maximum Allowable Replacement Value (MARV) on the 8.37 Acres of Affected Land

Decision:

1. Approved MARV TK. 1805 for per decimal of land on Cash Compensation under Law (CCL) determined by Deputy Commissioner, Khagarachari (DC), TK. 19,320 as per the Entitlement Matrix no-1 and 2 of the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF), Chittagong Hill tracts Rural Development Project-II.

Discussion Point -2: Resettlement Benefits for standing Structures (All types and variety). In total 19 affected structures are; 12 houses and 7 Business (5 shop and 2 rice husking machine house)

Decisions:

2. Approved Transfer Grant TK. 435564.79 and Reconstruction Grant TK. 435564.79 with the rate 12.50% for both for 19 structures (House and Business) on the Cash Compensation under Law (CCL) value of the structures as per the Entitlement Matrix no-7 of the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF), Chittagong Hill tracts Rural Development Project-II.

3. As land development cost, the PVAT accepted TK. 348451.46 for 19 structures (House and Business) with the rate 10% on the Cash Compensation under Law (CCL) value of the structures as per Entitlement Matrix no-7 of the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF), Chittagong Hill Tracts Rural Development Project-II and practiced in different ADB funded projects in Bangladesh.

Discussion Point -3: Resettlement Benefits for Fruit Bearing Tress

Decision:

4. The PVAT accepted TK. 147,816.81 for 658 trees with the rate 30% on the Cash Compensation under Law (CCL) value of the trees as per the Entitlement Matrix no-9 of the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF), Chittagong Hill tracts Rural Development Project-II.

Discussion Point-4: Resettlement Benefits for loss of cultivable land 2.36 Acres of cultivable land

Decision:

5. The PVAT accepted TK. 1,41,600 for 31 Affected Persons as one year net income on the assessed value of the crops of the affected land as per the Entitlement Matrix no-8 of the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF) , Chittagong Hill tracts Rural Development Project-II.

Discussion Point-5: Additional Grant for 2 Female Headed Household

Decision:

6. The PVAT accepted TK.4,000 (2,000 each) for two Women Headed Affected families (APs) as per the Entitlement Matrix no-7 of the Land Acquisition and

Resettlement Framework (LARF), Chittagong Hill tracts Rural Development Project-II.

Discussion Point-6: Business Restoration Grant

Decision:

1. As business restoration grant, the PVAT accepted TK.1,50,000 for three months net income for each of 7 Affected Persons (APs) as per the Entitlement Matrix no-14 of the Land Acquisition and Resettlement Framework (LARF) , Chittagong Hill tracts Rural Development Project-II and practiced in different ADB funded projects in Bangladesh.

Discussion Point -7:

Banana trees-47 out of 5 APs, Budget-11750

Decision:

1. The PVAT accepted TK. 11,750 for 47 Banana trees for 5 Affected Persons (APs) with the rate TK. 250 for per tree assessed by PVAT.

Discussion Point-8: Sapling for the trees, felled down due to LAR

1. The PVAT decided by each of the affected households will received 5 saplings against their loss of trees by the subproject.

Discussion Point-9: Expenses for land Survey, JVT (LARAEC) visits etc. for the DC and other government agencies during implementation for LAR.

Decision:

1. The PVAT decided on the amount of 2000, 1500, 1000 taka on average per visit to cover the expenses of the team members from the various relevant government agencies (ADC Revenue, LAO, Forester, PWDs Engineer, Surveyor, Chainman, Forest Guard and Estimator etc.)

In the end of the meeting the Chairperson Thanked all members for their active participation and contribution to take decisions on the agenda set for the PVAT meeting.

Annex:

1. Attendance sheet with the signature of the participants
2. Land Market Survey report/ Summary sheet.


(Kongjan Chowdhury)
Chairperson

Property Valuation and Assessment Team (PVAT), Khagrachari Hill District
And
Chairman,
Khagrachari Hill District Council

Distribution:

1. Honourable Chairman, Khagrachari Hill District Council.
2. Land Acquisition Officer (LAO), DC Office, Khagrachari.
3. Representative, PMO/ Chief Resettlement Officer, Rangamati.
4. Secretary, Headman Association, Khagrachari.
5. President, Up Chairman Forum, Khagrachari
6. Executive Engineer, LGED, Khagrachari
7. Executive Director, Taungya, Resettlement NGO, CHTRDP-II

Budget:

1. MARV TK. 1805 per decimal, Budget-TK. 15,10,785
2. Resettlement Benefits:
 - i. Structures-19, Budget- TK. 12,19,581
 - ii. Tress-658, Budget-TK.1,47,816.81
 - iii. Standing Crops- 31, Budget-TK.1,41,600
 - iv. Banana Trees-47, out of 5 APs, Budget-TK.11750
 - v. Women Headed-2, (Binota Chakma and Ratana Chakma), Budget-TK. 4,000
 - vi. Business Restoration Grant-7, Budget-TK.1,50,000

CC. For Kind Information:

1. Honourable Chairman, CHT Regional Council, Rangamati.
2. Deputy Commissioner, Khagrachari.

3. Project Director, CHTRDP-II (Rural Roads), LGED Bhaban, Agargaon, Sher-e-Bangla Nagar, Dhaka.
4. Team Leader, PIC, CHTRDP-II, Rangamati.


Kongja Chowdhury

Chairperson,

Property Valuation and Assessment Team (PVAT), Khagrachari Hill District
And
Chairman,
Khagrachari Hill District Council.

Second Chitlangung Hill Tracts Rural Development Project
 Property Valuation Assessment Team (PVAT) Meeting
 Subproject Name : Panchal GC Vaidoonchra GC via Santipur Aranyakuti Road
 Attendance Sheet

SI No.	Name	Designation	Organization	Contact No	Signature
1	Korjitami Chakrabarty	President	KHDC	01519309569	
2	MD. MOSTAFIZ HOSSEN	CHD	LGED	017711-171089	
3	MD. Sabur Ali	LHO	DC office	01750199532	
4	Aslaa Pradip Chakrabarty	P.P.G. D.P.P.O. (Khaosrabdi)	CHTRDP-II	01775785019	
5	Shales Prady Chakrabarty	Secretary	Head office	01559819572	
6	Dishara Kalpan Chakrabarty	P.P.G. (Khaosrabdi)	Bangladesh U.P. Forum	01551948509	
7	Korjitami Chakrabarty	ED	Tamangya	0193292181	
8	Bairlob Chakrabarty	Executive Participation Specialist	Tamangya	01870300936	
9	Charan Chakrabarty	Director of Project	Tamangya	01820933291	
10	Korjitami Chakrabarty				
11					
12					

Annexure 9: Project Impact Stories

Self-reliance & Paradigm of Indiscrimination in CHT



*Happy and confident Md. Nurul Islam of
Goalia Khola, Bandarban*

Amongst the three basic objectives of the ADB funded CHTRDP II Project, improve rural structures activities demonstrate many aspects of compassionate support for the affected rural people, support for gender related sensitivity, indiscriminating attitudes, non communal manner, livelihood support, NRM friendly intervention, capacity improvements are mentionable. The project responded positively to many complex challenges through beneficiary friendly strategy and cooperative approaches for the project interacted community peoples. From the seven sub projects of Bandarban Hill District, “Raicha–Goalia khola Road” represents a good example as well a success story of a village farmer who became a very confident, potential and case in point of project supportive attitudes towards a non tribal village folk that became rich for sacrificing his land and structures for the bridge over the Shangoo River.



Nurul Islam shows the land he lose for the bridge



Connective bank of the bridge selected on his land

The story begins with a feasibility study visit by an assigned officer (Project Consultant) from LGED, Bandarban District for the bridge construction. Visiting the site the most appropriate bank found a little side

from the end of the Raicha –Goalia Khola Road. Taungya project team proceeds for land acquisition process after technical feasibility study. Story of Nurul Islam the farmer begins.

According to statement of Md. Nurul Islam - *“My grandfather came to this para during the British period started living here since then. To look after his family he purchased some land from a Marma and starts farmer life. My father and I were born here. At that time life was very difficult and there were deep forests all around but land was very fertile and a little hard labor would produce enormous paddy and other vegetables. So there was no problem for rice although we were never rich or solvent. Especially at my life period poverty became the greatest challenge for living. If the road would not construct we would never be a part of developed area. I see the road as blessings of Allah which brought value of us, our land, our villages and our life.”* Md. Nurul Islam son of Late Rashid Ahmed and Late Amena Begum is a father of four sons and two daughters. His one son lives abroad and rest three live with Nurul Islam and his wife Naharunnesa. All the two daughters got married and live with their respective husbands. However, Nurul Islam was never greedy and has been living honestly. He has honor to devote 08 decimals of land to establish a maddrasa and educate village children on religious education there. Anyway, Base on his application during 80s he was allocated 5 acres of land from the Deputy Commissioner of Chittagong Hill District as per policy of the government. Considering his financial crisis he decides to raise a teak orchard on his recorded land. He also inherited 2 acres of paddy field from his father which provides food to his large family. On the other hand the villages was dying for the road and for lack of communication the area was deprived from all sorts of development as well as value of the villagers & their lands were very poor even more they never got fair price for their agricultural goods like drumsticks, cucumber, beans etc. which grows abundantly in their village. Nurul Islam says- *“In case of emergency we had to carry the patients on shoulders and take to the hospital.”* Although Goalia Khola Para is only 12 kilometers away from the Bandarban Sadar.

Under the sub project *“Raicha – Goalia khola Road”* the bridge over the Shango River is like a symbolic bridge to cross over the river of ocean of deprived life of the villagers and new hope and prosperity for Nurul Islam. On the other hand it will connect with Chandanaish, Chittagong and will more easy to travel to Kaptai rather than through Bandarban Sadar. Even still now the impact is focusing on vegetables market for easy access and low price considering the other around besides improvement of business market. According to Nurul Islam- *“We have been benefitted in two ways that is the whole society is benefitted and those who have been suffering also benefitted. Moreover, I still have land besides the bridge which land value and position increased.”* Anyway, it is mentionable that it is only him who was compensated for the bridge construction in their village. In this regard he had to sacrifice 17 decimals of recorded land for the bridge. Consequently under *Cash compensation under law* he received 2, 02, 762/- (BDT) for structure, 36, 05, 219.85/- (BDT) for title land, 50, 000/- (BDT) for crops and 44, 781.5/- (BDT) for trees from the DC office of Bandarban. So, he received in total 39, 02, 763.35/- (BDT) in couple of cheques. The amount of money he never saw in his life before. When he got the money he could not even believe in himself.



Md Nurul Islam standing before his previous house



New house made of compensation money house

Consulting with other family member he decides to purchase 80 decimals paddy land with 10, 00, 000/- (BDT) and let it rent to a peasant against 300 kg. paddy per season, spend 5, 00, 000/- (BDT) to carry out medical treatment for his sick son and rest 24, 02, 763.35/- (BDT) he used to construct a pacca house. If he would not get the compensation money he would still live under his raw house and lack his son would die for medical treatment. But now he lives in a building and dreams to increase his income by building more shop plots besides the bridge with help of his eldest son income who lives abroad. And after 15 years his teak orchard will also earn at least 25-30 lacs or more (BDT) which will be more helpful to increase his income. According Md. Nurul Islam-“*The compensation money is like a blessing of Allah for me that surely turned my financial and social life into prosperous position. I am truly grateful to Taungya for helping me to get my righteous compensation.*”

“.....If the road would not construct we would never be a part of developed area. I see the road as blessings of Allah which brought value of us, our land, our villages and our life.” Says Md. Nurul Islam.

Confidence building and new hope of Hlathowai Marma and the villagers of Dabua Headman Para Community People



Hlathowai Marma before his affected house cum shop

Hlathowai Marma (41 years old) son of Suichau Marma & Late Abaima Marma has been residing at Dabua Headman Para, 2 no. Fatikchari, Kawkhali nearly 20 years that is since 1996. He is belong to a lower middle class income depended family as per their village status. Before the project intervention he was living on a tea stall with grocery shop business, agriculture and small trades. Besides these he was also engaged in timber and seasonal mixed fruit business to the nearest markets which was occasional. His monthly household expenditure was about 20,000/- taka which were not easy to manage in every month in addition he has to carry out educational expenses of three children. All his three children are still studying at different levels. The eldest daughter is studying at college level (Hathazari College) and another daughter is now at class ten (Kundeshori school & College) while the youngest one is a son who is studying at pre-primary stage. So it was hard for him to support his home and educational expenses of three children with his limited earnings. He actually had no opportunity for increasing his income from very little investment in trades and

timber business or business on mixed fruits. As a result Hlathowai Marma was passing a very income challenging life and was looking for better opportunities to increase his earnings.

On the other hand there are 60 HHs in Dabua Headman Para who has been leading very difficult rural life for the village is situated in the very remote side of the upazila where communication is a very strong challenge and health services is rare. Due to lack of roads community people have been enormously suffering for marketing their agricultural products and helplessly dying for requirement of minimum medical treatment in time. There are few heart touching unpleasant incident of death for scarcity of medical treatment that the villagers cannot forget. Hlathowai Marma remembers & shares a few while he becomes emotional and looks with wet eyes. He says, *“The road building by CHTRDP project is like a blessing to us for the villagers. Now the villagers can take their products to the market and can get better price. Children can go to schools and we can take serious patients to the nearest medical service centre for emergency treatment. But when there was no road, villagers would die even from very simple curable disease or injury. For example- Thowashimong Marma (35 years old) and Mongshithui Marma (24 years old) very close relatives of me died for poisoning and continuous bleeding due to lack of proper treatment in time. They might be still alive if the road would be made at that time. Sometimes pregnant women would die when the midwives would fail to help them at complicated delivery condition. Due to the sound communication system pregnant women & their child now out of danger. Not only that, few years ago one of my relative passes away of diarrhea. That time vehicle was not available so we were not able to carry him at midnight for lack of transport service & proper communication system. So, people have to die for serious illness. Now we are free from this sort of problem.”*



Under constructed new house of Hlathowai Marma

CHTRDP Phase-II Project plan includes a road construction through the Dabua Headman Para. The sub project is known by- *Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari Road via Barmachari*. As per process and procedure, lands were acquired before road construction and as per policy of the project compensation were distributed to the affected villagers. Out of 60 HHs in the Dabua Headman Para a total number of 08 were compensated from the project. Among them Hlathowai Marma is one who was seriously affected, lost his house cum a part of shop (his house and shop) and land owned by his mother-in law who was also compensated for her land. A total of 9 dcm. land was acquired by the project and compensated the owner as per project policy besides household structure compensation to Hlathowai Marma.

There were many challenges to construct the road under the sub-project- *Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari Road via Barmachari*. First of all land acquisition and compensation distribution was not easy and has to go through various complex process & stages. On the other hand as per traditional practice local community people have less practice of keeping documents of their land ownership. So it was not easy to identify who is to be compensated or who is the actual owner of land besides people have ownership on *Khas land* as per government acknowledgement which is also another complex criteria.

However, CHRDP Phase II Project has followed some special rules that made comparatively easy for implementation of the sub project. For example- compensation for the *khas land* (as per policy of ADB) is very important and comprehensive compensation for land and household structure. On the other hand technical skill development for livelihood support for the seriously affected community people. Hlathowai Marma received seven lacs and six hundred taka as compensation for his affected kancha household structure and used some of it to build another new house of bricks for living besides expanding his business.

Hlathowai Marma was passing almost fruitless socio economical life and could not think of better income generating chances or increase his business into more profitable stage. When he received seven lacs and six hundred taka as compensation for his affected household structure his confidence increases and he undertakes some bigger tasks out of his financial aptitude. It is mentionable that before receiving the compensation he never got such kind of large amount of money. After being compensated he gained his confidence to expand his business through using this amount in a proper way simultaneously started to construct a house for living and to let rent some of its rooms for the nearest high school students which will help him to earn some money per month. Now he postponed his shop business and started working as contractor. Hlathowai Marma is now more confident for his income has increased. He can support educational expenses for his children. Before the road was built his college going eldest daughter was in a ladies hostel near her college. It was a tremendous suffering for her to adjust in the hostel far from her home. After the road was constructed, she can attend her classes every day from her home. At present it takes only 45 minutes through the road by CNG/auto rickshaw from her home to the college. He can sell his agricultural products in good prices by taking them to the larger markets. He never got fair price before the road was built. Before the road not only he but also all the villagers carried their products on their shoulders but at present the commodities can easily be carried with vehicle through the road.



Hlathowai Marma with his wife and eldest daughter before his new house

Now days, villagers do not die for scarcity of medical treatment. They can take their pregnant women, children and seriously injured folks quickly to the nearest hospital.

Hlathowai Marma says, *“The road is a blessing for our village peoples especially for me because without it we would still live on without any economical progress. Now we are confident and can think of expansion of our small business and can profit more from our agricultural products. We don’t have to worry about medical treatment since any situation we can take our serious patients to the nearest hospital so no one will die for scarcity of urgent medical treatment. I heartily thank Taungya and ADB for fairly give us what we needed as affected people. Though we thought that we were going to lose our land and household structures etc.without any compensation but in time we came to know that our assumption was wrong and all affected families in our village were properly compensated in some stages.*

There are many remote and service deprived villages in CHT. The community people who reside there lead very challenging life for lack of medical treatment, marketing their agricultural products, educational facilities, communication etc. Dabua Headman Para was one of those villages which stepped toward sustainable social and economical development for the road. Now the villagers can sell their goods in good price, can provide medical support to the emergency patients and especially their children can go to schools and college staying in their village which is a very good support considering their family financial condition. At present not only Hlathowai Marma but also the villagers can improve their livelihood and dream a better life for their children.

“The road is a blessing for our village peoples especially for me because without it we would still live on without any economical progress.” Hlathowai Marma

Income success and improved livelihood of a day labor



Confident Shova Ranjan Chakma standing on the land of his previous house where the road was constructed

To implement the sub project “Pansori-Bheibonsora via Shantipur Aronnyo kuthir Road” land had to acquire, house structures had to break down, paddy lands had to fill up and compensation had to pay to the different types of affected communities. So, it has been being implemented through various complex process and steps overcoming many complex challenges. But it is sure that the more the road affected to the local communities of five villages the most it developed communication system which has positively & strongly impacted on the occupational, social and financial life of the newly settled poor community peoples of the remote villages of Pansori upazila under Khagrachari District. Especially almost all the villagers had to flee to Tripura, India during the severe chaotic communal/political situation in 1980-1983. Latter they returned to their homeland after the peace accord in 1997 and restarted everything again. So, poverty is day to day challenge for them and except very few, most of them became day labor or so to struggle against life and livelihood. But it is notable that the road was a long time desired & nourished dream for the development deprived indigenous local communities. They had been suffering for lack of road communication from inhabitation in that area. According to Doyamoy Chakma a villager of Nalindra Para, “*Before the road construction villagers had to walk miles to get to the market, there was no fair price for our agricultural products, school goers had to suffer a lot especially in the Rainy season and emergency patients would not get medical treatment in time.*” However, the road construction has impacted positively to all the communities in that area simultaneously it strongly influenced and contributed on some affected villagers’ life to improve their livelihood and house structures. Hence, among the affected villagers of five villages

many failed to use their compensated money to improve their livelihood and develop their financial status for various reasons which they could do from this opportunity. Among the succeeded ones, son of Kalomoy Chakma & Maloti Chakma, Shova Ranjan Chakma a 31 years old day labor of Dakshin Shantipur Para stand fast for his income success and livelihood improvement by using the compensated opportunity properly.

Shova Ranjan Chakma has been living with his family since he returned from Tripura, India in 1997 after the peace accord. He gets separated from his father's family after marrying and lives in a hut on his father's land. He with his spouse Premorika Chakma has two daughters. The eldest one is Jhorna Chakma studies in class five and the younger one is Bristi Chakma studies in their nearest Para Kendra School. Shova Ranjan Chakma has been struggling against poverty for many years and never found peace for financial crisis. He worked as a farmer at his father's paddy field in season and worked as day labor rest of the year. The portion he would get from this labor was not enough to look after his own family besides educational expenses of his two daughters. So, poverty was day to day challenge. At this time of life, he heard that a road will be constructed over his hut. He becomes very sad to hear the news. Shova Ranjan Chakma says *"I came to know the news from our villagers that there will be a road on my hut. I was already suffering from financial crisis so if my hut has to break, how can I build another one? My mental situation was very painful. I couldn't sleep well for days. Then one day a local NGO known as Taungya called a meeting & like other villagers I decide to attend. After attending some meetings I came to know that those who will be affected will be compensated from the project. I also came to know that the money is more than I can imagine. I was nonetheless happy to hear the news and found new hope then. Latter, I received total 2, 66, 464.2/- (BDT) as compensation for my household structure from DC Office and 33,308/- (BDT) as transfer grant, 33,308/- (BDT) as reconstruction grant, 26,646/- (BDT) as land development cost in total 93,262/- (BDT) from Khagrachari Hill District Council. So from the both offices I received total 3, 59, 726.2/- (BDT). The amount of money I have never seen before in my whole life. Like me my brothers, uncles also receives compensation either land, HH structures or trees etc. However, I dream to do many things, I discuss with my family members about it. Everyone develop many ideas to do with their money but thought that If I fail to use it properly there will be no money left. It is the chance to invest some money to improve my livelihood."*

Shova Ranjan Chakma spends 3, 00,000/- (BDT) to build a tin shed semi-pacca house to live and buy a *Tom Tom* to drive and earn. Buying a *Tom Tom* was a very intelligent idea for him because there were very few vehicles to ride and he eared enormously from it. Latter he used some of it to build his house and bought 3 acres of land with 1, 10, 000/- (BDT) and created a teak orchard which present value is about 2, 00,000/- (BDT). And if everything goes well after fifteen years he will be able to earn about 15, 00,000/- 16, 00,000/- (BDT) from this teak orchard.



Shova Ranjan Chakma before his new house



The vehicle that helped him to improve his financial

After nearly two years, his *Tom Tom* business gradually collapsed and many like him bought *Tom Tom* to earn money. Besides he had to mechanic shop frequently for repairing purpose. So he again decides to sell it

and buy a milk cow with calf by spending 40, 000/- (BDT). Again he decides wisely because he will earn at least 25, 000/- (BDT) for the calf after a year or two and he will also get more calves and the cow will give milk which will provide nutrition demand for his two daughters besides earning a little income from selling milk.



Shova Ranjan Chakma & his wife Premorika Chakma with their cow and calf

According to Shova Ranjan Chakma- *“The road surely did many good to the entire villagers but to me the road brought a prosperous change into my family, occupational and financial life. I consider it as a blessings and I feel proud that my decision was right so that I could earn more or less 3-4 lacs from the Tom Tom which helped me to have a very potential teak orchard with permanent 3 acres of land. Everyone that got compensation money in our village, no one earned like me. But I am an illiterate person. I grew up in the refugee camp in Tripura so could not get education there. We lived there miserably and deprived of everything. Now my whole future is changed. I am confident that my two daughters will be educated and I will be able to provide financial support for it. If it would not happen I would still live in my previous hut and serve as a labor at others paddy lands or day labor or so. Though I could not complete my new house and have to spend more about 1, 50,000/- (BDT) but I am confident that I can manage it from my income. Now I have dreams to develop my occupational life. May be going to buy another Tom Tom or start small business. On the other hand I will try my best to assist my children to complete their education and get job someday. Above everything, I surely am grateful to Taungya for this positive change in my life.”*

“The road surely did many good to the entire villagers but to me the road brought a prosperous change into my family, occupational and financial life.....” - Shova Ranjan Chakma

“Before the road construction villagers had to walk miles to get to the market, there was no fair price for their agricultural products, school goers had to suffer a lot especially in the rainy season and emergency patients would not get medical treatment in time.” - Shova Ranjan Chakma

New hope and Struggle of a Widow Life



Binata Chakma before her previous shop cum house



New hope of Binata Chakma with the new shop

Binata Chakma a 45 years old widow, restarted life at Manikaypara Village of 246 No mauza, Choto Pansori under Pansori upzila in Khagrasoni Hill District since she returned in 1998 after the peace accord from refugee life in India. *“It was a situation to flee or die at that time when we fled to India for the unstatic political situation”* says- Binata Chakma. Her husband Indramoni Chakma died about 13 years ago for tuberculosis. So, she decides to come back to her relatives. But it was not easy for her to make income for herself and her only daughter. She has no land, no technical knowledge to adopt her livelihood. So she starts small business with minimum investment setting a straw made house cum shop on her brother’s land. She never had any properties or income source rather than the tea stall plus grocery shop. So, social and financial life was never supportive in her life. Once they had to flee for saving their own life and spend refugee life for many years and then returned and restarted new life. So life was nothing but heart and soul effort to survive.

At this time of life struggle ADB funded sub project known as *“Pansori-Bheibonsora via Shantipur Aronnyokuthir Road”* started to implement through land acquisition and resettlement process in partnership with a local NGO called Taungya. The sub project itself is comprised of many complex process and procedures which had to face various challenges. However, project intervention was remarkable for road communication development in that remote area in one hand but affected about 116 HHs covering 05 villages on the other. Among the different levels of affected communities, poor widow Binata Chakma was one who lost her house cum shop structure. According to Binata Chakma-*“It was very dreadful news for me when I first heard that my house cum shop will have to break for the road. I was already under constant financial crisis. The only income source is my small shop. So, I was very scared to lose it. Besides I always have to take loan from various loan servicer NGOs to run my business.”*

Everything becomes clear after she attend in a community level consultation meeting facilitated by Taungya. Binata Chakma never attended such type of meeting. First she was unwilling to participate but her brother Gyaner Alo Chakma and other relatives make her understand. But she thought that how an illiterate woman like her can join that meeting especially she won’t be able to express her problems to those officers. Gradually she hears that all the affected villagers will participate in that meeting. So she decides to join.

After attending three meetings with his brother she came to know that good amount of compensation will be distributed among the affected villagers. She also came to know that there are special allowances for the business person woman like her and to the guardians of a disable child or children who will lose their house structure. She finds a new hope of light and sub consciously starts to dream of a new shop with more goods and improvement of her small business. In this regards Binata Chakma and her daughter plans to build their shop and house in consultation and consent from her brother who has always been helping them since her husband died.



Binata Chakma and her daughter Nayan Devi Chakma look after the shop

It was a very good day for Binata Chakma when she receives her first compensation cheque. She could not believe in herself. The amount she could not read but her brother tells her and her heart fills with gratitude and new hope for herself and her only daughter. For her household structure (*Cash compensation under law*) she receives 1, 06,914.35/- (BDT) from DC office and as business personal she receives 21000/- (BDT), transfer grant 13364.29/- (BDT), reconstruction grant 13364.29/- (BDT), woman headed HH 2000/- (BDT), land development cost 10691.44/- (BDT) in total 60420/- (BDT) from Khagrachari Hill District Council as resettlement benefit, as per procedure of the project. She uses all her total compensation grant that is 167334.37/- (BDT) to construct her house-cum shop with bamboo and tin shed roof and provides some money for her daughter educational expenses besides investing rest of the money in her shop. She was earning 5, 000/- to 6, 000/- (BDT) per month before but there was always demand for more goods which she could not deliver for very low capital. Now she earns 8, 000/- to 10, 000/- (BDT) per month. The earnings may not sufficient for her poor family but she and her daughter now have a bigger house to live and a good running business. Mother and daughter both look after their shop. Especially her daughter looks after the accounting since she cannot write.

According her brother Gyaner Alo Chakma - *“My sister is very poor and was very helpless when her husband died. I am also a poor person cannot help her much besides let her live on my inherited land. I let her use about 6 decimals land for use and as owner I lost 36 feet land for the road. For the road she livelihood would have been more endangered but the compensation money she received was very good help for her family.”* Now Binata has a house rather than the hut, good running business and better income for herself and her daughter. *“I understand that if the road is constructed all will be benefited. Lands value will be increased, farmers will get good price for their good, communication will be more developed, and even my business may expand too. Now I am confident that if nothing goes wrong and if we able to run our business well we would not be fall in serious financial crisis. I have nothing but my daughter and the shop and if my daughter could complete her education hope she will get a govt. job and get married. My rest of the life wish is that. I am very grateful to Taungya for helping me to get my compensation properly. I am definitely benefited from the road and the project indeed”* says Binata Chakma



Binata Chakma with her daughter and brother Gyaner Chakma before her present shop

“I understand that if the road is constructed all will be benefited. Lands value will be increased, farmers will get good price for their good, communication will be more developed, and even my business may expand too.” - Binata Chakma

Livelihood Improvement of Chaiu Ma Marma



Chaiu Ma Marma was trained on agriculture to initiate IGA

50 years old Chaiu Ma Marma is a widow who lives common poorly rural life at Dabua Dakshin Para, Kawkhali upazila, Rangamati District. She has only one son who lives abroad as worker. So, she lives with her daughter in law and three grand children and lead poverty stricken life. She is a farmer and produces

paddy, turmeric, zinger & other seasonal agricultural products in her small cultivable land. When CHTRDP Phase-II Project initiated to build Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari Road via Barmachari she came to know that she is going to lose a good number of her lands. She was nonetheless shocked and thought how she can manage to afford food to her family members and there is no one in the family who can help her to prevent this land acquisition. However, afterward she came to know that eight families in her village are going to lose either their land or their house for the road. In this situation one day she was invited in a meeting called by *Taungya*, a local NGO. She was afraid and confused to attend the meeting. Then some of the villagers tell her that if she attends the meeting, she will be able to know what is going on. She becomes confident and goes to the meeting. Then she comes to know about land acquisition and compensation will be distributed to the affected communities. New hope makes her happy and she feels much happier that instead of her lands she will get good amount of money which can be very helpful to improve their livelihood in the future. Though at first she thought to refuse and protect land acquisition but she agrees for she will get adequate money for her lands which she will not get if she sells her land to the others.

The sub project under CHTRDB Phase-II Project is known by- *Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari Road via Barmachari* was constructed through the Dabua Headman Para. As per process and procedure, lands were acquired before road construction and according to ADB policy, compensation were distributed to the affected villagers. Chaiu Ma Marma is one of the eight seriously affected folks in their village. There were many challenges to construct the road under the sub-project- *Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari Road via Barmachari*. First of all land acquisition and compensation distribution was not easy and has to go through various complex process & stages. On the other hand as per traditional practice local community people have less practice of keeping documents of their land ownership. So it was not easy to identify who is to be compensated or who is the actual owner of land besides people have ownership on *khas land* as per government acknowledgement which is also another complex criteria.

However, CHRDB Phase II Project has followed some special rules that made comparatively easy for implementation of the sub project. For example- compensation for the *khas land* (as per policy of ADB) is very important and comprehensive compensation for land and household structure. On the other hand technical skill development to support livelihood for the seriously affected community people added more supportive intention from the project.

Chaiu Ma Marma lost 27.53 decimals title land (recorded land) and 58 decimals customary land (*khas land*) for the rural road. Against the customary land she receives total 5, 30,733/- BDT and going to be compensated 2, 51,915.19/- BDT for her title land. But she is very careful and plans to utilize that money in a proper way so that it will be helpful to improve their underprivileged life. She dreams of a better house and a source of better income. So she discusses with her daughter in law and they agree to set up a rice mill which can bring extra money for their family and also surely will be helpful for their own milling tasks. Rest of the money she decides to keep in her bank account and plans to build a *pacca* house instead of their present *kancha* house. At present she monthly earns about 2000/- to 3000/- tk. from the mill which is helpful to carry out her family expenses.



Chaiu Ma Marma works at her newly built rice mill

Chaiu Ma Marma says, “When I heard that a road will be constructed which will acquire a good number of my lands I was shocked and thought though I am poor, I am going to be poorer. But latter I came to know that due to be an affected family I am going to be compensated and I will get good compensation for losing some parts of my land. Latter I found the compensation money as a blessing for improving my livelihood besides using some of it with some money I can build a brick house too. I heartily thank Taungya, donors and the institutions that are involved with it for let me to receive my compensation. I will use it properly and when my son will return from abroad we will be able to build our house. Though at first I thought I can use the money to make a small dairy farm or can start goat/ cow/pig raring but latter I understood that I don’t have good technical knowledge and in case of urgency veterinary treatment I will have none and all my investment may go to ashtay. So discussing the matter with my daughter in law we together decide to set a rice mill. On the other hand after attending meeting I also realized that the road will actually what we needed to develop our remote rural villages. Say, for the road we will be able to get proper price for our agricultural products, provide urgent medical treatment to our emergency patients, my grand children and children of the villagers will be able to go to school to the proper area from their village etc.

“Latter I found the compensation money as a blessing for improving my livelihood” Chaiu Ma Marma

“..... for the road we will be able to get proper price for our agricultural products, provide urgent medical treatment to our emergency patients, my grand children and children of the villagers will be able to go to school to the proper area from their village etc.” Chaiu Ma Marma.

Prosperous Rural Life with Compensation Support from CHTRDP-II Project

“Many of us who became affected for the road construction wasted their money for buying ornaments, eating rich foods or doing other things without invest it or use it for improvement of their socio-economical life. But didn't waste my money and before I get it I made a good plan to utilize its each and every poisa properly.” Says– 39 years old Uching Thowai Marma son of Jhosai Marma & Savorui Marma.

He is a father of six daughters. His wife Mapai Marma is also a good and hard working village woman who looks after her family and run a shop on their own land. Uching Marma dwells at Balukhali Para in Betbunia Mauza under Kawkhali upazila of Rangamati district. He is a daily labour of the govt. rubber garden near their village & earns only 4200/- taka per month which is undoubtedly not sufficient to look after his family and pay expenses for his six school going daughters. So, he uses his spare time after his service to the rubber garden in business that is their main income source the grocery shop besides gardening and farming.

Uching has been dwelling at their village since he was born there. He could not study much so he desires to educate his daughters as far they can carry on. At present his daughters are studying at HSC, SSC, class-VII, VI, II and the youngest one is only four years old and about to start school. Although he is a daily labour he has some very good qualities that few peoples has that is his positive thinking towards life and positive attention towards prosperity for his financial security of life.



Uching Thowai Marma Changed his life from a labour to a successful farmer and trader with the compensation money



Mapai Marma wife of Uching Thowai Marma looks after their grocery shop



CNG brings income for his young brother as well as little money for himself too

Uching lost 95 decimals of his homestead land and received 8, 69,304.15/- taka as compensation from the project and 182952 tk. for affected house structure, 64680/- tk. As additional compensation that is total 1116936.15/- tk. *“At first I bought a CNG taxi and gave it to my younger brother as rent and I earn daily 400/- tk. That is per month 12,000/- tk. from it. I reconstructed our shop and invested some money and now I earn 18,000/- tk. to 21,000/- tk. per month from the shop. I also invested some money to buy eight cows which increased into 15 now and those market price is about 4 to 5 lacs taka now”* says– Uching Thowai with happy smile. He also improved his house with cement plaster and colouring and a little extension in the backyard. Set ups a tube well to get safe drinking water. He did not only use it to improve his life but also helped his two brothers 1 lac each to construct their houses.

Annexure 10: Photographs of Sub-projects' Activities etc.

ALIGNMENT HANDOVER:



Alignment hand over of Chairy Bazar sub-project by LGED



Alignment hand over (LS) by LGED



Alignment hand over of Naikhongchari Part-II Sub-project by LGED



Alignment hand over of Gojalia Sub-project by LGED



Alignment hand over of Baghaichari Sub-project by LGED



Alignment hand over of Baghaichari Sub-project by LGED

COMMUNITY CONSULTATION MEETING:



Consultation meeting attended by Ms. Subarna Chakma, RC representative at Baghaichari part-2 sub-project at Baghaichari UP hall room



Consultation meeting at Holudia-Bhagyakul Sub-project, Bandarban



Consultation meeting at Chokkhyong Tripura Para Sub-project, Alikodom, Bandarban



Consultation meeting at Lama Rupashi Para, Bandarban



Community Consultation meeting facilitated by Kishor Tripura



Community Consultation meeting facilitated by Chanchu Chakma

LARAEC MEETING:



LARAEC meeting at KHDC



LARAEC meeting for Baghaichari sub-project at RHDC



LARAEC meeting at Bandarban Hill District Council

PVAT MEETING:



Meeting of Property Assessment Valuation Team (PVAT)



PVAT meeting for Naikhongchari-Tumbru Pat- 1 & 2 at BHDC



PVAT meeting for Ruma Sub-project at BHDC



PVAT meeting at Rangamati Hill District Council



PVAT Team visit at Garitana Sub-project to collect land rate information

GRC MEETING:



Grievance Redress Committee Meeting at RHDC

ADRF MEETING:



ADRF meeting at Alikodom, Bandarban



ADRF meeting at Alikodom upazila, Bandarban

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION:



Formal FGD at Shantipur Govt. Primary School for Panchari sub-project



FGD at Chokkyong Tripura Para, Alikodom

SOCIO ECONOMIC SURVEY:



Socio-economic survey at Lama



Socio-economic survey at Ruma



Socio-economic survey at Alikodom upazila, Bandarban



Socio-economic survey at Betunia Chairy Bazar sub-project, Kawkhali, upazila, Bandarban

LAND SURVEY:



Land Survey at Bandarban



Land Survey of Baghaichari Sub-project

FEASIBILITY STUDY VISIT:



Feasibility Study Visit by ADC (Revenue) at Bara Aowalia-Shantir Hat Sub-project, Kawkhali, Rangamati District



Feasibility Study Visit by ADC (Revenue) at Lama Rupashi Para, Lama, Bandarban District



Feasibility Study Visit by at Baniachar Gojalia, Lama, Bandarban District

JOINT VERIFICATION VISIT:



Joint Verification Visit conducted at Panchari Shantipur Aranya Kuthir Sub-project by LA Section, LGED and RNGO



Joint Verification Visit conducted at Rupashi Para, Lama, Bandarban



Joint Verification Visit conducted at Baghaichari, Rangamati District

PWD STRUCTURE VERIFICATION VISIT:



Structure Valuation Visit conducted by PWD facilitated by RNGO

COMPENSATION CHEQUES DISTRIBUTION:



Compensation Cheque Distribution by DC, Khagrachari



Compensation Cheque Distribution at Rangamati District

CHEQUES DISTRIBUTION FOR ADDITIONAL GRANTS:



KHDC member Mr. Khogeshwar Tripura distributing resettlement benefit to the IP Sindhuksori sub-project



Additional Grants Cheque Distribution by Khagrachari Hill District Council



Additional Grants Cheque Distribution by honorable Rani Yan Yan, Consultant RNGO and KHDC honorable Chairman

INCOME LIVELIHOOD RESTORATION TRAINING:



Income Livelihood Restoration Training for the APs of Panchari upazila, Khagrachari district

POST PROJECT SURVEY:



Post project survey at Panchari upazila, Khagrachari



Post project survey at Betunia, Rangamati District

SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT SURVEY:



Social Impact Assessment survey at Panchari upazila, Khagrachari



Social Impact Assessment survey at Baghaichari upazila, Rangamati

MONITORING VISIT:



Monitoring visit at Betbunia, Kawkhali upazila Rangamati District



Monitoring visit at Panchari upazila Khagrachari District



Monitoring visit at Raikhali sub-project Rajsthali upazila Rangamati District



Monitoring visit at Rupashi Para, Lama, Bandarban District

ADB MISSION VISIT:



Meeting with communities during ADB mission visit at Betbungia Chairy Bazar sub-project



ADB Mission's Visit at Raikhali sub-project, Kaptai, Rangamai



ADB Mission visit at Betbungia Shantir Hat sub-project, Kawkhali upazila, Rangamati District



Mission visit at Sindhukhari sub-project, Khagrachari District

OTHERS:



Trouble shooting visit at Betbungia Shantir Hat Sub-project



Orientation Programme Baghaichari upazila, Rangamati

Annexure- 11: List of ADRFs, LARAECs, PVATs and GRC Committee Members who participated in their respective Meetings

Name of Sub-project: Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Name of Member	Designation	Contact Number
29/05/2014	87 No. Dabua Mouza	Fatikchari	Dabua Headman Para Govt. Primary School	S. M. Chowdhury	Headman and UP Chairman	01552700278
				Suithoi Pru Karbari	Karbari/Community Leader	01820321579
				Arema Marma	Ward Member/Community Leader	01845225199
				Makroinu Marma	Local Community Leader	
				Hlathoi Marma	Local Community Leader	01818101543

Name of Sub-project: Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
29 May 2014	95 No. Betbunia	Betbunia	Chowdhury Para Ukrabai House	Aungkyaja Chowdhury	Representative of Headman	01828552683
				Thuiry Marma	Local Community Leader	01830367726
				Aungmeching Marma	UP Ward Member	01837887096
				Ruicha Aung Karbari	Karbari / Community Leader	01820331238
				Ukrabai Marma	Local Community Leader	01554008350

Name of Sub-project: Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road

Date of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
26 May 2014	Rangamati	Rangamati Hill District Council Conferenceroom	Chairperson, Aungsui Prue Chowdhury	Representative, Chairman Rangamati Hill District Council	01556777750
			Member, ASM Ibnul Hasan Evan	Land Acquisition Officer, Rangamati DC Office	01712471046
			Member, Md. Shahidul Islam	Executive Officer, Rangamati Hill District Council	01748387720
			Member, Thui Aung Marma	Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01819616045
			Member, Aongla Ching	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01811460570
			Member, Tripti Shangkar Chakma	Senior Assistant Engineer, Representative, Executive Engineer, LGED, Rangamati	01931089906
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-2, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member Secretary, Reetesh Roy	Project Manager, CHTRDP-II, Taungya	01865236192

Name of Sub-project: Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road

Date of PVAT Meeting	Name of District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
15 December 2014	Rangamati	Rangamati Hill District Council Conference room	Chairperson, Nikhil Kumar Chakma	Chairman, Rangamati Hill District Council	01829662266
			Member, Md. Mohsin Mridha	Land Acquisition Officer, DC Office, Rangamati	01831698523
			Member, Thui AUNG Marma	President/Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01819616045
			Member, Aongla Ching	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01811460570
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-2, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member, Tripti Shangkar Chakma	Senior Assistant Engineer, Representative, Executive Engineer LGED, Rangamati	01931089906
			Member Secretary, Bimalendu Chakma	Project Manager, CHTRDP-II, Taungya	01820365541

Name of Sub-project: Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Union	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
08 May 2016	Kaskhali	95 No. Betbunia	Sapmara Mongsila Shop	Chairperson, Tushar Kanti Dewan	Headman	01535037824
				Member, Ushapru Karbari	Karbari and Community Leader	01874546528
				Member, Nurul Islam Karbari	Karbari and Community Leader	01820149049
				Member, Suikiling Marma	Local Community Leader	01820315102
				Member, Mong Shilha Marma	Local Community Leader	01553280052

Name of Sub-project: Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia- Santirhat Road

Date of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
07 June, 2016	Rangamati	Rangamati Hill District Council Conferenceroom	Chairperson, Brisha Katu Chakma	Chairman, Hill District Council, Rangamati	01843-031989
			Member, Sahjia Pervin	Land Acquisition Officer, Rangamati DC Office	01815825755
			Member, Sadeque Ahamed	Executive Officer/Land Officer, Rangamati Hill District Council	01715086252
			Member, Thui Aung Marma	Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01819616045
			Member, Saya Mong Marma	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01823849190
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-II, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member Secretary, Chanchu Chakma	Income Restoration Specialist, Taungya	01820300936

Name of Sub- project: Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar)- Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battoli & Daskin Saroatali Road (Part-I)

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
25 March 2017	Saroatoli	Saroatoli	Saroatoli Union Parishad	Chairperson, Tushar Kanti Chakma	Chairman, Saroatoli Union Parishad	01532454836
				Member, Suvas Kusum Chakma	Ward Member and community Leader	01559112424
				Member, Mukul Chakma	Local Community Leader	01557198140
				Member, Shepalika Chakma	Ward Member and community Leader	01554652668
				Member, Tridip Chakma	Community Leader	01556507048

Name of Sub- project: Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-I)

Date of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
26 November 2017	Rangamati	Rangamati Hill District Council Conference room	Chairperson, Brisha Katu Chakma	Chairman, Hill District Council, Rangamati	01843-031989
			Member, A.B.M. Riyad Hossain Gourab	Land Acquisition Officer, Rangamati DC Office	01912-255879
			Member, Sadeque Ahamed	Executive Officer/Land Officer, Rangamati Hill District Council	01715-686252
			Member, Thui Aung Marma	Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01819-616045
			Member, Barun Kanti Chakma	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01828-943136
			Member, Md. Atiar Rahman	Assistant Engineer, Representative, Executive Engineer, LGED, Rangamati	01715635809
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-II, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member Secretary, Reetesh Roy	Project Manager, Taungya	01865236192

Name of Sub-project: Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar)- Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battoli & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part- I) and Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat Rajastali via Mitingachari Road (Part-1& 2)

Date of PVAT Meeting	Name of District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
14 May 2018	Rangamati	RHDC Conference Room	Chairperson, Brishakatu Chakma	Chairman, Hill District Council, Rangamati	01843-031989
			Member, Sahida Akhter	Land Acquisition Officer, DC Office, Rangamati	01918153482
			Member, Thui Aung Marma	Representative, District Headman Association, Rangamati	01819616045
			Member, Barun Kanti Chakma	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01828943136
			Member, Md. Faruq Ahmad	Senior Assistant Engineer, Representative, Executive Engineer, LGED, Rangamati	01712161626
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member Secretary, Reetesh Roy	Project Manager, , Taungya	01865236192

Name of Sub-project: Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthal HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
06 May 2017	321 No. Raikhali	Raikhali	Raikhali Headman Office	Chairperson, Uching Thoai Chowdhury	Headman, Raikhali	01852407939
				Member, Uvaching Marma	Karbari and Community Leader	01864746237
				Member, Aung Thoai Marma	Karbari and Community Leader	01837241975
				Member, Mangpru Aung Marma	Karbari and Community Leader	01813396597
				Member, Kroihlama Marma	Local Community Leader	01813667847

Name of Sub-project: Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajastali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)

Date of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
15 December 2014	Rangamati	Rangamati Hill District Council Conferenceroom	Chairperson, Nikhil Kumar Chakma	Chairman, Rangamati Hill District Council	01829662266
			Member, Sadeq Ahamed	Executive Officer/land Officer, Rangamati Hill District Council	01715-686252
			Member, Md. Mohsin Mridha	Land Acquisition Officer, Rangamati DC Office.	01831698523
			Member, Thui Aong Marma	Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01819616045
			Member, Aongla Ching	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01811460570
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-2, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member, Tripti Shangkar Chakma	Senior Assistant Engineer, Representative, Executive Engineer, LGED, Rangamati	01931089906
			Member Secretary, Bimalendu Chakma	Project Manager, CHTRDP-II, Taungya	01820365541

Name of Sub-project: Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajastali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part- II)

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
19 May, 2016	321 No. Raikhali	Raikhali	Raikhali Headman Office	Chairperson, Uching Thoai Chowdhury	Headman, Raikhali	01852407939
				Member, Sahaya Mong Marma	Community Leader	01823849190
				Member, Sefamong Marma	Local Community Leader	01824456575
				Member, Anamul Haque	Community Leader	01859336158
				Member, Rubi Chowdhury	Local Community Leader	01719229242

Name of Sub-project: Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajastali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II)

Date of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
15 December 2015	Rangamati	Rangamati Hill District Council Conference Room	Chairperson, Brishakatu Chakma	Chairman, Hill District Council, Rangamati	01843-031989
			Member, Chai Thowai Prue Marma	Representative, Rangamati DC Office	01511-944321
			Member, Arunendu Tripura	Representative, land Officer, Rangamati Hill District Council	01550-608022
			Member, Hitler Dewan	Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01556-549547
			Member, Khewson Aung	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01814-98718
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-2, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member Secretary, Chanchu Chakma	Income Restoration Specialist, INGO	01820300936

Name of Sub-project: Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-II)

Date of ADRF formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
02 April 2018	Baghaichari	Baghaichari	Baghaichari Govt. Primary School	Chairperson, Sunil Bihari Chakma	Chairman, Baghaichari Union Parishad	01557152937
				Member, Sunirmal Chakma	Local Community Leader	01536032775
				Member, Khukumoni Chakma	Baghaichari Union Parishad Member	01557666804
				Member, Dhayaniti Talukder	Local Community Leader	01559550768
				Member, Dipangkar Talukder	Karbari /Community Leader	01557137807

Name of Sub-project: Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-II)

Date of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
26 November 2017	Rangamati	RHDC Conference Room	Chairperson, Brisha Katu Chakma	Chairman, Hill District Council, Rangamati	01843-031989
			Member, A.B.M. Riyad Hossain Gourab	Land Acquisition Officer, Rangamati DC Office	01912-255879
			Member, Sadeque Ahmed	Executive Officer and land Officer, Rangamati Hill District Council	01715-686252
			Member, Thui Aung Marma	Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01819-616045
			Member, Barun Kanti Chakma	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01828-943136
			Member, Md. Atiar Rahman	Assistant Engineer, Representative, Executive Engineer, LGED, Rangamati	01715635809
			Member Abirata Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-2, Rangamati	01820700145
			Member Secretary, Reetesh Roy	Project Manager, CHTRDP-II, Taungya	01865236192

Name of Sub-project: Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road

Date of GRC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
22 December 2015	Rangamati	RHDC Conference Room	Chairperson, Brisha Ketu Chakma	Chairman Rangamati Hill District Council	01843031989
			Member, Sadeque Ahmed	Executive Officer and Land Officer, Rangamati Hill District Council	01715686252
			Member, Boishakhi Barua	Land Acquisition Officer, Rangamati DC Office	01817269326
			Member, Thui Aung Marma	Representative, District Headman Association Rangamati	01819616045
			Member, Kyaso Aung	Representative, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Rangamati	01811460570
			Member, Tripti Shangkar Chakma	Senior Assistant Engineer, Representative, Executive Engineer, LGED, Rangamati	01814987718
			Member Hla Thoai Marma	Representative of Affected Persons	01818101543
			Member, Aungme Ching Marma	Representative of Affected Persons	01840425898
			Member Secretary, Reetesh Roy	Project Manager, CHTRDP-II, Taungya	01865236192

Name of Sub-project: Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
28 May 2014	Choto Panchari	Ultachari	Upazila Chairman Office Room	Subrata Chakma	UP Chairman	01871-583555
				Soheli Chakma	UP Member	
				Utpola Chakma	Community Leader	01828-933394
				Shyamal Chakma	UP Member	01556-620154
				Durga Rani Chakma	Community Leader	-----

Name of Sub-project: Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road

Date Of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
27 May 2014	Khagrachari	Khagrachari Hill District Chairman's Room	Chairperson, Bira Kishor Chakma	Representative, Chairman of Hill District Council, Khagrachari	01553-208320
			Member, Priya Kumar Chakma	AO and land Officer, Khagrachari Hill District Council, Khagrachari	01715-289593
			Member, Md. Mehedi Mahamud	Land Acquisition Officer, Khagrachari DC Office, Khagrachari.	01793-186106
			Member, Asha Pradip Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-II, Khagrachari.	01715-755019
			Member, ShadeshPrity Chakma	President, District Headman Association, Khagrachari.	01553-210567
			Member, BishwaKalyan Chakma	President, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Khagrachari	01551-747509
			Md. Mostafa Hassan	Executive Engineer LGED, Khagrachari	01711-17108
			Member Secretary, Bimalendu Chakma	PM, Taungya	01865236192

Name of Sub-project: Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road

Date of PVAT	District	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
2 November 2015	Khagrachari	Khagrachari Hill District Council Chairman room	Chairperson, Kongjori Chowdhury	Chairman Hill District Council	01819-309569
			Member, Md. Sabur Ali	Land Acquisition Officer, Khagrachari DC Office	01750-199532
			Member, ShadeshPrity Chakma	President, District Headman Association	01553-210567
			Member, BishwaKalyan Chakma	President, B.U.P.F. Khagrachari	01551-747509
			Member, Md. Mustafa Hassan	Executive Engineer, LGED, Khagrachari	01711-171081
			Member, Asha Pradip Chakma	Deputy Project Director, CHTRDP-II, Khagrachari	01715-755019
			Member Secretary, Chanchu Chakma	Income Restoration Specialist, INGO	01820300936

Name of Sub-project: Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
17 May 2015	Debalchari	Sinduckchari	Union Perished Hall	Kongyeo Chowdhury	Debalchari Headman	01556-745763
				Kongnyorang Marma	UP Member	01553-012013
				Remrachai Marma	Teacher	01838-497191
				Minu Marma	UP Member	01838-498179
				Hlapru Chowdhury	Goaichari Headman	01829-019410

Name of Sub-project: Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
17 May 2015	Sinduckchari	Sinduckchari	Union Perished Room	Suinu Prue Chowdhury	Sinduckchari UP Chairman	01554-119117
				Ratnasen Tripura	UP Member	01828-828170
				Aung Kya Thoai karbari	Karbari	01552-504549
				Jahar Lal Tripura	UP Member	01867-916493
				Naiu Marma	Representative, AP	01554-278795

Name of Sub-project: Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road

Date Of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
11 December 2014	Khagrachari	KHDC Chairman's Room	Chairperson, Chaithow Aung Marma	Representative, Chairman of Hill District Council	01819-309569
			Member, Priya Kumar Chakma	AO, KHDC	01715-289593
			Member, Mollah Mizanur Rahaman	ADC(Rev) Khagrachari DC Office, Khagrachari	01550-605422
			Member, Md. Mizanur Rahaman	LAO, DC Office, Khagrachari	01722-435761
			Member, Md. Mustafa Hassan	Executive Engineer LGED, Khagrachari	01711-171081
			Member, Asha Pradip Chakma	DPD, CHTRDP-II, Khagrachari	01715-755019
			Member, Bishwa Kalyan Chakma	President, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Khagrachari	01551-747509
			Member, Shadesh Priti Chakma	President, District Headman Association, Khagrachari	01553-210567
			Member Secretary, Biplob Chakma,	ED, Taungya	01531212666

Name of Sub-project: Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road

Date of PVAT Meeting	Name of District	Venue	Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
19 March 2017	Khagrachari	KHDC Chairman Room	Kongjori Chowdhury	Chairman Hill District Council, Khagrachari	01819-309569
			MD. Ashraful Haque	LGED, Khagrachari	01715-289593
			MD. Nadim Sarwar	LAO, DC Office, Khagrachari	01711-243353
			Asha Pradip Chakma	DPD, DPMO, Khagrachari	01715-755019
			Shadesh Priti Chakma	President, District Headman Association, Khagrachari	01553-210567
			Bishwa Kalyan Chakma	President, B.U.P.F. Khagrachari	01551-747509

Name Sub-project: Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road

Date of ADRF Formation	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
24 February 2016	Kalapani & Nawavanga	Jyogyachola & Patachora	Kalapani School Room	MD. Joynal Abedin	Chairman, Manikchari	-----
				Repru Chai Chowdhury	Headman, Kalapani	01849-885873
				Moriam Bibi	UP Member	01716-529331
				Ching Mra U Marma	AP representative	-----
				Abdul Mannan	UP Member	01824-933008

Name of Sub-project: Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road

Date Of LARAEC Meeting	District	Venue	Name of Committee Member	Designation	Contact Number
22 December 2015	Khagrachari	KHDC Chairman's Room	Chairperson, Kongjori Chowdhury	Chairman Hill District Council, Khagrachari	01819-309569
			Member, Priya Kumar Chakma	AO/Land Officer, KHDC	01715-289593
			Member, Ariful Akhter	LAO, DC Office, Khagrachari.	01550-604510
			Member, Asha Pradip Chakma	DPD, CHTRDP-2, Khagrachari	01715-755019
			Member, Md. Mustafa Hassan	Executive Engineer, LGED, Khagrachari	01711-171081
			Member, Bishwa Kalyan Chakma	President, Bangladesh Union Parishad Forum, Khagrachari	01551-747509
			Member, Shadesh Priti Chakma	President, District Headman Association, Khagrachari	01553-210567
			Member Secretary, Chanchu Chakma	Income Restoration Specialist, INGO-Taungya	01820300936

Name of Sub-project: Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road

Date of PVAT Meeting	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
15 January 2018	Kalapani & Nawavanga	Jyogyachola & Patachora	KHDC Chairman's Room	Kongjori Chowdhury	Chairman Hill District Council	01819-309569
				Imran Hossain Sajib	LAO, Khagrachari DC Office	01775-229000
				Asha Pradip Chakma	DPO, DPMO, Khagrachari	01715-755019
				Ahmed Abu Fayed	LGED	01723-492369

				Shadesh Priti Chakma	President, District Headman Association	01553-210567
				Hiranjoy Tripura	Chairman UP Forum, Khagrachari	01558-883253

PVAT under Bandarban District:

Name of Sub-project: Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-I)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
4/10/2018	Reju	Sonaichari and Gumdum	Chairman office Room BHDC	Kyaw Shwe Hla	Chairman, Hill District Council, Bandarban	01755-599993
				Md. Reduanul Halim	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	01723-451015
				Md. Nurul Absar	Land Officer HDC Bandarban	01711-735717
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	01553-402836
				Sha Chow Prue	UP Chairman	01820-406439

Name of Sub-project: Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
4/10/2018	Reju, Tumbru and Gundum	Gundum	Chairman office Room BHDC	Kyaw Shwe Hla	Chairman, Hill District Council, Bandarban	01755-599993
				Md. Reduanul Halim	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	01723-451015
				Md. NurulAbsar	Land Officer HDC Bandarban	01711-735717
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	01553-402836
				Sha Chow Prue	UP Chairman	01820-406439

Name of Sub-project: Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road

Date of PVAT	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
19/8/2018	356 No. Poli	Ruma Sadar	Chairman office Room BHDC	Kyaw Shwe Hla	Chairman, Hill District Council, Bandarban	01755-599993
				Jahidur Rahman	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	01732-785837
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	01553-402836
				Sha Chow Prue	President/Representative, B.U.P.F. Bandarban	01820-406439
				Abu Taleb Chowdhury	Executive Eng, Bandarban	01819-381442

Name of Sub-project: Raicha-Goaliakhola Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
30/11/2016	Bandarban Sadar	Bandarban Sadar	Chairman office Room BHDC	Md. Sahidul Alam	CEO, BHDC	01711-180304
				Md. Nurul Absar	Land Officer HDC Bandarban	01711-735717
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	01553-402836
				Da Thwai Ching Marma	UP Chairman, Lama	01818-681878
				Hosain Md. Masud Alam	LGED	01553-362833

ADRFs under Bandarban District:

Name of Sub-project: Raicha-Goaliakhola Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
25/5/2015	Bandarban Sadar	Bandarban Sadar	Nurul Islam Store, Raicha	Nurul Amin	Convener	01822-362638
				Ishaq Mia	Member	01817-161227
				Nurul Islam	Member	-----
				Prue ChngThui Marma	Member	-----
				Firoja Bagom	Member	-----

Name of Sub-project: Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-I)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
3/12/2015	Reju	Sonaichari	Headman House, Boroi Toli	Pretimoy Chakma	Convener	01813-236628
				Kiron Chakma	Member	01811-600430
				Md. Usuf	Member	
				Rehana Akhter	Member	01813-1738292
				Anil Karbari	Member	01839-416391

Name of Sub-project: Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-I)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
3/12/2015	Reju	Sonaichari and Gundum	House of Bashir, Boiddya Chara	Pretimoy Chakma	Convener	01813-236628
				NurulAlam	Member	01818-590494
				Bodi Alam	Member	
				Basir Ahmed	Member	01819-593551
				Nurnaher Bagum	Member	01821-213171

Name of Sub-project: Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
4/12/2015	Reju, Tumbru and Gundum	Gundum	Headman Para, House of Headman	Khayong Chapu Tanchangya	Convener	01829-818168
				Abul Basar	Member	01823-968089
				Nurul Amin	Member	01843-154245
				Johir Ahmed	Member	01819-608050
				Mayeo Chakma	Member	01862-437111

Name of Sub-project: Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
4/12/2015	Reju, Tumbru and Gundum	Gundum	Vazabunia, Syed Alam House	Khayong Chapu Tanchangya	Convener	01829-818168
				Kohla Ching Tanchangya	Member	-----
				Syed Alam	Member	-----
				Zunu Bala Tanchangya	Member	-----
				Mayco Ching Tanchangya	Member	-----

Name of Sub-project: Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
1/12/2015	356 No. Poli	Ruma Sadar	Beauty Bawm House	Ching Sa Aung Marma	Convener	01553-103308
				Anjan Barua	Member	
				Laliancham Bawm	Member	01556-529424
				Beauti Bawm	Member	01556-643460
				Lili Bawm	Member	01557-472383

Name of Sub-project: Holudia- Vaggakul-Tankabati Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
24/7/2018	Sualok ,Tankabati and Uttar Hungar	Sualok & Tankabati	Aung Lai Mro Tea Shop, Prantik Lake	Ukanu Marma	Convener	01824-963579
				Rina Begum	Member	01872-378297
				Abbas Ali	Member	01853-240035
				MD Balal	Member	01834-633299
				Aunglai Mro	Member	01815-522503

Name of Sub-project: Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
17/7/2018	Toinfa Mouza	Alikodom	Matin Member office room	MD Jamal Uddin	Convener	01827-905784
				Rang Pung Mrow	Member	
				Abdul Matin	Member	
				Antajoy Tripura	Member	
				Majai U Marma	Member	

Name of Sub-project: Lama-Ruposhi Para Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
20/6/2017	Dordori and Longkhiyong	Rupasi Para	Abul Member House, Police camp Para	Cumphong Mro	Convener	
				Abul Hosain	Member	01863-883983
				Thowai Hla Momg Marma	Member	01771-310477
				Salim Soudagor	Member	
				Mosammed Rabeya	Member	

Name Sub-project: Baniarchar- Gozalia Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
26/2/2017	Faitong and Gozalia	Faitong and Gozalia	Jalal Uddin office room, Faitong	Umra Mong Marma	Convener	
				Jalal Uddin	Member	01825-709299
				Nurul Kabir	Member	
				Thowai Chanu Marma	Member	
				Macraw Ching Marma	Member	

ADRFs under Bandarban District:

Name Sub-project: Baniarchar- Gozalia Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Mamber	Designation	Contact Number
27/2/2017	Faitong and Gojalia	Faitong and Gojalia	Saathi Chandra Tripura House	Thowainu Aung Chowdhury	Convener	
				Meseha Tripura	Member	01831-524451
				Aung Thowai Hla Marma	Member	
				Saathi Chandra Tripura	Member	
				Rabeya Begum	Member	

LARAEC under Bandarban District:

Name Sub-project: Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
29/2/2016	Reju, Tumbru and Ghundum	Ghundum	Chairman office Room BHDC	Kyaw Shwe Hla	Chairman, Hill District Council, Bandarban	01755-599993
				Alauddin Al Mamun	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	-----
				Juri Mong	Land Officer HDC Bandarban	-----
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	-----
				Hiranjoy Tripura	President/Representative, B.U.P.F. Bandarban	-----

Name Sub-project: Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
3/3/2015	356 No. Poli	Ruma Sadar	Chairman office Room BHDC	Md. Nurul Absar	EO, Hill District Council, Bandarban	01711-735717
				Kya Hla Khoin	Executive Eng, Bandarban	01715-066550
				ShajiaTaher	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	01717-660532
				Sombu Kumar Tanchangya	President B.U.P.F. Bandarban	01811-202338

Name Sub-project: Naikhongchari- Tumbru (Part-I)

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
3/3/2015	Reju	Sonaichari and Gumdum	Chairman office Room BHDC	Md. Nurul Absar	EO, Hill District Council, Bandarban	01711-735717
				Kya Hla Khoin	Executive Eng, Bandarban	01715-066550
				ShajiaTaher	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	01717-660532
				Sombu Kumar Tanchangya	President B.U.P.F. Bandarban	01811-202338

LARAEK under Bandarban District:

Name Sub-project: Holudia- Vaggakul-Tankabati Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
11/12/2016	Sualok, Tankabati and Uttar Hungar	Sualok & Tankabati	Chairman office Room BHDC	Kyaw Shwe Hla	Chairman	01755-599993
				Juri Mong	Land Officer HDC Bandarban	-----
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	-----
				Udayan Chakma	DPMO, Bandarban	-----

Name Sub-project: Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
11/12/2016	Toinfa Mouza	Alikodom	Chairman office Room BHDC	Kyaw Shwe Hla	Chairman	01755-599993
				Juri Mong	Land Officer HDC Bandarban	-----
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	-----
				Udayan Chakma	DPMO, Bandarban	-----

Name Sub-project: Lama-Rupashi Para Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
28/11/2016	Dordori and Longkhiong	Rupashi Para	Chairman office Room BHDC	Md. Sohikul Alam	CEO, BHDC	01711-180304
				Md. Nurul Basar	LO, BHDC	01711-735717
				Md. Golam Morshad	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	01550-601377
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	01553-402836
				Da Thwai Ching Marma	UP Chairman, Lama	01818-681878

Name Sub-project: Baniarchar- Gozalia Road

Date	Name of Mouza	Name of Union	Venue	Member	Designation	Contact Number
28/11/2016	Faitong and Gozalia	Faitong and Gozalia	CEO office Room BHDC	Md. Sahidul Alam	CEO, BHDC	01711-180304
				Md. Nurul Basar	LO, BHDC	01711-735717
				Md. Golam Morshad	LAO, Bandarban DC Office	01550-601377
				Ti Mong Prue	President/Representative, District Headman Association Bandarban	01553-402836
				Da Thwai Ching Marma	UP Chairman, Lama	01818-681878

Annexure 12: District Wise Sub-projects' Details

Sl.	Name of District	Sub-project Name	Alignment Handover	LARP Submission Date	LA proposal submission Date	ADB Concurrence	Remarks
1	Rangamati	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari Road via Barmachari	14 November 2013	6 August 2014	13 January 2014	26 August 2014	
		Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsathali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-1)	22 July, 2014	3 December 2014	27 November 2015	11 August 2015	
		Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajasthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-2)	29 April, 2015	23 November 2015	22 December 2015	26 April 2017	
		Betbunia Chairy Bazar–Bara Aoulia Santir Hat Road.	16 February 2016	23 June 2016	18 April 2016	23 June 2016	
		Marishay Bazar (Upazila Sadar)-Mainimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battoli & Dhakkin Sarootoli Road(Part-1)	15 June 2016	30 August 2016	19 September 2016	30 August 2016	
		Bagachattar Union-Ghonamor Road	7 February 2017	9 April 2017			Deferred
		Upazila Sadar-Horina Bazar via Bottoli& Morghona	15 June 2016	21 August 2016			Deferred
		Marishay Bazar (Upazila Sadar)-Mainimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battoli & Dhakkin Sarootoli Road(Part-2)	10 August 2017	23 October 2017		12 April 2018	
2	Khagrachari	Panchari – Bhaibonchara GC via Shantipur	30 November	30 June,2014	18 May, 2014	27 November	
		Sindukhari Union H/Q-Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road	16 June 2014	30 August 2014	22 February 2015	1 October 2014	
		Garitana GC-Batnatali Union HQ Road via Jogyachola Bazar	25 August 2015	29 October 2015	16 November 2015	4 April 2016	
		Bellchari Union H/Q Ajudha Bazar Road	4 October 2016				Deferred
3	Bandarban	Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road	13 November 2014	15 January 2015	28 December 2015	11 August 2015	
		Raicha –Goaliakhola Road	18 May 2014	23 August 2015	16 June 2015	26 April 2017	
		Naikhongchari-Tumbru (Road & Structure) (Part-1)	23 September 2014	30 December 2014	2 March 2015	4 August 2015	
		Naikhongchari-Tumbru (Road & Structure) (Part-2).	28 April 2015	20 January 2016	20 January 2016	26 April 2017	
		Lama-Rupashi Para Road (Road & Structure).	30 March 2016	26 April 2017	18 May 2016	26 April, 2017	
		Rowangchari- Bengchari Road	24 July 2016	25 October 2016			Deferred
		Baniarchar-Gajalia Road	25 May 2016	12 September	18 September	12 September	

Sl.	Name of District	Sub-project Name	Alignment Handover	LARP Submission Date	LA proposal submission Date	ADB Concurrence	Remarks
				2016	2016	2016	
		Haludia Vagyakul Tankabati Road	3 October 2017	27 November 2017		4 December 2017	
		Panbazar Chokyong(Tripura Para) Kalar Jiri Road	8 November 2017	17 December 2017			

Annexure 13: Present Status of 17 Sub-projects

Sl.	Name of the Sub-project	Length of the Alignment	Type of Road	Handover Date	LARP Submission Date	ADB Concurrence Date	Present Status
1	Betbunia Chairy Bazar– Laxmichari via Barmachari Road	6 km.	HBB	14-Nov-13	06-Aug-14	26-Aug-14	Submitted LARP completion report
2	Betbunia Chairy Bazar-Bara Aoulia-Santirhat Road	4.680 km.	BC	15 February 2016.	02-May-16	23-Jun-16	Compensation payment completed
3	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat- Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-I)	5.440 km.	HBB	22-Jul-14	03-Dec-14	11-Aug-15	Submitted LARP completion report
4	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajsthali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II)	295 M	HBB	29-Apr-15	23-Nov-15	26-Apr-17	Submitted LARP completion report
5	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-I)	4.520 km.	HBB	15-Jun-16	01-Aug-16	30-Aug-16	Submitted LARP completion report
6	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Saroatoli Road (Part-II)	9.285 km.	BC+HBB	10-Aug-17	23-Oct-17	12-Apr-18	Waiting tree valuation report to Forest Department
7	Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road	5.410 km.	BC	30-Nov-13	30-Jun-14	27-Nov-14	Submitted LARP completion report
8	Sinduckchari Union H/Q- Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road	4.750 km.	BC	30-Nov-13	30-Aug-14	01-Oct-14	Submitted LARP completion report

Sl.	Name of the Sub-project	Length of the Alignment	Type of Road	Handover Date	LARP Submission Date	ADB Concurrence Date	Present Status
9	Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road	6.373 km.	BC	25-Aug-15	29-Oct-15	04-Apr-17	Submitted LARP completion report
10	Raicha-Goaliakhola Road (Bridge & Approach)	231 M	RCC	18-Apr-15	23-Aug-15	26-Apr-17	Submitted LARP completion report
11	Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road (Bridge & Approach)	150 M	RCC	13-Nov-14	15-Jan-15	11-Aug-15	Submitted LARP completion report
12	Baniarchar-Gojalia Road (Road & structure)	8.790 km.	HBB	30-May-16	01-Sep-16	12 September, 2016	Waiting for tree, structure valuation report
13	Holudia- Vaggakul-Tankabati Road	10.320 km.	BC	03-Oct-17	27-Nov-17	04-Dec-17	Joint verification completed
14	Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road	2.210 km.	BC	08-Nov-17	17-Dec-17	04-Dec-17	Joint verification completed
15	Lama-Rupashi Para Road (Bridge & Approach)	3.320 km.	HBB	30-Mar-16	16-May-16	26-Apr-17	Preparing award book
16	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-I)	4 km.	BC	23-Sep-14	30-Dec-14	04-Aug-15	Waiting for compensation payment
17	Naikhongchari - Tumbru Road (Part-II)	8 km.	BC	28-Apr-15	20-Jan-16	26-Apr-17	Waiting for compensation payment

Annexure 14: Land Acquisition & Resettlement Plan Status

SI No	Subproject Code	Name of Subproject with length	District	Union	Village	LARP Finalization	Forwarded to ADB	ADB Concurrence	MoCHTA Approval	LA Proposal Submission Date	Affected Land (Acre)			Affected Item(s)			Affected Person(s)			Budget (BDT)		Additional Grant	Income Restoration Training	Implementing Cost	Remarks
											Customary Land	Title Land	Total	Affected Trees	Structures	Affected HHs	Male	Female	Total	Proposed Budget	Actual Budget				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
1	403143001	Raicha-Goaliakhola Road (Bridge & Approach), Length-125 m	Bandarban	1	1	23 Aug'15	25 Aug'15	27 April'17	8 June 2017	16 June'15	0	0.4426	0.4426	112	1	1	1	0	1	2,502,120.25	4,635,801.14	113,681.75		26,000.00	LARP completion Report submitted
2	403912001	Ruma Sadar-Ruma Bazar Road (Bridge & Approach), Length 150 m	Bandarban	1	2	30 Dec'15	25 Jan'15	11 Aug'15	14 Sep'15	28 Dec'15	0	0.2633	0.2633	94	1	5	4	1	5	1,887,608.76	498,940.00			50,000.00	PVAT meeting held on 19 August.18
3	403732006	Naikhongchari- Tumbru Road – Part-I (Road & Structure) , Length 4 Km	Bandarban	2	6	15 Jan'15	09-Jul-15	4 Aug'15	14 Sep'15	2 Mar'15	1.04	4.58	5.62	3,419	3	60	59	1	60	21,002,326.20	8,335,760.00			85,000.00	Waiting for compensation payment by DC office.
4	403732006	Naikhongchari- Tumbru Road – Part-II (Road & Structure) , Length-8Km	Bandarban	1	9	20 Jan'16	28 Mar'16	27 April'17	8 June 2017	20 Jan'16	5.1467	9.8595	15.0062	6,262	56	167	160	7	167	50,795,244.47	36,803,431.00			148,000.00	Waiting for compensation payment by DC office.

SI No	Subproject Code	Name of Subproject with length	District	Union	Village	L/ARP Finalization	Forwarded to ADB	ADB Concurrence	MoCHTA Approval	LA Proposal Submission Date	Affected Land (Acre)			Affected Item(s)			Affected Person(s)			Budget (BDT)		Additional Grant	Income Restoration Training	Implementing Cost	Remarks
											Customary Land	Title Land	Total	Affected Trees	Structures	Affected HHs	Male	Female	Total	Proposed Budget	Actual Budget				
5	403513001	Lama-Rupashi Para Road (Road & Structure), Length-3.320 Km	Bandarban	1	4	10 May'16	24 May'16	27 April'17	8 June 2017	18 May'16	2.45	5.79	8.24	6,228	3	32	26	7	32	25,511,983.00	14475326.4			18,000.00	Compensation budget sent to PD,PMO
6	403513010	Baniarchar-Gozalia Road (8.790 km.)	Bandarban	2	5	1 Sep'16	8 Sept'16	12 Sep'16	23 Jan'17	18 Sep'16	9.405	10.415	19.82	11,304	25	79	184	167	351	58,057,460.75				22,000.00	Award book under preparation
7	446772003	Panchari GC-Baibonchara GC via Shantipur Arunya Kutir Road (Road & structure) Length-5 km. 420 m	Khagrachari	1	7	17 Jun'14	25 Nov'14	31 Aug'14 / 9 Sep'14	9 Dec'14	18 May'14	2.6641	5.7059	8.37	2,487	20	124	116	8	124	26,495,636.60	21,170,366.16	3,074,699.00	233,350.00	67,000.00	Submitted LARP Completion Report.
8	446673003	Garitana GC-Batnatoli H/Q via Jogyachola Road (road & structure), Length-6.373 km.	Khagrachari	2	8	29 Oct'15	26 Nov'15	4 April'16	29 May'16	16 Nov'15	3.66	1.79	5.45	5,310	22	83	79	4	83	19,730,512.50	12,977,177.00	3,340,968.00		30,000.00	Draft LARP completion report submitted.

SI No	Subproject Code	Name of Subproject with length	District	Union	Village	L/ARP Finalization	Forwarded to ADB	ADB Concurrence	MoCHTA Approval	LA Proposal Submission Date	Affected Land (Acre)			Affected Item(s)			Affected Person(s)			Budget (BDT)		Additional Grant	Income Restoration Training	Implementing Cost	Remarks
											Customary Land	Title Land	Total	Affected Trees	Structures	Affected HHs	Male	Female	Total	Proposed Budget	Actual Budget				
9	446653003	Sinduckchar i Union H/Q-Dullahtali GC via Chailyatali Road (road & structure), Length-4 km. 750 m	Khagrachari	1	7	30 Aug'14	24 Sep'14	1 Octo'14	6 Nov'14	30 Se'14 / Re-22 Feb'15	1.2007	0	1.2007	544	2	23	22	1	23	1,516,716.63	4,447,274.00	71,799.00		56,500.00	Draft LARP completion report submitted.
10	484252005	Bethunia Chairy Bazar-Laxmichari Road via Barmachari Length—6 km.	Rangamati	2	6	06 Aug'14	7 August'14	18 Aug'14	19 Octo'14	13 Jan'14	13,0827	1.7184	14.8011	3408	5	46	38	8	46	17,734,108.73	15,297,821.98	529,248.00	135,900.00	76,500.00	LARP completion report submitted.
11	484362001	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajastali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-1) Length-5.440 km.	Rangamati	1	4	03 Dec'14	24 Aug'15	3 Sep'15	11 Octo'15	27 Nov'14	1.16	7.918	9.078	1,603	2	63	50	13	63	15,890,493.36	38,271,231.24	424,136.24		58,500.00	Draft LARP completion report submitted.
12	484362001	Raikhali GC Ferry Ghat-Rajastali HQ via Mitingachari Road (Part-II) Lengh-295m	Rangamati	1	1	23 Nov'15	23 Dec'15	27 April 2017	8 June 2017	22 Dec'15	0	0.3035	0.3035	73	9	13	12	1	13	10,899,666.60	6,608,973.00	468,072.00		45,500.00	Draft LARP completion report submitted.

SI No	Subproject Code	Name of Subproject with length	District	Union	Village	LARP Finalization	Forwarded to ADB	ADB Concurrence	MoCHTA Approval	LA Proposal Submission Date	Affected Land (Acre)			Affected Item(s)			Affected Person(s)			Budget (BDT)		Additional Grant	Income Restoration Training	Implementing Cost	Remarks
											Customary Land	Title Land	Total	Affected Trees	Structures	Affected HHs	Male	Female	Total	Proposed Budget	Actual Budget				
13	484253003	Betbunia Chairy Bazar- Bara Aoulia-Santir Hat Road Length-4.680 km.	Rangamati	1	4	28-29 Feb 16	18 May'16	25 June'16	17 Aug'16	18 April'16	5.0141	2.36	7.3741	0	9	58	53	5	58	23,570,363.75	41,488,143.86			69,500.00	Compesation cheques were distributed.
14	484073019	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimuk h Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-I) Length-4.520 km.	Rangamati	1	4	1 August'16	4 August'16	30 August'16	19 Sep'16	19-Sep-16	4.67	5.4154	10.0854	11,651	7	62	152	126	278	45,783,479.00	38,444,917.00	1,638,488.00		48,000.00	LARP completion report submitted.
15	484073019	Marishya Bazar (Upazila Sadar) - Mayanimukh Bazar via Babupara, Battola & Daskin Sarootoli Road (Part-II) (Babu Para BC Road – Part 2(9.285 Km)	Rangamati	2	11	23-Oct-17	05-Nov-17	12 April'18	12 June'18	24 10.2017	1.788	15.6635	17.4515	16,142	66	221	522	514	1036	123,494,900.15	239720185.21			25,500.00	Compensation budget transferred to Dc

Sl No	Subproject Code	Name of Subproject with length	District	Union	Village	LARP Finalization	Forwarded to ADB	ADB Concurrence	MoCHTA Approval	LA Proposal Submission Date	Affected Land (Acre)			Affected Item(s)			Affected Person(s)			Budget (BDT)		Additional Grant	Income Restoration Training	Implementing Cost	Remarks
											Customary Land	Title Land	Total	Affected Trees	Structures	Affected HHs	Male	Female	Total	Proposed Budget	Actual Budget				
16	484073014	Upazil Sadar Horina Bazar via Bottoli & RCC bridge on Ugalchari including 1.00 km. CC approach road	Rangamati								Land owners donated the required lands. So LARP is not required to prepare for this sub-project														
17	403143005	Holudia-Vggakul-Tankabati Road by BC 10.32 km.	Bandarban	2	5	27-Nov-17	27 Nov'17	4 Dec'17	15 Feb'18	28 Nov'17 / 19 Dec'17	0	2.0948	2.0948	15,000	9	83	165	129	294	20,557,621.38				Issued notice under section -3	
18	403043001	Pan Bazar - Chokhyng Tripura Para (Kalar Jiri) Road 2.210 km.	Bandarban	1	5	11 Dec'17	20 Dec'17	14 Jan'18	15 Feb'18	28 Nov'17 / 19 Dec'17	0.71	3.0509	3.7609	456	5	21	63	45	108	9,121,508.00				Issued notice under section-III by DC-Bandarban	
		Total		23	89						51.9913	77.3708	129.3621	84093	245	1141	1706	1037	2742	474,551,750.13	483,175,347.99	9,661,091.99	369,250.00	826,000.00	3 roads are constructed in the same unions with other three unions. So total union will be 20

Annexure 15: Team Composition and Assignment of Key-Experts and Non Key-Experts Input

Sl.	Name of staff /country/Date of Birth	Designation	2013		2014			2015			2016			2017			2018			2019		Total Months					
			1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	5th Qtr	6th Qtr	7th Qtr	8th Qtr	9th Qtr	10th Qtr	11th Qtr	12th Qtr	13th Qtr	14th Qtr	15th Qtr	16th Qtr	17th Qtr	18th Qtr	19th Qtr		20th Qtr	21st Qtr	22nd Qtr	23rd Qtr	24th Qtr
1	Ashok Kumar Chakma, Bangladeshi, 12 April 1977	TL/ RS																								4	
2	Rani Yan Yan, Bangladeshi, 21 August 1983																										16
3	Pranajit Dewan, Bangladeshi, 25/ July 1976																										
4	Kishor Kumar Tanchangya, Bangladeshi, 23 August 1979	SIS																									5
5	Ranabir Chakma, Bangladeshi, 20 March 1953																										16
6	Chanchu Chakma, Bangladeshi, 8 March 1978	IRS																									51
7	Biplob Chakma, Bangladeshi, 12 April 1977	ED																									71
8	Bimalendu Chakma, Bangladeshi, 26/6/65	PM																									23
9	Reetesh Roy, Bangladeshi, 1 January 1975																										
10	Rupayan Chakma, Bangladeshi, 2 August 1978	DPO																									55
11	Atanu Dewan, Bangladeshi, 11 February 1989	DPO																									14

Sl.	Name of staff /country/Date of Birth	Designation	2013		2014			2015				2016				2017				2018				2019		Total Months	
			1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	5th Qtr	6th Qtr	7th Qtr	8th Qtr	9th Qtr	10th Qtr	11th Qtr	12th Qtr	13th Qtr	14th Qtr	15th Qtr	16th Qtr	17th Qtr	18th Qtr	19th Qtr	20th Qtr	21st Qtr	22nd Qtr	23rd Qtr		24th Qtr
12	Reetesh Roy, Bangladeshi, 1 January 1975	DPO																									27
13	Tanak Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1 May 1973																										
14	Jinu Chakma, Bangladeshi, 14 August 1978	MDO	60	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	60									49
15	Palash Khisa, Bangladeshi, 13 July 1974																			50	90	50					
16	Jenny Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1 December 1978	FAO																									71
17	Sonarika Chakma, Bangladeshi, 12 September 1981	DFE																									49
18	Minu Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1 February 1977	DFE																									49
19	Atanu Dewan, Bangladeshi, 11 February 1989	DFE																									71
20	Papiya Chakma, Bangladeshi, 4 February 1980	DFE																									49
21	Joya Chakma, Bangladeshi, 11 October 1990																										
22	Khanos Chakma, Bangladesh, 1 February 1978	DFE																									71

Sl.	Name of staff /country/Date of Birth	Designation	2013		2014			2015				2016				2017				2018				2019		Total Months		
			1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	5th Qtr	6th Qtr	7th Qtr	8th Qtr	9th Qtr	10th Qtr	11th Qtr	12th Qtr	13th Qtr	14th Qtr	15th Qtr	16th Qtr	17th Qtr	18th Qtr	19th Qtr	20th Qtr	21st Qtr	22nd Qtr	23rd Qtr		24th Qtr	
23	Tanak Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1 May 1973	DFF																									27	
24	Victor Chakma, Bangladeshi, 23 September 1983	DFF																										44
25	Prabal Dewan, Bangladeshi, 15 February 1986	AA																										71
26	Pramesh Chakma, Bangladeshi, 25 November 1989	BD																										65
27	Gyana Priya Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1 January 1982	NSG																										65

Annexure 16: Project Work Plan

No.	Deliverables	2013		2014				2015				2016				2017				2018				2019	
		1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	5th Qtr	6th Qtr	7th Qtr	8th Qtr	9th Qtr	10th Qtr	11th Qtr	12th Qtr	13th Qtr	14th Qtr	15th Qtr	16th Qtr	17th Qtr	18th Qtr	19th Qtr	20th Qtr	21st Qtr	22nd Qtr	23rd Qtr	24th Qtr
1	Inception Phase																								
1.1	Office Setup																								
1.2	Inception Report																								
1.3	Staff Orientation on the Project (IPP, LAR/LARP)																								
2	Preparation & Planning																								
2.1	Meeting with respective project stakeholders (PMO, DPMO, LGED, PIC etc.) TL																								
2.2	Socio-economic Survey-Subproject (SIS)																								
2.3	Agricultural Land Survey(Assessment of rural livelihood)-Subproject (SIS)																								
2.4	Preparation of information kits(resettlement policies and entitlement matrix) (TL)																								
3	Relocation Phase																								
3.1	Community Consultation (TL, PM,PO,DFE)																								
3.2	Information Disclosure (kits) to the communities (TL, PM,PO,DFE)																								
3.3	Preparation of a sketch map (TL,PM,MDO)																								
3.4	Finalization of the list of Affected People (TL,PM,MDO)																								
3.5	Prepare the profiles of affected communities (SIS),PM,PO																								
3.6	Creation of Inventory of loss (land, property, structures, trees etc.)-sis																								
3.7	Identify Seriously Affected People (IRS) (SIS)																								
3.8	Assessment of MARV by LMS (TL,PM,MDO)																								
3.9	Preparation of Resettlement Plan for Subproject (RS/TL)																								
3.10	Final Notice to APS/CBEs/Others (PM,PO,DFE)																								

No.	Deliverables	2013		2014				2015				2016				2017				2018				2019	
		1st Qtr	2nd Qtr	3rd Qtr	4th Qtr	5th Qtr	6th Qtr	7th Qtr	8th Qtr	9th Qtr	10th Qtr	11th Qtr	12th Qtr	13th Qtr	14th Qtr	15th Qtr	16th Qtr	17th Qtr	18th Qtr	19th Qtr	20th Qtr	21st Qtr	22nd Qtr	23rd Qtr	24th Qtr
3.11	Assist Formation of RAC and GRC (PM,PO,DFE)																								
3.12	Completion of LA Process																								
3.13	Assist Payment of CCL by DC (PM/DPO)																								
3.14	Assist Payment of Transfer Cost (PM/DPO)																								
3.15	Relocation of AP/CBEs/Others structure																								
3.16	Project Land hand Over to the Contractor																								
4	Resettlement Activities																								
4.1	Finalization of cash payment modality under LARF																								
4.2	Verification of the list of Aps and SAPS																								
4.3	Produce all required draft of LARPs and submit it to PIC (IRS)																								
4.4	Design Appropriate income restoration measures for SAPs (IRS)																								
4.5	Assist Income restoration measures																								
4.6	Assist to Income Restoration Grant																								
4.7	Assist for Business Restoration Grant																								
4.8	Assist for Payment of MARV by HDC																								
5	Monitoring & Reporting																								
5.1	Project Coordination Meeting																								
5.2	Quarterly Meeting of PIC																								
5.3	Project Review & Planning Meeting																								
5.4	Regular Field Monitoring Visit																								
6	Reporting																								
6.1	Monthly Project Progress Report (Process, Progress & RP Completion)																								
6.2	Quarterly Project Report (Process, Progress & RP Completion)																								
6.3	Annual Narrative Project (Process, Progress & RP Completion)																								
6.4	Final Project Completion Report (Process, Progress & RP Completion)																								

Annexure 17: Expert's input (in person/month) per each Deliverables

No	Name, Nationality and DOB	Expert's input (in person/month) per each Deliverables											Total time-input (in Months)					
		Position		D-1		D-2		D-3		D-4		D-5		D-6		Home	Field	Total
KEY EXPERTS																		
National																		
K-1	Ashok Kumar Chakma, Bangladeshi, 12/4/77	Resettlement Specialist	Field	0		1.5		2		2		1		2		0	8.5	20
			Home	0		1.5		5		1		2		2		11.5	11.5	
K-2	Prof Mong Shanoo Chowdhury, Bangladeshi, 1/1/48	Social Impact Specialist	Field	0		1.5		4		2.5		1.5		0		9.5	9.5	30
			Home	0		1.5		10		4.5		2.5		2		20.5	20.5	
K-3	Dhiman Khisa, Bangladeshi, 1/6/65	Income Restoration Specialist	Field	0		1		1		7.5		3		0.5		0	13	30
			Home	0		1		1		12		1.5		1.5		17	0	
													Subtotal	58.5	63	80		
NON-KEY EXPERTS																		
N-1	Biplob Chakma, Bangladeshi, 14/10/73	Executive Director	Field	0.4		1		0.5		0.4		0.3		0.3		0	2.9	12
			Home	1.6		2		2		2		1		0.5		9.1		
N-2	Diplu Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1/6/65	Project Manager	Field	1.5		4		15		16		4		0.5		0	41	60
			Home	0.5		2		5		4		4		3.5		19	0	
N-3	Shivasish Aich, Bangladeshi, 27/2/74	District Project Officer	Field	1.5		4		16		17		4		0.7		0	43.2	60
			Home	0.5		2		4		4		3		3.3		16.8	0	
N-4	Reetesh Roy, Bangladesh, 1/1/75	District Project Officer	Field	1.5		4		16		17		4		0.7		0	43.2	60
			Home	0.5		2		4		4		3		3.3		16.8	0	
N-5	Sayon Dewan, Bangladeshi, 20/2/90	Monitoring & Documentation Officer	Field	0.5		3		13		13		5.2		0.8		0	35.5	60
			Home	1.5		3		6		7		3		4		24.5	0	
N-6	Jenny Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1/12/78	Admin & Finance Officer	Field	0		0		1.5		0.5		0		0		0	2	60
			Home	2		3		28		17		4		4		58	0	
N-7	Sonarika Chakma, Bangladeshi, 12/9/81	District Field Facilitator	Field	0.5		3.5		19		16		3.5		4		0	46.5	60
			Home	1.5		1.5		3.5		3		2.5		1.5		13.5	0	
N-8	Minu Chakma, Bangladesh, 1/2/77	District Field Facilitator	Field	0.5		3.5		19		16		3.5		4		0	46.5	60
			Home	1.5		1.5		3.5		3		2.5		1.5		13.5	0	
N-9	Atanu Dewan, Bangladeshi, 11/2/89	District Field Facilitator	Field	0.5		3.5		19		16		3.5		4		0	46.5	60
			Home	1.5		1.5		3.5		3		2.5		1.5		13.5	0	

N-10	Papiya Chakma, Bangladeshi, 4/2/80	District Field Facilitator	Field	0.5	3.5	19	16	3.5	4	0	46.5	60	
			Home	1.5	1.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	13.5	0		
N-11	Khanos Chakma, Bangladesh, 1/2/78	District Field Facilitator	Field	0.5	3.5	19	16	3.5	4	0	46.5	60	
			Home	1.5	1.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	13.5	0		
N-12	Nantu Marma, Bangladeshi, 1/4/77	District Field Facilitator	Field	0.5	3.5	19	16	3.5	4	0	46.5	60	
			Home	1.5	1.5	3.5	3	2.5	1.5	13.5	0		
N-13	Prabal Dewan, Bnagladeshi, 15/2/86	Admin Associate	Field	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	
			Home	2	5	21	20	6	6	60	60		
N-14	Pramesh Chakma, Bangladeshi, 25/11/98	Boat Driver		2.5	4	20	18.5	5.5	5.5	56	56	60	
				0.5	0.5	1	1	0.5	0.5	4	4		
N-15	Gyana Priya Chakma, Bangladeshi, 1/1/82	Night Security Guard	Field	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	
			Home	2	5	21	20	6	6	60	60		
										Subtotal	405.2	626.8	852
										Total	463.7	689.8	932

Annexure 18: Year-wise Budget Expenditure Statement

CONTRACT					Year - 1	Year - 2	Year - 3	Year - 4	Year - 5	Year - 6	Grand Total	Variance
Description	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Amount	Sept'13-Aug'14	Sept'14-Aug'15	Sept'15-Aug'16	Sept'16-Aug'17	Sept'17-Aug'18	Sept'18-June'19		
Remuneration of Key Experts (Nationals)												
Team Leader/Resettlement Specialist	Month	43,000	33.5	1,440,500	172,000	-	408,500	258,000	258,000	344,000	1,440,500	-
Income Restoration Specialist	Month	38,000	53	2,014,000	266,000	456,000	456,000	441,290	356,710	38,000	2,014,000	-
Social Impact Specialist	Month	38,000	21	798,000	190,000	114,000	171,000	95,000	152,000	76,000	798,000	-
Total Remuneration (Sub-Total A)			107.5	4,252,500	628,000	570,000	1,035,500	794,290	766,710	458,000	4,252,500	-
Remuneration of Non - Key Experts												
Executive Director	Month	12,000	76	912,000	156,000	156,000	156,000	151,355	160,645	132,000	912,000	-
Project Manager	Month	35,000	73	2,555,000	420,000	455,000	385,000	441,452	468,548	385,000	2,555,000	-
District Project Officer	Month	22,000	76	1,672,000	286,000	286,000	286,000	277,484	294,516	242,000	1,672,000	-
District Project Officer	Month	22,000	60	1,320,000	264,000	286,000	286,000	277,484	206,516	-	1,320,000	-
Monitoring & Documentation Officer	Month	20,000	56.8391	1,136,782	260,000	260,000	260,000	252,258	104,524	-	1,136,782	-
Admin & Finance Officer	Month	4,400	76	334,400	57,200	57,200	57,200	55,497	58,903	48,400	334,400	-
District Field Facilitator	Month	15,000	63.0538	945,807	179,032	195,000	195,000	181,775	195,000	-	945,807	-
District Field Facilitator	Month	15,000	64.38713	965,807	195,000	195,000	195,000	189,194	191,613	-	965,807	(0)
District Field Facilitator	Month	15,000	76	1,140,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	189,194	200,806	165,000	1,140,000	-
District Field Facilitator	Month	15,000	68.83913	1,032,587	195,000	195,000	195,000	189,194	93,393	165,000	1,032,587	(0)
District Field Facilitator	Month	15,000	76	1,140,000	195,000	195,000	195,000	189,194	200,806	165,000	1,140,000	-
District Field Facilitator	Month	15,000	74.41667	1,116,250	180,000	195,000	186,250	189,194	200,806	165,000	1,116,250	0
Admin. Associate	Month	8,000	76	608,000	104,000	104,000	104,000	100,903	107,097	88,000	608,000	-
Boat Driver	Month	8,000	69	552,000	104,000	104,000	104,000	100,903	107,097	32,000	552,000	-
Security Guard	Month	8,000	69	552,000	104,000	104,000	104,000	100,903	107,097	32,000	552,000	-
Total Remuneration (Sub-Total B)			1269.5	15,982,633	2,894,232	2,982,200	2,903,450	2,885,984	2,697,367	1,619,400	15,982,633	(0)
Reimbursable Expenses												
Perdiem Allowances												
Lodging and Perdiem												
Executive Director@ BDT 700 per day lodging & perdiem x 2 per month	Month	700		91,150	12,575	19,425	36,375	-	17,300	5,475	91,150	-
Project Manager @ BDT 700 per day lodging & perdiem x 9 per month	Month	700		280,775	23,800	32,925	50,150	71,000	77,775	24,775	280,425	350
Project Officer (2 prsn) @ BDT 450 per day lodging & perdiem x 9 per month	Month	450		455,450	42,275	96,225	122,300	96,450	82,000	16,200	455,450	-
Monitoring & Documentation Officer @ BDT 450 per day lodging & perdiem x 9 per month	Month	450		111,475	1,700	6,975	56,750	24,725	21,325	-	111,475	-
District Field Facilitator (6 prsn) @ BDT 450 per day lodging & perdiem x 12 per month	Month	450		1,711,800	114,375	350,200	449,050	360,650	351,400	86,100	1,711,775	25

CONTRACT					Year - 1	Year - 2	Year - 3	Year - 4	Year - 5	Year - 6	Grand Total	Variance
Description	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Amount	Sept'13-Aug'14	Sept'14-Aug'15	Sept'15-Aug'16	Sept'16-Aug'17	Sept'17-Aug'18	Sept'18-June'19		
Boat Driver @ BDT 450 per day lodging & per diem x 16 per month	Month	450		85,200	800	11,400	31,075	25,700	14,050	2,175	85,200	-
Travelling					-						-	-
Excutive Director @ BDT 4000 per month	Month	4,000		203,550	2,600	79,250	57,700	-	48,000	16,000	203,550	-
Project Manager @ BDT 3000 per month	Month	3,000		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Project Officer (2 prsn) @ BDT 2500 per month	Month	2,500		1,660	120	-	1,540	-	-	-	1,660	-
Monitoring & Documentation Officer @ BDT 2500 per month	Month	2,500		53,667	1,290	1,600	25,867	12,540	12,370	-	53,667	-
Admin & Finance Officer @ BDT 1000 per month	Month	1,000		8,450	-	190	-	110	3,950	4,200	8,450	-
District Field Facilitator (6 prsn) BDT 1500 per month	Month	1,500		515,102	56,875	110,725	129,752	104,340	92,330	18,100	512,122	2,980
					-						-	-
Communication Cost					-						-	-
Telephone, Fax, Courier, email	Month	3,000		118,250	16,070	14,100	14,990	17,580	33,488	22,022	118,250	-
Internet Modem	No	3,500		4,847	1,599	-	3,248	-	-	-	4,847	-
Project Review/Planning/Coordination meeting/Community Consultation	Course	4,500		29,340	4,621	2,036	10,412	9,151	3,120	-	29,340	-
Reproduction of Reports												
Photocopy, Spiral Binding, Leminating etc.	Month	4,000		104,841	14,313	12,653	23,697	15,419	23,879	14,880	104,841	-
Toner for printer	Month	5,000		115,850	5,300	22,850	28,700	20,300	24,700	14,000	115,850	-
Stationeries and Supplies	Month	12,000		155,723	46,673	21,180	25,779	10,758	35,633	15,700	155,723	-
Office Rent												
Office rent for Head Office	Month	8,000		596,000	96,000	96,000	88,000	96,000	120,000	100,000	596,000	-
Field Office Rent (Khagrachari Field Office)	Month	3,500		471,000	84,000	84,000	80,500	87,500	108,000	27,000	471,000	-
Utilities	Month	500		138,000	24,000	24,000	22,000	24,000	24,000	20,000	138,000	-
Sub - Total: Reimbursable Expenses				5,252,130	548,986	985,734	1,257,885	976,223	1,093,320	386,627	5,248,775	3,355
Provisional Sums												
Engine Boat	No	120,000	1	120,000	120,000	-	-	-			120,000	-
Motor Bike including registration	No	165,000	3	494,925	494,925	-	-	-			494,925	-
Laptop	No	60,000	3	180,000	180,000	-	-	-			180,000	-
Desktop Computer	No	45,000	3	135,000	135,000	-	-	-			135,000	-
Digital Camera	No	40,000	1	39,500	39,500	-	-	-			39,500	-
Video Camera	No	100,000	1	100,000	100,000	-	-	-			100,000	-
Furniture and Fixture	Set	150,000	1	145,659	73,659	24,000	23,000	25,000			145,659	-
Lajer printer	No	15,000	2	30,000	30,000	-	-	-			30,000	-
Fuel for Engine Boat and Bike	Month	10,000		475,539	51,273	72,927	97,326	122,266	102,042	28,005	473,839	1,700
Maintenance of Engine Boat and Bike	Month	5,000		324,817	24,910	14,500	101,367	103,691	65,819	13,430	323,717	1,100
Sub - Total Provisional Sums				2,045,440	1,249,267	111,427	221,693	250,957	167,861	41,435	2,042,640	2,800

CONTRACT					Year - 1	Year - 2	Year - 3	Year - 4	Year - 5	Year - 6	Grand Total	Variance
Description	Unit	Rate	Quantity	Amount	Sept'13- Aug'14	Sept'14- Aug'15	Sept'15- Aug'16	Sept'16- Aug'17	Sept'17- Aug'18	Sept'18- June'19		
Contingency				1,922,967	58,906	56,836	531,878	574,107	333,200	242,250	1,797,177	125,790
Display Board					-	-	11,000	-	-	-	11,000	
Bank Interest/Charge					806	886	1,948	2,157	-	-	5,797	
Hard Disk purchase					-	24,450	4,000	-	5,000	-	33,450	
Office shifting cost					-	-	1,200	-	-	-	1,200	
Scanner purchase					6,500	-	-	-	-	-	6,500	
Festoon/Banner								-	5,600	-	5,600	
PC maintenance & Antivirous purchase cost					2,100	1,000	13,720	-	19,250	1,200	37,270	
Speed Boat / Engine Boat Hire cost					-	-	-	32,700	20,000	-	52,700	
Micro hire cost					49,500	30,500	500,010	539,250	283,350	241,050	1,643,660	
Total Base Cost (A+B+C+D+E):				29,455,670	5,379,391	4,706,197	5,950,406	5,481,561	5,058,458	2,747,712	29,323,725	131,945

Annexure 19: Breakdown and Summary of the Budget and Expenditure of INGO

Key Experts:

Sl.	Description	Quantity	Month	Remuneration Rate (Monthly)	Total Remuneration	Paid Remuneration	Variation	
1	Team Leader (Resettlement Specialist)	1	20	43,000	860,000	86,0000	0	
2	Income Restoration Specialist	1	43	38000	1,634,000	1,620,066.67	13933.33	
3	Social Impact Specialist	1	17	38000	646000	608000	38000	
Sub- Total:		3	80	119000	3140000	3088066.67	51933.33	
Non- Key Experts:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity	Month	Remuneration Rate (Monthly)	Total Remuneration	Paid Remuneration	Variation	
1	Executive Director	1	52	12,000	624,000	619600	4400	
2	Project Manager	1	52	35,000	1820000	1702166.66	117833.34	
3	Project Officer (Bandarban)	1	52	22000	1144000	1113933.33	30066.67	
4	Project Officer (Khagrachari)	1	52	22000	1144000	1135933.33	8066.67	
5	Monitoring and Documentation Officer	1	52	20000	1040000	1032666.67	7333.33	
6	Admin and Finance officer	1	52	4400	228800	227186.67	1613.33	
7	District Field Facilitator- Sonarika Chakma	1	52	15000	780000	751113	28887	
8	District Field Facilitator- Minu Chakma	1	52	15000	780000	774500	5500	
9	District Field Facilitator- Atanu Dewan	1	52	15000	780000	774500	5500	
10	District Field Facilitator- Papiya Chakma	1	52	15000	780000	774500	5500	
11	District Field Facilitator- Khanos Chakma	1	52	15000	780000	774500	5550	
12	District Field Facilitator- Victor Chakma	1	52	15000	780000	750750	29250	
13	Admin Associate	1	52	8000	416000	413066.66	2933.34	
14	Boat Driver	1	52	8000	416000	413066.66	2933.34	

15	Security Night Guard	1	52	8000	416000	413066.66	2933.34	
Sub- Total:		15	780		11928800	11670549.64	258300.36	
Lodging and Perdiem:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity	Month	Unit	Unit Rate	Total	Paid amount	Variance
1	Executive Director	1	48	2	700	67200	68375	-1175
2	Project Manager	1	48	9	700	302400	178675	123725
3	Project Officer (2 persons)	2	48	9	450	388800	355283	33517
4	Monitoring and Documentation Officer	1	48	9	450	194400	90150	104250
5	District Field Facilitator	6	48	12	450	1555200	1270225	284975
6	Boat Driver	1	48	16	450	345600	70800	274800
Sub- Total:		12	288	57	3200	2853600	2033508	820092
Traveling:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity	Month	Unit	Unit Rate	Total	Paid amount	Variance
1	Executive Director	1	48	-	4000	192000	139550	52450
2	Project Manager	1	48	-	3000	144000	-	-
3	Project Officer (2 persons)	2	48	-	2500	240000	1660	238340
4	Monitoring and Documentation Officer	1	48	-	2500	120000	41297	78703
5	District Field Facilitator	6	48	-	1500	432000	400042	31958
6	Admin and Finance officer	1		-	1000	48000	300	47700
Sub- Total:		12	240		14500	1176000	582849	449151
Communication Cost:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity		Unit	Unit Rate	Total Amount	Expended amount	Variance
1	Telephone, Fax, Courier, E-mail	1		Month	3000	144000	63240	80760
2	Internet Modem	3		-	3500	10500	4379	6121
3	Project review, Coordination meeting and Community consultation	1		Course	4500	216000	26688	189312
Sub- Total:		5			11000	370500	94307	276193

Reproduction of Reports:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity	Unit		Unit Rate	Total Amount	Expended amount	Variance
1	Photocopy, spiral binding, Laminating etc.	1	Month		4000	192000	67952	124048
2	Toner for printer	1	Month		5000	240000	83050	156950
3	Stationeries and supplies	1	Month		12,000	576000	113275	462725
Sub- Total:		3			21000	1008000	264277	743723
Office Rent:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity	Unit		Unit Rate	Total Amount	Expended amount	Variance
1	Office rent for Head office	48	Month		8000	384000	376000	8000
2	Field office rent	96	Month		3500	336000	336000	0
3	Utilities	144	Month		1500	216000	93000	123000
Sub- Total:		288			13000	936000	805000	131000
Provisional Sums:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity	Unit		Unit Rate	Total Amount	Expended amount	Variance
1	Engine Boat	1	No.	-	120000	120000	120000	0
2	Motor Bike including registration	3	No.	-	165000	495000	494925	75
3	Laptop	3	No.	-	60000	180000	180000	0
4	Desktop Computer	3	No.	-	45000	135000	135000	0
5	Digital Camera	1	No.	-	40000	40000	39500	500
6	Video Camera	1	No.	-	100000	100000	100000	0
7	Furniture and Fixture	1	Set	-	150000	150000	141659	8341
8	Lager Printer	2	No.		15000	30000	30000	0
9	Fuel for engine boat and bike	1	Month		10000	600000	354122	245878
10	Maintenance of engine boat and bike	1	Month		5000	300000	250978	49022
Sub- Total:		17			710000	2150000	1846184	303816
Contingency:								
Sl.	Description	Quantity	Unit		Unit Rate	Total Amount	Expended amount	Variance

1	Display Board	-	-	-	-	-	11000	
2	Bank interest charge	-	-	-	-	-	5807	
3	Hard Disk Purchase	-	-	-	-	-	28450	
4	Office shifting cost	-	-	-	-	-	1200	
5	Scanner purchase	-	-	-	-	-	6500	
6	PC maintenance and Anti virus	-	-	-	-	-	16820	
7	Speed boat and engine boat hire cost	-	-	-	-	-	32700	
8	Micro hire cost	-	-	-	-	-	1046560	
Sub- Total:						1442555	1149037	293518
Grand Total:						25005455	21533778.31	3471676.69

-----THE END-----